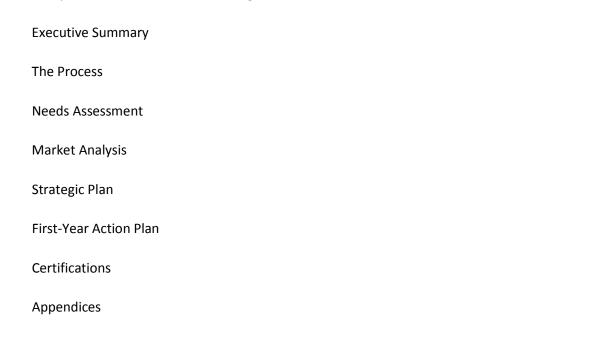
Executive Summary

ES-05 Executive Summary - 24 CFR 91.200(c), 91.220(b)

1. Introduction

The overall goal of the community planning and development programs covered by the Consolidated Plan is to develop viable urban communities by providing decent housing and a suitable living environment and expanding economic opportunities principally for low- and moderate-income persons. The primary means towards this end is to extend and strengthen partnerships among all levels of government and the private sector including for-profit and non-profit organizations, in the production and operation of affordable housing by providing *decent housing*, *a suitable living environment*, and *expanded economic opportunities*. In addition, the Consolidated Plan discusses how the County will address the goal of ending chronic homelessness.

The County's five-year Consolidated Plan covers the period from September 1, 2015 to August 31, 2020. The plan follows the template prescribed by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD. The plan is divided into the following sections:



2. Summary of the objectives and outcomes identified in the Plan Needs Assessment Overview

The information provided in the Needs Assessment was analyzed to provide a picture of the County's needs related to affordable housing, special needs housing, community development, and homelessness. The needs assessment information, in conjunction with information gathered through consultations, the public participation process and needs identified in the County's previous Consolidated Plans formed the basis for the Strategic Plan and the programs and projects to be administered in the Annual Action Plan.

Fort Bend County, Texas is one of the fastest growing and most diverse counties within the United States. According to the 2011 American Community Survey (ACS), the County's service area population grew 83 percent to 384,793 persons from 2000 to 2011. This population includes 119,046 households and an estimated 30,276 households had incomes below 80 percent of HUD Annual Median Family Income (HAMFI). This is 25.43 percent of the total number of households.

There is great need for affordable housing for persons and households with incomes below eighty (80) percent of HAMFI. Effective June 1, 2015, the 80% percent income category maximum was \$55,450 for a four person households. The income category maximums vary according to household size. Small households had the largest total number of low and moderate income households, 13,515. Fifty (50) percent of households with at least one person aged 75 years or older had incomes below eighty (80) percent of HAMFI although there were only 3,238 total households in this category.

The majority of housing in the County is single-family, owner-occupied housing. There is a need for rental housing and a great need for safe, decent, affordable rental housing for single persons, families and seniors.

There is a great need for special needs housing. Special needs housing is housing for non-homeless persons with special needs including the elderly, the frail elderly, persons with disabilities, persons with alcohol/drug addictions, and persons with AIDs. According to the 2013 American Community Survey there were 42,819 persons with a disability in the County. Almost half of these persons were in the workforce and almost nine percent were in the workforce and over the age of 65 years old.

The greatest homeless needs included shelter, services and permanent supportive housing especially for special needs persons and the chronically homeless. The need for safe, decent, affordable housing is exacerbated by the fact that Fort Bend County does not have a public housing authority to provide assistance to individuals and families.

The greatest community development infrastructure needs included water and sewer improvements. The greatest community development public service needs were for services for special needs populations and transportation.

3. Evaluation of past performance

Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER)

The Consolidated Plan also reports with one performance report, the Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER). The CAPER measures the County's performance under the Consolidated Plan goals and objectives. Fort Bend County's CAPER is due to HUD ninety days after the end of the jurisdiction's fiscal year. Fort Bend County's fiscal year ends on August 31st. The CAPER is due to HUD on November 30 of every year.

4. Summary of citizen participation process and consultation process

A series of three public meetings and a public hearing were held during the development of the Consolidated Plan.

The Fort Bend County FY 2015 Consolidated Plan Draft was available for public review and comment from Friday, May 29, 2015 to Monday, June 29, 2015. The public was encouraged to review this document and submit comments. The Consolidated Plan Executive Summary can be reviewed on the Fort Bend County Community Development Department website: http://www.fortbendcountytx.gov/ In addition, complete copies of the Consolidated Plan were available from the Fort Bend Community Development Department, 301 Jackson St., Suite 602, Richmond, Texas, 77469, upon request.

A public meeting was be held on Wednesday, June 10, 2015, 10:00 a.m., at the William B. Travis Building, 301 Jackson St., 1st Floor Meeting Room, Richmond, Texas to receive comments from the public regarding the draft FY 2015 Consolidated Plan. The public was encouraged to attend and to submit comments to Marilynn Kindell, Community Development Director, at the Fort Bend County Community Development Department, 301 Jackson St., Suite 602, Richmond, Texas, 77469. Any comments were incorporated into the draft Consolidated Plan document, as appropriate.

5. Summary of public comments

No public comments were received during the thirty day comment period. Comment received during the development of the plan are included the public participation sections of the report.

6. Summary of comments or views not accepted and the reasons for not accepting them

No public comments were received during the thirty day comment period. Comment received during the development of the plan are included the public participation sections of the report.

7. Summary

Fort Bend County's FY 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan used information gathered through consultations, the public participation process and needs identified in the County's previous Consolidated Plans to develop the Strategic Plan, to establish objectives and goals, and to prioritize the programs and projects to be administered in the Annual Action Plan.

The Process

PR-05 Lead & Responsible Agencies 24 CFR 91.200(b)

1. Describe agency/entity responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source

The following are the agencies/entities responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source.

Agency Role		Name		Department/Agency
CDBG Administrator	FOR	T BEND COUNTY	Fort Bend	County Community Development
			Departme	nt
HOME Administrator	FOR	T BEND COUNTY	Fort Bend	County Community Development
			Departme	nt
ESG Administrator	FOR	T BEND COUNTY	Fort Bend	County Community Development
			Departme	nt

Table 1 - Responsible Agencies

Narrative

The Fort Bend County Community Development Department will be the lead agency in the Consolidated Planning Process required by HUD. The staff of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department manages the Consolidated Plan development process and develops the actual Consolidated Plan, Consolidated Annual Plan, and Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) documents.

The service area for the Fort Bend County FYs 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan includes the unincorporated area of the County and all the incorporated areas of the County that have entered into interlocal agreements with the County. The incorporated areas include Arcola, Beasley, Fairchilds, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford and Thompsons. The service area does not include Katy, Houston, Missouri City, Pearland or Sugar Land. In 2008, the community of Weston Lakes incorporated.

Consolidated Plan Public Contact Information

Marilynn Kindell, Director

Fort Bend County Community Development Department 301 Jackson St., Suite 602 Richmond, Texas 77469

(281) 341-4410

PR-10 Consultation - 91.100, 91.200(b), 91.215(I)

1. Introduction

During the preparations of the FYs 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan development process the County met with individuals, organizations, representatives of non-profit organizations, County departments, local governments, representatives of local public agencies, private organizations and persons having knowledge of local housing issues.

A needs assessment survey was conducted of interested individuals, non-profits, and local governments regarding the needs of the County during the development of the FYs 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan. These survey results along with public input and the HUD data were used to update the Consolidated Plan. Overall, the County's long-term priority needs did not change significantly from the FYs 2010-2015 plan.

As part of the process, the Fort Bend County Community Development Department staff, held three public meetings, one public hearing, and conducted a needs assessment survey. In addition, information including meeting notices and surveys were posted on the County's website and in a newspaper of general circulation.

A public meeting was held at 10:00 a.m. on Thursday, February 17, 2015, at the Fort Bend County Travis Building, 301 Jackson Street, First Floor Meeting Room, Richmond, Texas to inform the public of anticipated funding levels and to measure community needs. The County's FY 2015 RFPs were issued on Friday, February 13, 2015. An information session or proposer's conference was held on March 4, 2015 to discuss the County's FY 2015 Request for Proposals (RFPs) and to answer questions from interested organizations and local governments. A meeting to inform the public of anticipated funding levels, to measure community needs, and to answer questions from interested organizations and local governments regarding the RFPs was held on Wednesday, March 11, 2015.

On March 11, 2015, a notice of a public hearing was published in a newspaper of local circulation. A public hearing to receive comments regarding the housing and community development needs of low-and moderate-income persons in Fort Bend County, in preparation for the FY 2015 Consolidated Plan was held at Fort Bend County Commissioners Court, 2nd Floor, Fort Bend County Courthouse, 401 Jackson St., Richmond, Texas. No public comments were received.

The deadline for submission of FY 2015 CDBG, HOME, and ESG proposals was Friday, March 20, 2015 at 3 p.m. The County received seventeen (17) CDBG proposals, requesting over \$4,525,346 in funding. The County also received three (3) ESG Program proposals, requesting over \$164,000 in funding along with the previous request for ESG Program funds from the Coalition for the Homeless for Rapid ReHousing Coordinated Access. The County did not receive any HOME Program proposals. The projects recommended for FY 2015 funding are listed in the Annual Action Plan section of this report.

During the thirty-day public review period from May 29, 2015 to June 29, 2020, draft copies of Fort Bend County's Consolidated Plan were available for review at the offices of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department and upon request. A fourth public meeting was held at 10:00 a.m. on Wednesday, June 10, 2015 at the Fort Bend County Travis Building, 301 Jackson Street, First Floor Meeting Room, Richmond, Texas. A summary of comments received during the development of the Consolidated Plan and public thirty day comment period are included in Appendix A. Summary of Citizen Comments.

Provide a concise summary of the jurisdiction's activities to enhance coordination between public and assisted housing providers and private and governmental health, mental health and service agencies (91.215(I)).

The Fort Bend County Community Development Department has existing relationships with most of the social service and housing providers located within the County. The department maintains mailing lists of individuals, local governments and districts, and nonprofit organizations interested in the CDBG, HOME and ESG Programs. The mailing list is sent notices regarding the availability of program funds, requests for proposals (RFPs), public meetings, and trainings and workshops of interest.

As part of the Consolidated Plan process, the Fort Bend County Community Development Department staff, held four public meetings, one public hearing, and conducted a needs assessment survey. In addition, information including meeting notices and surveys were posted on the County's website and in a newspaper of general circulation. The County also attended monthly meetings of local social service providers to distribute information and surveys during the development of the Consolidated Plan draft.

The Community Development Department Director also is an ex-officio member of the Fort Bend County Housing Finance Corporation Board of Directors and a member of the Steering Committee for the Coalition for the Homeless. Fort Bend County does not have a public housing authority. The City of Rosenberg has a public housing authority, however, it does have any public housing.

Describe coordination with the Continuum of Care and efforts to address the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans, and unaccompanied youth) and persons at risk of homelessness

Marilynn Kindell, the Community Development Department Director, is a member of the Steering Committee for the Coalition for the Homeless. The Coalition for the Homeless administers the Continuum of Care. The County has a representative on the workgroup planning and implementing Coordinated Access for Rapid Rehousing. The CoC's The Way Home Coordinated Access is a centralized or collaborative process designed to coordinate program participant intake, assessments, and referrals to housing. It uses a common screening tool that collects a participant's homeless, disability, criminal background histories to determine the best housing intervention PSH or RRH for that participant. It is the only way to access PSH or RRH in the CoC. PSH has been prioritized for participants that are chronically homeless. RRH is for participants residing in emergency shelters or places not meant for

human habitation. The County will continue to fund Homeless Prevention with ESG Program funds until coordinated access includes homeless prevention assistance. In addition, the County will continue to directly fund Rapid ReHousing assistance to Domestic Violence providers until the Coordinated Access system has adapted confidentiality safeguards required before assistance can be provided to victims of domestic violence.

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the jurisdiction's area in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards and evaluate outcomes, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the administration of HMIS

Fort Bend County has a representative on the workgroup planning and implementing Coordinated Access for Rapid Rehousing. This CoC workgroup developed performance standards and outcome measures for Rapid ReHousing and Homeless Prevention assistance. Fort Bend County issues an ESG RFP annually, as part of the Consolidated Plan process. The CoC performance standards and outcomes were incorporated into the County's FY 2014 and FY 2015 ESG RFPs. The subrecipients awarded ESG Program funds were required to follow these standards and performance outcomes.

The County has agreed to align the County's FY 2015 ESG Program funds for Rapid ReHousing assistance through the CoC's coordinated access process. The FY 2015 ESG Program funds will be the first ESG funds allocated to this process.

2. Describe Agencies, groups, organizations and others who participated in the process and describe the jurisdictions consultations with housing, social service agencies and other entities

Table 2 – Agencies, groups, organizations who participated

1	Agency/Group/Organization	Housing Authority of the City of Rosenberg
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	PHA
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Public Housing Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The Housing Authority coordinates the PHA Plan with the County's Consolidated Plan. The Housing Authority also requires a certification of consistency with the Consolidated. The County reviews the PHA Plan as part of the certification process. The executive director of the Rosenberg PHA completed a needs assessment survey.
2	Agency/Group/Organization	Brazos Bend Guardianship
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Elderly Persons Services-Persons with Disabilities Services-Health Services - Victims
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Brazos Bend Guardianship has an existing relationship with the County. They are on the mailing list, they attended public meetings and submitted a needs assessment survey. They provide information and advocate for their clients.
3	Agency/Group/Organization	The Arc of Fort Bend County
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Persons with Disabilities
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The ARC has an existing relationship with the County. The ARC of Fort Bend County is on the mailing list, they attended a public meeting, and completed a needs assessment survey. They provided information and advocated for their clients.
4	Agency/Group/Organization	Blessed Be Hope For Three, Inc.
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Children Services-Persons with Disabilities Services-Health

	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Blessed Be Hope has an existing relationship with the County. Blessed Be Hope is on the mailing list, attended a public meeting, and completed a needs assessment survey. Blessed Be Hope provided information and advocated for their clients.
5	Agency/Group/Organization	CATHOLIC CHARITIES OF THE ARCHDIOCESE OF GALVESTON-HOUSTON
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Elderly Persons Civic Leaders
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Catholic Charities is on the mailing list, they attend a public meeting and submitted a needs assessment survey. Catholic Charities operates the Mamie George Community Center in north Richmond. They requested information regarding the eligibility of a proposed CDBG project.
6	Agency/Group/Organization	Child Advocates of Fort Bend
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Children Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Child Welfare Agency
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Child Advocates has an existing relationship with the County. Child Advocates is on the mailing list, they attended a public meeting, and completed a needs assessment survey. They provided information and advocated for their clients.
7	Agency/Group/Organization	City of Arcola
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Other government - Local Civic Leaders
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Market Analysis public water system

OMB Control No: 2506-0117 (exp. 07/31/2015)

	How was the	The City has an existing relationship with County to
	Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	provide a public water system for the City. The City is on the mailing list, they attended a public meeting and completed a needs assessment survey. Currently, the County is working on a multi-phase, multi-year and multi-jurisdictional project to construct a public water system.
8	Agency/Group/Organization	CITY OF HOUSTON
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Persons with HIV/AIDS Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Services-homeless Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Other government - Local CoC ESG Coordinated Access
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Homelessness Strategy Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Non-Homeless Special Needs CoC ESG Coordinated Access
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	City of Houston, Harris County, Fort Bend County, and the City of Pasadena participate in CoC's Coordinate Access process for ESG grantees. The jurisdiction's meet monthly to discuss issues regarding Coordinated Access.
9	Agency/Group/Organization	KENDLETON
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Other government - Local Civic Leaders
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Market Analysis
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	City of Kendleton is on the mailing list, a representative attended a public meeting to discuss possible projects and they completed the needs assessment survey. The provided information and advocated for their community.

10	Agency/Group/Organization	City of Richmond
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services - Housing Service-Fair Housing Other government - Local Civic Leaders Business and Civic Leaders Planning
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Economic Development Market Analysis
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The City of Richmond has an existing relationship with the County. The City of Richmond is on the mailing list, they attended a public meetings and completed a needs assessment survey. Currently, the City of Richmond undertaking a Historic District Plan. They are coordinating this plan with the County since many of the County offices are located within the historic district. The City provided information regarding the needs of its residents and advocated for them. The City of Richmond also wants to develop a CHDO to provide affordable housing within the City.
11	Agency/Group/Organization	COALITION FOR THE HOMELESS OF HOUSTON/HARRIS COUNTY
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing Services - Housing Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing CoC
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Strategy Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Non-Homeless Special Needs

	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The Coalition For the Homeless administers the Continuum of Care that includes Fort Bend County. The County is participating in the development and implementation of the Coordinated Access system. A representative of the County meets monthly as part of the ESG and Rapid Re-Housing Expansion Workgroup. The County is using the Coordinated Access Guidelines, Performance Standards and Outcomes for the administration of the Fort Bend County ESG Program funds.
12	Agency/Group/Organization	FORT BEND COMMUNITY REVITALIZATION PROJECTS (FB CORPS)
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing Services - Housing Services-Persons with Disabilities Services-Health Service-Fair Housing
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The Fort Bend CORPs has an existing relationship with the County. They are on the mailing list, they attend a public meeting, completed a needs assessment survey and provided information for some sections of the Consolidated Plan and advocated for their clients.
13	Agency/Group/Organization	Fort Bend Seniors
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Elderly Persons Civic Leaders
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Fort Bend Seniors has an existing relationship with the County. The FB Seniors are on the mailing lists, attended a public meeting, and completed a needs assessment survey. The FB Seniors provide information and advocate for their clients.

14	Agency/Group/Organization	Fort Bend County Women's Center, Inc.
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing Services - Housing Services-Children Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Services-homeless Services-Health Services-Education Service-Fair Housing Services - Victims Civic Leaders
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Strategy Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Market Analysis
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The Fort Bend County Women's Center has an existing relationship with the County. They are on the mailing list, attended a public meeting, and completed a needs assessment survey. The FBCWC operates a Shelter Plus Care Program through the County. The FBCWC provides information and advocated for its clients.
15	Agency/Group/Organization	LITERACY VOLUNTEERS OF FORT BEND COUNTY
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Education Services-Employment
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The Literacy Volunteers of Fort Bend County has an existing relationship with the County. The Literacy Volunteers use County libraries to provides services to their clients. The Literacy Volunteers provided information and advocated for their clients.
16	Agency/Group/Organization	The Mayberry Foundation
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Children Services-Health pregnant teenagers

	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth
		Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The Mayberry Foundation is on the mailing list, attended a public meeting and completed a needs assessment survey. The Foundation advocated for its proposed clients.
17	Agency/Group/Organization	Mission Bend South Community Improvement Association
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Civic Leaders Neighborhood Organization
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Market Analysis
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The Mission Bend South Community Improvement Association is on the mailing list, attended public meetings, and completed a needs survey. This organization provided information and advocated for its residents.
18	Agency/Group/Organization	MISSOURI CITY
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Services-homeless Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing CoC
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Strategy Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Non-Homeless Special Needs

	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The City of Missouri City is located within Fort Bend County and a HUD CDBG grantee. Missouri City is not an ESG grantee. The County is working with the CoC to provide Coordinated Access that will provide assistance to homeless and individuals at risk of homelessness in the Missouri City. The County has consulted Missouri City regarding this issue and plans to continue to consult and coordinate with the City.
19	Agency/Group/Organization	Nuevo Pueblo Housing CDC, Inc.
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing Services - Housing Service-Fair Housing
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Economic Development Market Analysis
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Nuevo Pueblo Housing CDC is on the mailing list, attended a public meeting and submitted a needs assessment survey. The CDC is interested in building affordable housing in the City of Richmond. The Community Development Department met with a representative of the CDC and the City of Richmond regarding available program funding. The County anticipates an application for HOME Program funds in the future.
20	Agency/Group/Organization	Parks Youth Ranch, Inc.
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing Services - Housing Services-Children Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Services-homeless Services-Education
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Strategy Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Non-Homeless Special Needs

21	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type	The Parks Youth Ranch (PYR) has an existing relationship with the County. The PYR is on the mailing list, attended a public meeting and completed a needs assessment survey. The PYR provided information and advocated for its clients. THE SALVATION ARMY Housing Services - Housing Services-homeless Service-Fair Housing
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Strategy Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The Salvation Army has an existing relationship with the County and is on the mailing list. The Salvation Army attended a public meeting and submitted a needs assessment survey. The Salvation Army is participating in the Coordinated Access System being developed and implemented by the CoC. They provided information and advocated for their clients.
22	Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type	Second Mile Mission Center Housing Services - Housing Services-homeless Services-Health Services-Education
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Strategy Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Non-Homeless Special Needs

23	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type	The Second Mile Mission Center is on the mailing list and completed a needs assessment survey. They advocated for their clients. PASADENA Housing Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Services-homeless CoC
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Strategy Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The City of Pasadena participates in the CoC ESG Rapid ReHousing Workgroup. This group meets monthly to consult and coordinate the development and implementation of the Coordinated Access system.
24	Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type	SER-Jobs For Progress of the Texas Gulf Coast Services-Employment
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Non-Homeless Special Needs Economic Development
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	SER-Jobs For Progress is on the mailing list. They completed a needs assessment survey.

25	Agency/Group/Organization	United Way of Greater Houston	
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Children Services-Elderly Persons Services-Persons with Disabilities Services-Persons with HIV/AIDS Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Services-homeless Services-Health Services-Education Services-Employment Services - Victims Regional organization	
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Strategy Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis	
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The United Way of Greater Houston, Fort Bend County Service Center has an existing relationship with the County. The United Way sponsors Fort Bend CONNECT. This is a community-networking group which includes members from a wide variety of organizations who strive to address multiple health and human service needs in Fort Bend County. Several County employees hold leadership positions with this group. The Community Development Department announced the Consolidated Plan process including public meetings and the availability of the needs assessment at their monthly meetings. The County was able to provide outreach to more individuals and organizations through this group.	
26	Agency/Group/Organization	Fort Bend YMCA	
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Children Services-homeless Civic Leaders	

	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Non-Homeless Special Needs The YMCA has several locations within Fort Bend County. The YMCA completed the needs assessment survey. The YMCA advocated for children's programs and for homeless programs and shelters.
27	Agency/Group/Organization	HARRIS COUNTY
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Persons with HIV/AIDS Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Services-homeless Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Other government - County CoC
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Strategy Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Harris County participates in the CoC ESG Rapid ReHousing Workgroup. This group meets monthly to consult and coordinate the development and implementation of the Coordinated Access system.
28	Agency/Group/Organization	Houston-Galveston Area Council
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Regional organization Planning organization
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Economic Development Market Analysis Fair Housing

	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Houston Galveston Area Council (H-GAC) provides planning services and administers the Disaster Recovery Programs within Fort Bend County. FBC Community Development Department staff contacted H-GAC regarding the availability of housing and services for Fort Bend County residents.
29	Agency/Group/Organization	Rosenberg-Richmond Helping Hands, Inc.
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing Services-homeless Food
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homelessness Strategy Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Non-Homeless Special Needs
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Rosenberg-Richmond Helping Hands, Inc. completed a needs assessment survey. They also asked to be placed on the CDBG and ESG mailing lists.
30	Agency/Group/Organization	City of Rosenberg
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Other government - Local Civic Leaders
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Public Housing Needs Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis
	How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	The County has an existing relationship with the City of Rosenberg. The City is on the mailing list, they attended a public meeting and submitted a needs assessment survey. The provided information and advocated for their residents.

31	Agency/Group/Organization	Fort Bend County Social Services Department		
21				
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing		
		Services - Housing		
		Services-Children		
		Services-Elderly Persons		
		Services-Persons with Disabilities		
		Services-homeless		
		Services-Education		
		Services-Employment		
		Service-Fair Housing		
		Services - Victims		
		Grantee Department		
	What section of the Plan was addressed	Housing Need Assessment		
	by Consultation?	Homelessness Strategy		
		Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless		
		Homeless Needs - Families with children		
		Homelessness Needs - Veterans		
		Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth		
		Non-Homeless Special Needs		
	How was the	The Fort Bend County Social Services Department administers an ESG Rapid ReHousing and Homeless		
	Agency/Group/Organization consulted			
	and what are the anticipated outcomes	Prevention Program. The attended a public meeting		
l i				
	of the consultation or areas for improved	and completed a needs assessment survey. The were		
	of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	and completed a needs assessment survey. The were consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system.		
32	-			
32	coordination?	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system.		
32	coordination? Agency/Group/Organization	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system. Fort Bend County Health Department		
32	coordination? Agency/Group/Organization	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system. Fort Bend County Health Department Services-Health		
32	coordination? Agency/Group/Organization	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system. Fort Bend County Health Department Services-Health Health Agency		
32	coordination? Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system. Fort Bend County Health Department Services-Health Health Agency Grantee Department		
32	coordination? Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type What section of the Plan was addressed	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system. Fort Bend County Health Department Services-Health Health Agency Grantee Department Housing Need Assessment		
32	coordination? Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system. Fort Bend County Health Department Services-Health Health Agency Grantee Department Housing Need Assessment Lead-based Paint Strategy		
32	coordination? Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? How was the	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system. Fort Bend County Health Department Services-Health Health Agency Grantee Department Housing Need Assessment Lead-based Paint Strategy The Fort Bend County Health Department provides		
32	coordination? Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system. Fort Bend County Health Department Services-Health Health Agency Grantee Department Housing Need Assessment Lead-based Paint Strategy The Fort Bend County Health Department provides information and data on local issues. They were		
32	coordination? Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system. Fort Bend County Health Department Services-Health Health Agency Grantee Department Housing Need Assessment Lead-based Paint Strategy The Fort Bend County Health Department provides information and data on local issues. They were contacted regarding the availability of data for the		
32	coordination? Agency/Group/Organization Agency/Group/Organization Type What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved	consulted regarding the Coordinated Access system. Fort Bend County Health Department Services-Health Health Agency Grantee Department Housing Need Assessment Lead-based Paint Strategy The Fort Bend County Health Department provides information and data on local issues. They were contacted regarding the availability of data for the		

What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Market Analysis		
	The County has an existing relationship with FBC MUD No. 19. This MUD services the Riverwood subdivision in the unincorporated area of the County. A representative of the district completed the needs assessment survey and attended a public meeting. The district provided information regarding the needs of residents and advocated for them.		

Identify any Agency Types not consulted and provide rationale for not consulting

Community Development Department staff conducted outreach efforts that included emailed and mailed public notices and needs assessment surveys to every individual, organization and local government on the mailing lists. In addition, the needs assessment survey was distributed at all public meetings. Some individuals, organizations, and local governments did not respond. Reminder notices regarding the surveys were emailed to everyone on the mailing lists. Community Development Department staff also personally contacted local governments with primarily low and moderate income populations to encourage them to submit the surveys. Some local governments, especially those without primarily low and moderate income populations, did not submit the surveys and/or attend the public meetings. The most prominent nonprofit that did not respond to requests to complete the needs assessment was Texana MHMR. Also, a representative of this organization did not attend a public meeting or otherwise provide information.

Note: Some organizations were left out of the table 2 because they caused error messages in IDIS. These organizations included the City of Pleak and the Boys & Girls Club.

Other local/regional/state/federal planning efforts considered when preparing the Plan

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan
		overlap with the goals of each plan?
Continuum of Care	Coalition For the	Coalition goals incorporated into
	Homeless Houston/Harris	Consolidated Plan especially Coordinated
	County	Access and Rapid ReHousing.
The Way Home	Coalition for the	Goals for Rapid ReHousing and
	Homeless Houston/Harris	Homelessness Prevention included as
	County	County goals.

Consolidated Plan FORT BEND COUNTY 20

OMB Control No: 2506-0117 (exp. 07/31/2015)

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?
Fort Bend County Criminal	Fort Bend County	Need for affordable housing, domestic
Justice Community Plan		violence services, child abuse and neglect
		services
Fort Bend County Parks	Fort Bend County	Need for park facilities, open space and
Master Plan Update 2015		county-wide planning.
Fulshear Comprehensive Plan	City of Fulshear	Need for water, sewer, drainage and
		community center improvements.
Fifth Street Neighborhood	Fort Bend County	Need for housing, economic development
Plan and Market Study		and community planning.
20-Year Growth Plan	City of Kendleton	Need for water, sewer, economic
Kendleton		development and park improvements.
City of Richmond	City of Richmond	Need for housing, water and sewer
Comprehensive Plan		improvements.
Historic Richmond, Texas: A	City of Richmond	Need for housing, water, sewer, ADA
Downtown Vision		improvements and economic
		development.
Arcola-Fresno Regional	Fort Bend County	Need for public water and sewer system in
Water/Wastewater Planning		unincorporated area. (colonia)
Comprehensive Economic	H-GAC	Need for housing and infrastructure
Development Strategy (CEDS)		systems including water, sewer, drainage.
Our Great Region 2040	H-GAC	Need for water systems, housing
		especially special needs housing and
		literacy programs.
Fair Housing Equity	H-GAC	Need for regional approach to fair housing
Assessment		issues. Need for affordable rental
		housing.

Table 3 – Other local / regional / federal planning efforts

Describe cooperation and coordination with other public entities, including the State and any adjacent units of general local government, in the implementation of the Consolidated Plan (91.215(I))

Fort Bend County's service area includes the unincorporated area of the County and all the incorporated areas of the County that have entered into interlocal agreements with the County. The incorporated areas include Arcola, Beasley, Fairchilds, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford and Thompsons. The service area does not include Katy, Houston, Missouri City, Pearland or Sugar Land. The County works with the incorporated areas especially those with CDBG low and moderate-income eligible areas in planning and implementing

public improvements and facilities. In addition, the County works with local non-profits that provide services to both incorporated cities and unincorporated areas of the County.

The County works with other entitlement jurisdictions including the Cities of Houston, Missouri City, Pasadena and Sugar Land to coordinate projects that benefit residents of more than one jurisdiction.

Narrative (optional):

Fort Bend County has a close working relationships with the Cities and towns that participate in the County's Urban County program and with many of the local non-profits. The rapid growth of the County's population makes it essential that the County monitor changes in needs of the residents in the County.

PR-15 Citizen Participation

1. Summary of citizen participation process/Efforts made to broaden citizen participation Summarize citizen participation process and how it impacted goal-setting

As part of the Consolidated Plan development process, the Fort Bend County Community Development Department staff, held three public meetings, one public hearing, and conducted a needs assessment survey. In addition, information including meeting notices and surveys were posted on the County's website and in a newspaper of general circulation.

A public meeting was held at 10:00 a.m. on Thursday, February 17, 2015, at the Fort Bend County Travis Building, 301 Jackson Street, First Floor Meeting Room, Richmond, Texas to inform the public of anticipated funding levels and to measure community needs. The County's FY 2015 RFPs were issued on Friday, February 13, 2015. An information session or proposer's conference was held on March 4, 2015 to discuss the County's FY 2015 Request for Proposals (RFPs) and to answer questions from interested organizations and local governments. A meeting to inform the public of anticipated funding levels, to measure community needs, and to answer questions from interested organizations and local governments regarding the RFPs was held on Wednesday, March 11, 2015.

On March 11, 2015 a notice of a public hearing was published in a newspaper of general circulation. A public hearing was held on Tuesday, March 24, 2015 at 1:00 p.m. at Fort Bend County Commissioners Court, 2nd Floor, Fort Bend County Courthouse, 401 Jackson St., Richmond, Texas.

The deadline for submission of FY 2015 CDBG, HOME, and ESG proposals was Friday, March 20, 2015 at 3 p.m. The County received seventeen (17) CDBG proposals, requesting over \$4,525,346 in funding. The County also received three (3) ESG Program proposals, requesting over \$164,000 in funding along with the previous request for ESG Program funds from the Coalition for the Homeless for Rapid ReHousing Coordinated Access. The County did not receive any HOME Program proposals. The projects recommended for FY 2015 funding are listed in the Annual Action Plan section of this report.

During the thirty-day public review period from May 29, 2015 to June 29, 2020, draft copies of Fort Bend County's Consolidated Plan were available for review at the offices of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department and upon request. A fourth public meeting was held at 10:00 a.m. on Wednesday, June 10, 2015 at the Fort Bend County Travis Building, 301 Jackson Street, First Floor Meeting Room, Richmond, Texas.

The citizen participation impactedgoal-setting in that most of the public meeting participants are interested in obtaining federal funds for their residents or clients. The Consolidated Plan needs assessment survey conducted by the County showed a differences in responses between local governments and non-profit responses. Generally, local government respondents placed a high priority on public facilities and/or improvements and economic development and non-profit respondents placed a high priority on public services.

Citizen Participation Outreach

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments received	Summary of comments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
1	Needs Assessment Survey	Non- targeted/broad community Local governments and non-profit service providers	Needs Assessment Survey was emailed and mailed to individuals, local governments, and non-profits on mailing list. Also, the survey was posted on the County website.	no comments	no comments	
2	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad community	Public Notice published in local paper of general circulation and placed on County website.	no comments	no comments	

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments received	Summary of comments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
3	Request For	Mailing Llist	See March 4, 2015	no comments	Some proposals not	
	Proposals (RFPS)		Second Public		eligible for CDBG	
			Meeting/Proposer's		Program fundings as	
			Conference		written.	
4	Fort Bend	Meeting of service	Fort Bend CONNECT	A representative of	All comments were	
	CONNECT	providers	Meeting: Friday,	Second Mile	accepted.	
	Meeting		February 13, 2015.	Mission stated the		
			Mamie George	need for funding		
			Community Center,	for homeless		
			Richmond, Texas.	services. Several		
			This is a community-	surveys given out.		
			networking group			
			which includes			
			members from a			
			wide variety of			
			organizations who			
			strive to address			
			multiple health and			
			human service needs			
			in Fort Bend County.			
			FBC staff distributed			
			public notices and			
			needs assessment			
			surveys.			

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of	Summary of	Summary of comments	URL (If
			response/attendance	comments received	not accepted and reasons	applicable)
5	Public Meeting	Non-	First Public Meeting:	Mr. Kurtz,	All comments were	
	T done wiceting	targeted/broad	Tuesday, February	representative	accepted.	
		community	17, 2015. Four	from the City of	accepted.	
		Community	persons attended	Richmond,		
			meeting.	reiterated the need		
			meeting.	to continue to fund		
				public		
				infrastructure		
				improvements in		
				the City of		
				Richmond. Ms.		
				Gonzales, Fort		
				Bend County Social		
				Services		
				Department		
				Director, inquired		
				into the		
				Coordinated Access		
				Process for FY 2015		
				ESG Program funds.		
				Ms. Jenkins, a		
				representative of		
				the City of		
				Kendleton inquired		
				into funding for a		
				City Hall and/or		
				community center		
				for the Kendleton		
	Consolidated F	lan	FORT BEND COUNT		26	

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments received	Summary of comments not accepted	URL (If applicable)
					and reasons	,
6	Public Meeting	Non-	Second Public	Twenty-four	All comments were	
		targeted/broad	Meeting/Proposer's	persons attended	accepted.	
		community	Conference:	meeting.		
			Wednesday, March 4,	Comments included		
			2015.	the need and		
				eligibility of case		
				management		
				services for the		
				elderly; eligibility of		
				the City of Beasley		
				for CDBG Program		
				funding based on		
				2014 LMISD; the		
				eligibility of		
				sidewalks for CDBG		
				Program funding		

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments received	Summary of comments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
7	Public Meeting	Non-	Third Public Meeting:	Four persons	All comments were	
		targeted/broad	Wednesday, March	attended.	accepted.	
		community	11, 2015.	Representative of		
				the Salvation Army		
				inquired regarding		
				Coordinated Access		
				and the FY 2015		
				ESG Program funds.		
				Ms. Binkovitz		
				inquired regarding		
				the need for water		
				and sewer systems		
				in the		
				unincorporated		
				area of the County.		
				Ms. Jenkins,		
				representative of		
				the City of		
				Kendleton inquired		
				about the need for		
				and the eligibility of		
				community center		
				for the Kendleton		
				area.		

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments received	Summary of comments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
8	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad	Public Notice: March 11, 2015: Published	no comments	no comments	
		community	in newspaper of			
			general circulation			
			regarding the public			
			hearing to held on			
			Tuesday, March 24,			
			2015.			
9	Public Hearing	Non-	Public Hearing:	No comments were	No comments were	
		targeted/broad	March 24, 2015, Fort	received by	received by	
		community	Bend County	Commissioners	Commissioners Court.	
			Commissioners	Court.		
			Court, 401 Jackson,			
			Commissioners Court			
			Room, Richmond,			
			Texas. 1 p.m.			
10	Newspaper Ad	Non-	Public Notice	no comments	no comments were not	
		targeted/broad	published May 27,		accepted	
		community	2015 in local paper of			
			general circulation			
			and placed on County			
			website. Notice			
			announced thirty day			
			comment period.			

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments received	Summary of comments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
11	Public Meeting	Non-	Fourth Public	No comments were	No comments were	
		targeted/broad	Meeting: June 10,	received by FBC	received by FBC	
		community	2015. No persons	Community	Community	
			attended the public	Development	Development	
			meeting.	Department Staff.	Department Staff.	

Table 4 – Citizen Participation Outreach

Needs Assessment

NA-05 Overview

Needs Assessment Overview

The needs assessment provides a concise summary of Fort Bend County's estimated housing needs projected for the ensuing five-year period. The needs assessment includes the following sections:

Housing Needs Assessment

Disproportionately Greater Need

Public Housing

Homeless Needs Assessment

Non-Homeless Special Needs Assessment

Non-Housing Community Development Needs

The following tables include data provided by the U.S. Department of Housing Urban Development (HUD) for Fort Bend County's service area. Fort Bend County's service area for the five-year period covered by this report includes the unincorporated area of the County and all incorporated areas within the County that have signed cooperative agreements with the County. The Fort Bend County Service Area includes the cities of Arcola, Beasley, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford, Thompsons and Weston Lakes. The County's service area excludes those sections of the communities of Katy, Missouri City, Sugar Land, Pearland and the City of Houston located within Fort Bend County.

NA-10 Housing Needs Assessment - 24 CFR 91.205 (a,b,c)

Summary of Housing Needs

Fort Bend County, Texas is one of the fastest growing and most diverse areas within in the U.S. This growth is expected to continue during the five years covered by this report. The following table shows the dramatic growth of Fort Bend County from 2000 to 2011.

Demographics	Base Year: 2000	Most Recent Year: 2011	% Change
Population	209,740	384,793	83%
Households	65,224	119,033	82%
Median Income	\$63,831.00	\$82,571.00	29%

Table 1 - Housing Needs Assessment Demographics

Data Source: 2000 Census (Base Year), 2007-2011 ACS (Most Recent Year)

Number of Households Table

	0-30%	>30-50%	>50-80%	>80-100%	>100%		
	HAMFI	HAMFI	HAMFI	HAMFI	HAMFI		
Total Households *	8,159	9,118	12,999	9,720	79,050		
Small Family Households *	3,216	3,857	6,442	5,051	53,889		
Large Family Households *	1,209	1,761	2,498	1,903	10,434		
Household contains at least one							
person 62-74 years of age	1,176	1,595	2,335	1,532	9,276		
Household contains at least one							
person age 75 or older	825	1,186	1,227	372	2,465		
Households with one or more							
children 6 years old or younger *	2,190	2,274	3,781	2,868	18,893		
* the highest income category for these family types is >80% HAMFI							

Table 2 - Total Households Table

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Number of Households Table

The table shows the number of households by income level and family type. According to HUD, a household is defined as one or more persons occupying a housing unit. For the purposes of the Consolidated Plan, HUD has defined households with incomes between 0 and 30 percent of MFI as extremely low-income; households whose incomes are between 31 and 50 percent of MFI as low-income; households whose income are between 51 and 80 percent of MFI as moderate-income; and households whose income are between 80 and 95 percent of MFI as middle-income. Households with incomes above 81 percent of MFI are defined as other-income households.

In 2011, the Fort Bend County service area included 119,046 households. An estimated 30,276 households had incomes below 80 percent of HAMFI. This is 25.43 percent of the total number. Almost seven percent of the total number of households in the County's service area had incomes between 0 and 30 percent of HAMFI. Seven percent had incomes between 30 and 50 percent, eleven percent between 50 and 80 percent.

The number and percentage of low and moderate income households varies among the household types listed in Table 2. Small households had the largest total number of low and moderate income households, 13,515. However, these households only represented about 19 percent of the total number of small households.

In comparison, over fifty percent of the households with at least one person aged 75 years or older were low and moderate income. However, the number of low and moderate income households totaled 3,238 households, only.

Housing Needs Summary Tables

1. Housing Problems (Households with one of the listed needs)

			Renter					Owner		
	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOL	SEHOLDS					l .				
Substandard										
Housing -										
Lacking										
complete										
plumbing or										
kitchen facilities	144	90	0	40	274	189	14	0	85	288
Severely										
Overcrowded -										
With >1.51										
people per										
room (and										
complete										
kitchen and										
plumbing)	90	80	95	50	315	69	10	106	45	230
Overcrowded -										
With 1.01-1.5										
people per										
room (and none										
of the above										
problems)	345	484	419	153	1,401	240	254	309	190	993
Housing cost										
burden greater										
than 50% of										
income (and										
none of the										
above										
problems)	2,370	1,430	553	70	4,423	2,409	2,516	2,816	834	8,575
Housing cost										
burden greater										
than 30% of										
income (and										
none of the										
above										
problems)	138	1,016	1,707	549	3,410	547	1,195	2,582	2,494	6,818

	Renter					Owner				
	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total
Zero/negative										
Income (and										
none of the										
above										
problems)	364	0	0	0	364	420	0	0	0	420

Table 3 - Housing Problems Table

Data 2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

Housing Needs Summary Table: Housing Problems

The table lists the housing problems by income and tenure type. According to HUD, households with any housing problems include those with cost burden greater than thirty percent of income and/or overcrowding and/or without a complete kitchen or plumbing facilities. Cost burden is the fraction of a household's total gross income spent on housing costs. For renters, housing costs include rent paid by the tenant plus utilities. For owners, housing costs include mortgage payment, taxes, insurance, and utilities. Table 3 also shows that low and moderate income households represented over eighty percent or more of the total number of renter households with housing problems, regardless of problem. For owners, low and moderate income households represented over seventy percent of the total number of owner household problems, except for 30 percent cost burden.

2. Housing Problems 2 (Households with one or more Severe Housing Problems: Lacks kitchen or complete plumbing, severe overcrowding, severe cost burden)

			Renter			Owner				
	0-30%	>30-	>50-	>80-	Total	0-30%	>30-	>50-	>80-	Total
	AMI	50%	80%	100%		AMI	50%	80%	100%	
		AMI	AMI	AMI			AMI	AMI	AMI	
NUMBER OF HOUSE	HOLDS									
Having 1 or more										
of four housing										
problems	2,945	2,084	1,068	313	6,410	2,910	2,795	3,220	1,154	10,079
Having none of										
four housing										
problems	673	1,560	3,244	2,404	7,881	824	2,676	5,474	5,856	14,830
Household has										
negative income,										
but none of the										
other housing										
problems	364	0	0	0	364	420	0	0	0	420

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Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Housing Needs Summary Table: Housing Problems 2

The table lists the households with one or more severe housing problems. Fort Bend County's service area includes 16,489 households with one or more of the four housing problems recognized by HUD. Homeowners represent 61.13 percent of this total. Forty-five percent of renters with incomes between 0 and 30 percent of HAMFI had 1 or more housing problems.

3. Cost Burden > 30%

		Re	nter		Owner				
	0-30%	>30-50%	>50-80%	Total	0-30%	>30-50%	>50-80%	Total	
	AMI	AMI	AMI		AMI	AMI	AMI		
NUMBER OF HO	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS								
Small Related	1,429	1,411	1,396	4,236	1,272	1,746	2,972	5,990	
Large Related	244	567	244	1,055	617	757	1,120	2,494	
Elderly	358	308	178	844	910	999	879	2,788	
Other	832	639	630	2,101	557	332	564	1,453	
Total need by	2,863	2,925	2,448	8,236	3,356	3,834	5,535	12,725	
income									

Table 5 - Cost Burden > 30%

Data

Source:

Cost Burden > 30% Table

2007-2011 CHAS

The table lists the low and moderate income households with cost burden greater than 30 percent by income category and tenure. In Fort Bend County's service area 20,961 low and moderate income households reported cost burden over 30 percent. The majority, 12,725 were home owners and 8,236 were renters. Small owner households with incomes between 50 and 80 percent of HAMFI had the largest number of low and moderate income households with cost burden, 2,972. Large renter households with incomes between 30 and 50% of HAMFI reported the highest percentage of households with cost burden 53.74 percent.

4. Cost Burden > 50%

		Re	nter		Owner			
	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50- 80%	Total	0-30% AMI	>30-50% AMI	>50-80% AMI	Total
	Aivii	AlVII	AMI		Aivii	Aivii	AlVII	
NUMBER OF HO	USEHOLDS							
Small Related	1,359	805	244	2,408	1,057	1,312	1,478	3,847
Large Related	219	255	39	513	484	454	457	1,395
Elderly	329	179	89	597	634	579	434	1,647
Other	773	310	180	1,263	492	223	439	1,154
Total need by	2,680	1,549	552	4,781	2,667	2,568	2,808	8,043
income								

Table 6 - Cost Burden > 50%

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Cost Burden > 50% Table

The table lists the low and moderate income households with cost burden greater than 50 percent by income category and tenure. In Fort Bend County's service area, 12,824 low and moderate income households reported cost burden greater than 50 percent. The largest number of low- and moderate-income households with cost burden over 50 percent were small owner households with incomes between 50 and 80 percent of AMI, 1,478. Small renter households reported the highest percentage of cost burden over 50 percent at 56.44 percent. The majority of renter households with incomes below 50 percent reported cost burden over 50 percent. The majority of owner households with income between 30 and 80 percent reported cost burden over 50 percent.

5. Crowding (More than one person per room)

			Renter					Owner		
	0- 30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total	0- 30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	>80- 100% AMI	Total
NUMBER OF HOUSE		7	7	7			7	7	7	
Single family										
households	375	509	415	203	1,502	244	203	100	174	721
Multiple, unrelated										
family households	60	55	64	0	179	95	69	314	74	552
Other, non-family										
households	0	25	30	0	55	0	0	0	0	0
Total need by	435	589	509	203	1,736	339	272	414	248	1,273
income										

Table 7 – Crowding Information – 1/2

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Overcrowding Table

The table lists the low and moderate income households with overcrowded conditions. HUD defines overcrowding, more than 1.01 persons per room. In Fort Bend County's service area, 3,009 low and moderate income households reported overcrowded conditions. The majority of these households were renters. Overall, single family households represented over 74 percent of low and moderate income households with overcrowding.

	Renter				Owner			
	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total	0-30% AMI	>30- 50% AMI	>50- 80% AMI	Total
Households with								
Children Present	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 8 - Crowding Information - 2/2

Data Source Comments:

Describe the number and type of single person households in need of housing assistance.

Single person households equaled 27,979 or almost fifteen (15) percent of the 187,384 total households in Fort Bend County in 2010. Male single person households totaled 12,084 (43.19%) and female single person households totaled 15,895 (56.81%). Owner-occupied single person households totaled 18,069 (64.58%) and renter-occupied single person households totaled 9,910 (35.42%). The greatest number and type of single person households in need of housing assistance would be extremely-low, very-low and low-income female, owner-occupied households. This population has very few resources to use to maintain and/or improve their housing. Also, there is a great need for affordable efficiency and one bedroom rental units.

Estimate the number and type of families in need of housing assistance who are disabled or victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking.

Disabled: According to the 2013 American Community Survey (ACS), an estimated seven (7) to eight (8) percent of persons over the age of 18 within Fort Bend County have a disability. Persons with disabilities classified as ambulatory, self-care, or an independent living difficulty are probably the group most in need of housing assistance monthly rent and utilities or to maintain the homes.

Domestic Violence: According to the FBC Criminal Justice Community Plan, the Fort Bend County Women's Center served 266 domestic violence/sexual assault victims in its shelter in 2013. The FBCWC Hotline received 35,722 calls and 914 callers were referred to other shelters due to lack of space at the shelter. According to the FBCWC, families represented 75 percent of the applicants for housing assistance in 2014.

What are the most common housing problems?

The most common exterior housing problems vary by type of housing construction. Many older houses are pier and beam construction. Problems include deferred maintenance leading to exterior problems such as peeling paint, dry rot in wood siding, leaking roofs and windows, termites, rotting steps and porches, and foundation problems. Older housing units may have problems with leaking galvanized water pipes, and illegal or inadequate water well and septic systems.

Relatively, newer houses may have slab foundations and/or brick exteriors. Problems include failing, subsiding, and/or cracked slabs and cracked brick work.

Interior housing problems include leaking and deteriorated bathrooms and kitchens; bathrooms and kitchens that are not ADA accessible; either no, inadequate or dangerous electrical, plumbing, air conditioning and/or heating systems. In addition, interiors door may be missing or not-working; walls may have holes and flooring and carpet may be soiled, torn and uneven.

Are any populations/household types more affected than others by these problems?

Housing located in the unincorporated area of the County is more affected than others by these problems because there is no building code in the unincorporated area. Housing constructed in this area may not have been built to meet any building code when new much less repaired and/or maintained to any code. The FB CORPs reports that low-income elderly and disabled persons seem the most affected by these problems.

Describe the characteristics and needs of Low-income individuals and families with children (especially extremely low-income) who are currently housed but are at imminent risk of either residing in shelters or becoming unsheltered 91.205(c)/91.305(c)). Also discuss the needs of formerly homeless families and individuals who are receiving rapid re-housing assistance and are nearing the termination of that assistance

Low-income individuals and families with children: The characteristics of this population currently housed but are at imminent risk of either residing in shelters or becoming unsheltered are extremely-low-income and very-low-income households that rent housing units especially units in deteriorated unsafe condition including mobile homes.

Formerly homeless families and individuals who are receiving rapid re-housing assistance and are nearing the termination of that assistance need case management and after-care services to maintain their progress and provide services and assistance to prevent a recurrence of homelessness.

If a jurisdiction provides estimates of the at-risk population(s), it should also include a description of the operational definition of the at-risk group and the methodology used to generate the estimates:

According to the National Alliance to End Homelessness, persons and families experiencing homelessness are similar to housed persons and families living in poverty. These poor families share many characteristics such as headed by single women with limited education, young, high rates of domestic violence and mental illness. Some families become homeless because of financial hardships such as a death in the family, job loss, or an unexpected expense that leaves them unable to pay for housing.

The at-risk population is estimated at a minimum by the number of persons living in poverty within the County. According to the 2013 ACS, there were an estimated 50,841 persons living below poverty in Fort Bend County. This represents about nine (9) percent of the total population of the County. In addition, the HUD 2014 low- and moderate-income data estimates that the number of low-income persons in the County was 71,745 or fourteen (14) percent of the total population.

Specify particular housing characteristics that have been linked with instability and an increased risk of homelessness

The housing characteristics most linked with instability and an increased risk of homeless is not being a legal homeowner or legal tenant with a lease. Individuals and families without the written legal right to occupy a residence are subject to abuse by the legal resident and landlords.

Discussion

According to the HUD 2014 low and moderate income data, Fort Bend County's service area population totaled an estimated 396,120 persons. The very low income population, those individuals and families with incomes below 30 percent of MFI totaled an estimated 141,200 persons. This is the population most vunerable to becoming homeless because of their very low income. The probability of a very low income person becoming homeless is increased if they have any special needs. Special needs barriers make people less capable of overcoming adverse circumstances that may lead to homelessness such the loss of a home due to loss of income, fire, neglect, the loss of a job, transportation issues and illnessess.

NA-15 Disproportionately Greater Need: Housing Problems – 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction

In this section, the extent that any racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category as a whole is assessed. For this purpose, HUD states that disproportionately greater need exists when the percentage of persons in a category of need who are members of a particular racial or ethnic group is at least 10 percentage points higher than the percentage of persons in the category as a whole.

0%-30% of Area Median Income

Housing Problems	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	5,219	452	480
White	1,656	217	127
Black / African American	1,077	75	92
Asian	378	40	115
American Indian, Alaska Native	10	0	0
Pacific Islander	4	0	0
Hispanic	2,059	105	148

Table 9 - Disproportionally Greater Need 0 - 30% AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Disproportionate Need: 0 to 30% AMI Table

The table list households with incomes from 0 to 30% of AMI by race and ethnicity and housing problems, no housing problems and no income. The no income households are those households whose income is zero or negative due to self-employment, dividends, and net rental income. These households are not included in the other two categories. Households with zero or negative income cannot actually have a cost burden, but still require housing assistance and therefore are counted separately.

^{*}The four housing problems are:

^{1.} Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4.Cost Burden greater than 30%

In Fort Bend County, there are an estimated 6,103 households with income from 0 to 30% of AMI. The majority of households in this income category report having one or more of four housing problems, 5,219 or 84.85 percent. In this income category there is no disproportionate need by race and ethnicity.

30%-50% of Area Median Income

Housing Problems	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	4,933	1,447	0
White	1,413	643	0
Black / African American	861	116	0
Asian	609	18	0
American Indian, Alaska Native	0	0	0
Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Hispanic	1,984	689	0

Table 10 - Disproportionally Greater Need 30 - 50% AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Disproportionate Need: 30 to 50% AMI Table

The table lists the households with incomes from 30 to 50% of AMI by race and ethnicity and housing problems, no housing problems and no income. In Fort Bend County, there are an estimated 6,333 households with income from 30 to 50% of AMI. The majority of households in this income category report having one or more of four housing problems, 4,933 or 77.32 percent. In this income category there is no disproportionate need by race and ethnicity.

50%-80% of Area Median Income

Housing Problems	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	6,921	3,664	0
White	2,189	1,451	0
Black / African American	1,686	433	0

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^{*}The four housing problems are:

^{1.} Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4.Cost Burden greater than 30%

Housing Problems	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Asian	700	264	0
American Indian, Alaska Native	4	10	0
Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Hispanic	2,253	1,456	0

Table 11 - Disproportionally Greater Need 50 - 80% AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4.Cost Burden greater than 30%

Disproportionate Need: 50 to 80% AMI Table

The table lists the households with incomes from 50 to 80% of AMI by race and ethnicity and housing problems, no housing problems and no income. In Fort Bend County, there are an estimated 10,446 households with income from 50 to 80% of AMI. The majority of households in this income category report having one or more of four housing problems, 6,921 or 65,38 percent. In this income category, there is no disproportionate need by race and ethnicity.

80%-100% of Area Median Income

Housing Problems	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	3,013	4,283	0
White	1,252	1,785	0
Black / African American	693	690	0
Asian	284	329	0
American Indian, Alaska Native	25	4	0
Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Hispanic	742	1,402	0

Table 12 - Disproportionally Greater Need 80 - 100% AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4. Cost Burden greater than 30%

^{*}The four housing problems are:

^{*}The four housing problems are:

Disproportionate Need: 50 to 100% AMI Table

The table lists the households with incomes from 80 to 100% of AMI by race and ethnicity and housing problems, no housing problems and no income. In Fort Bend County, there are an estimated 7,206 households with income from 80 to 100% of AMI. The majority of households in this income category report having none of the four housing problems, 4,283 or 58.70 percent. In this income category, there is no disproportionate need by race and ethnicity.

Discussion

An analysis and review of the data provided in the preceding tables shows there is no disproportionate need for housing problems by race and ethnicity by income category within Fort Bend County's service area. Almost forty-eight (48) percent to total number of housing units in the County were built after 2000. Thus, the County's housing stock is fairly new and not showing housing problems at this time.

NA-20 Disproportionately Greater Need: Severe Housing Problems – 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction

In this section, the extent that any racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category as a whole is assessed for severe housing problems.

The following table lists the households with incomes from 0 to 30% of AMI by race and ethnicity and severe housing problems, no housing problems and no income. In Fort Bend County, there are an estimated 5,642 households with income from 0 to 30% of AMI. The majority of households in this income category report having one or more of four housing problems, 4,595 or 80.87 percent. In this income category there is no disproportionate need by race and ethnicity.

0%-30% of Area Median Income

Severe Housing Problems*	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	4,595	1,087	480
White	1,507	371	127
Black / African American	981	176	92
Asian	348	75	115
American Indian, Alaska Native	0	10	0
Pacific Islander	4	0	0
Hispanic	1,729	441	148

Table 13 - Severe Housing Problems 0 - 30% AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

^{*}The four severe housing problems are:

^{1.} Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than 1.5 persons per room, 4.Cost Burden over 50%

30%-50% of Area Median Income

Severe Housing Problems*	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	3,661	2,707	0
White	1,005	1,043	0
Black / African American	739	238	0
Asian	479	148	0
American Indian, Alaska Native	0	0	0
Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Hispanic	1,377	1,308	0

Table 14 – Severe Housing Problems 30 - 50% AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Disproportionate Need: 30 to 50% AMI Table

The table lists the households with incomes from 30 to 50% of AMI by race and ethnicity and severe housing problems, no housing problems and no income. In Fort Bend County, there are an estimated 6,337 households with income from 30 to 50% of AMI. The majority of households in this income category report having one or more of four housing problems, 3,661 or 57.49 percent. In this income category there is no disproportionate need by race and ethnicity.

50%-80% of Area Median Income

Severe Housing Problems*	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems
Jurisdiction as a whole	3,544	7,043	0
White	1,002	2,631	0
Black / African American	944	1,171	0
Asian	354	604	0
American Indian, Alaska Native	4	10	0
Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Hispanic	1,189	2,511	0

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^{*}The four severe housing problems are:

^{1.} Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than 1.5 persons per room, 4.Cost Burden over 50%

Table 15 - Severe Housing Problems 50 - 80% AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than 1.5 persons per room, 4.Cost Burden over 50%

Disproportionate Need: 50 to 80% AMI Table

The table lists the households with incomes from 50 to 80% of AMI by race and ethnicity and severe housing problems, no housing problems and no income. In Fort Bend County, there are an estimated 10,420 households with income from 50 to 80% of AMI. The majority of households in this income category report none of the four housing problems, 7,043 or 66.52 percent. In addition, in this income category, there is no disproportionate need by race and ethnicity.

80%-100% of Area Median Income

Severe Housing Problems*	Has one or more of four housing problems	Has none of the four housing problems	Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems	
Jurisdiction as a whole	870	6,446	0	
White	371	2,662	0	
Black / African American	144	1,234	0	
Asian	84	524	0	
American Indian, Alaska Native	25	4	0	
Pacific Islander	0	0	0	
Hispanic	223	1,921	0	

Table 16 - Severe Housing Problems 80 - 100% AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Disproportionate Need: 80 to 100% AMI Table

The table lists the households with incomes from 80 to 100% of AMI by race and ethnicity and severe housing problems, no housing problems and no income. In Fort Bend County, there are an estimated 7,196 households with income from 80 to 100% of AMI. The majority of households in this income category report having none of the four housing problems, 6,446 or 88.11 percent. In this income category, there is no disproportionate need by race and ethnicity.

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^{*}The four severe housing problems are:

^{*}The four severe housing problems are:

^{1.} Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than 1.5 persons per room, 4.Cost Burden over 50%

Discussion

An analysis and review of the data the preceding tables show there is no disproportionate need for severe housing problems by race and ethnicity by income category within Fort Bend County. Almost forty-eight (48) percent of the total number of housing unit in the County were built after 2000. Thus, the County's housing stock is fairly new and not showing severe housing problems at this time.

NA-25 Disproportionately Greater Need: Housing Cost Burdens – 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction:

As stated previously, the extent that any racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category as a whole is assessed. For this purpose, HUD states that disproportionately greater need exists when the percentage of persons in a category of need who are members of a particular racial or ethnic group is at least 10 percentage points higher than the percentage of persons in the category as a whole.

In this section, the extent that any racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category as a whole is assessed for cost burden and severe cost burden. The following table lists the households by race and ethnicity with no cost burden (0-30%), cost burden (30-50%) and severe cost burden (>50%).

Housing Cost Burden

Housing Cost Burden	<=30%	30-50%	>50%	No / negative income (not computed)
Jurisdiction as a whole	62,087	13,785	10,932	575
White	34,153	5,665	3,743	177
Black / African American	8,247	2,752	2,711	92
Asian	6,524	1,495	1,288	115
American Indian, Alaska				
Native	153	40	25	0
Pacific Islander	0	0	4	0
Hispanic	12,421	3,683	3,095	193

Table 17 - Greater Need: Housing Cost Burdens AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Discussion:

In Fort Bend County, there were an estimated 62,087 households with no cost burden. These households represented seventy-one (71) percent of the total number of households. There were no racial or ethnic groups with a percentage at least 10 percentage points higher than the jurisdiction. There were an estimated 13,785 households with cost burden between 30 and 50 percent. These households represented sixteen (16) percent of the total number of households. There were no racial or ethnic groups with a percentage at least 10 percentage points higher than the jurisdiction. There were an estimated 10,932 households with severe cost burden over 50 percent. These households

represented thirteen (13) percent of the total number of households. The only racial or ethnic group with a percentage at least 10 percentage points higher than the jurisdiction was the Pacific Islander group. All four households in the group reported severe cost burden. Thus, this group reported 100 percent severe cost burden.

NA-30 Disproportionately Greater Need: Discussion – 91.205(b)(2)

Are there any Income categories in which a racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater need than the needs of that income category as a whole?

There are no income categories in which a racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater need than the needs of that income category for the County as a whole.

Disproportionate severe cost burden was reported by the Pacific Islander group. However, this group only consisted of four households in the County's service area.

If they have needs not identified above, what are those needs?

The need not identified above is the continued affordability of housing within the County. As a rapidly growing County, the demand for new infrastructure and services is increasing. As a result, district, County, local government, and school district taxes, especially, are increasing every year. These increases severely impact all County residents and low-income homeowners and households on fixed incomes, especially.

Also, the County has some small towns and areas or colonias with no public water and sewer systems. Most of the housing in these areas is served by private water wells and septic tanks. The State of Texas requires an acre of land for water wells and septic tanks. In the colonias, property is often not legally subdivided before it is sold and developed. As a result, the minimum area for the separation between water wells and septic tanks is not being observed. This leads to the contamination of the well water and subsequently, related health problems. Providing public water and sewer service to underserved areas has been and continues to be the County's highest priority need.

Are any of those racial or ethnic groups located in specific areas or neighborhoods in your community?

Fort Bend County defines an area of concentration of racial and ethnic population as an incorporated community with a White/Anglo population which totals less than 50 percent of the total population of the community according the U.S. Census Bureau Data.

Fort Bend County is a majority-minority County. According to the 2010 Census, the County was 36 percent White, 24 percent Hispanic, 21 percent Black, 17 percent Asian, and 2 percent Other. Thus, all of Fort Bend County is a concentration of racial and ethnic population.

Among the incorporated communities within the County's service area, several very small communities had a very low White population percentage. These very small towns included Arcola (8 percent) and Kendleton (4 percent). Other incorporated areas with a White percentage less than 50 percent of the

total population included: Beasley (40 percent), Pleak (25 percent), Richmond (25 percent), Rosenberg (25 percent), Stafford (22 percent) and Thompsons (43 percent). In addition, the unincorporated area of the County's with an estimated population of 327,622 was 41 percent White. This information is detailed in the spreadsheet, race and ethnicity by cities. (See Appendix E)

Note: Arcola and the Village of Pleak are incorporated areas with no public water systems. The City of Arcola has a public sewer system. Currently, the County has an ongoing project to provide public water and sewer service to both Arcola and to Fresno, a community in the adjacent unincorporated area.

Also, attached is a spreadsheet that shows race and ethnicity by 2010 Census Tract. The census tract data includes all the census tracts within Fort Bend County including those that contain other jurisdictions and entitlement areas such as the Cities of Houston, Katy, Missouri City, Pearland, and Sugar Land. An estimated 53 census tract of the 73 total census tract located within Fort Bend County show a White population less than 50 percent of the total population of the census tract. (See Appendix E)

NA-35 Public Housing – 91.205(b)

Introduction

Fort Bend County does not have a public housing authority. There are no public housing developments in Fort Bend County's service area. Only the City of Rosenberg has a public housing authority (PHA) that administers a Section 8 tenant-based certificate program within Fort Bend County's service area. This information is provided the table below. The information in tables was from the Rosenberg PHA's most recent Annual Plan.

Totals in Use

Program Type											
	Certificate	Mod-	Public	Vouchers							
		Rehab Housing Total Project - Tenant - Spe						al Purpose Vo	ucher		
					based	based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled *		
# of units vouchers in use	0	0	0	452	0	451	0	0	0		

Table 18 - Public Housing by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

^{*}includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-year, and Nursing Home Transition

Characteristics of Residents

			Progra	т Туре				
	Certificate	Mod-	Public	Vouchers				
		Rehab	Housing	Total	Project -	Tenant -	Special Purp	ose Voucher
					based	based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program
Average Annual Income	0	0	0	13,425	0	13,403	0	0
Average length of stay	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	0
Average Household size	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0
# Homeless at admission	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# of Elderly Program Participants								
(>62)	0	0	0	71	0	71	0	0
# of Disabled Families	0	0	0	96	0	96	0	0
# of Families requesting accessibility								
features	0	0	0	452	0	451	0	0
# of HIV/AIDS program participants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# of DV victims	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 19 – Characteristics of Public Housing Residents by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Race of Residents

		Program Type											
Race	Certificate	Mod-	Public	Vouchers	Vouchers								
		Rehab	Housing	Total	Project -	Tenant -	Speci	al Purpose Voi	ıcher				
					based	based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled *				
White	0	0	0	157	0	156	0	0	0				
Black/African American	0	0	0	294	0	294	0	0	0				
Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
American Indian/Alaska													
Native	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0				
Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				

Table 20 – Race of Public Housing Residents by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Ethnicity of Residents

				Program Type						
Ethnicity	Certificate	Mod-	Public	Vouchers						
		Rehab	Housing	Total Project - Tenant - Special Purpose V				al Purpose Vo	Voucher	
					based	based	Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled *	
Hispanic	0	0	0	132	0	131	0	0	0	
Not Hispanic	0	0	0	320	0	320	0	0	0	
*includes Non-Elderly Disable	d, Mainstream	One-Year, M	ainstream Fi	ve-year, and Nu	rsing Home Tra	nsition				

Table 21 – Ethnicity of Public Housing Residents by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Section 504 Needs Assessment: Describe the needs of public housing tenants and applicants on the waiting list for accessible units:

Fort Bend County does not have a housing authority. The Rosenberg Public Housing Authority does not have any public housing.

Most immediate needs of residents of Public Housing and Housing Choice voucher holders

The Rosenberg Public Housing Authority does not have any public housing. According to the Rosenberg PHA's Annual Plan, the immediate needs of residents with Housing Choice Vouchers are achieving economic independence free from discrimination. The Rosenberg PHA administers a homeownership program by providing monthly mortgage payment assistance to eligible families.

How do these needs compare to the housing needs of the population at large

In Fort Bend County the overwhelming majority of housing units are single family units.

The majority of the population in the County lives in owner-occupied housing.

Renters usually rent housing units in apartment complexes or single family homes. Generally, low-income renters are in older housing units located in small multifamily complexes or older homes.

Discussion

Fort Bend County does not have a housing authority. The Rosenberg Public Housing Authority does not have any public housing.

NA-40 Homeless Needs Assessment – 91.205(c)

Introduction:

Fort Bend County is part of the Houston/Harris County Continuum of Care. The most detailed data on the number of person becoming and exiting homelessness each year is the Point-in-Time Enumeration 2014. In 2014, there were 107 sheltered homeless and 48 unsheltered homeless persons identified in the point in time count. In FY 2015, the number of homeless in Fort Bend County had increased to 254 persons. More detailed information regarding the FY 2015 count is not available at the time of this report.

There are only two (2) shelters in Fort Bend County, the Fort Bend County Women's Center (FBCWC) and the Parks Youth Ranch (PYR). The Fort Bend County Women's Center provides shelter and services to victims of domestic violence and the Parks Youth Ranch provides shelter and services to youth.

Homeless Needs Assessment

Population	Estimate the # of persons experiencing homelessness on a given night		Estimate the # experiencing homelessness each year	Estimate the # becoming homeless each year	Estimate the # exiting homelessness each year	Estimate the # of days persons experience homelessness
	Sheltered	Unsheltered				
Persons in Households with Adult(s)						
and Child(ren)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Persons in Households with Only						
Children	0	0	0	0	0	0
Persons in Households with Only						
Adults	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chronically Homeless Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chronically Homeless Families	0	0	0	0	0	0

Population	Estimate the # of persons experiencing homelessness on a given night		Estimate the # experiencing homelessness each year	Estimate the # becoming homeless each year	Estimate the # exiting homelessness each year	Estimate the # of days persons experience homelessness
	Sheltered	Unsheltered				
Veterans	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unaccompanied Child	0	0	0	0	0	0
Persons with HIV	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 22 - Homeless Needs Assessment

Data Source Comments: Total 254 Persons Point in Time Count 2015

Indicate if the homeless population is: Partially Rural Homeless

Rural Homeless Needs Assessment

Population	Estimate the # of persons experiencing homelessness on a given night		Estimate the # experiencing homelessness each year	Estimate the # becoming homeless each year	Estimate the # exiting homelessness each year	Estimate the # of days persons experience homelessness
	Sheltered	Unsheltered				
Persons in Households with Adult(s)						
and Child(ren)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Persons in Households with Only						
Children	0	0	0	0	0	0
Persons in Households with Only						
Adults	0	0	0	0	0	0

Population	Estimate the # of persons experiencing homelessness on a given night		Estimate the # experiencing homelessness each year	Estimate the # becoming homeless each year	Estimate the # exiting homelessness each year	Estimate the # of days persons experience homelessness
	Sheltered	Unsheltered				
Chronically Homeless Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chronically Homeless Families	0	0	0	0	0	0
Veterans	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unaccompanied Youth	0	0	0	0	0	0
Persons with HIV	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 23 - Homeless Needs Assessment

Data Source Comments: Total 254 Persons Point in Time Count 2015

For persons in rural areas who are homeless or at risk of homelessness, describe the nature and extent of unsheltered and sheltered homelessness with the jurisdiction:

The majority of Fort Bend County's unsheltered homeless population identified in the FY 2015 Point in Time Count is male. Other demographic information is not available at this time.

Fort Bend County has information from the FY 2013-2014 CAPER regarding the sheltered homeless. In the period from September 1, 2013 to August 31, 2014, 309 homeless persons were provided shelter assistance. The FBCWC provided assistance to 186 women and children and the Park Youth Ranch provided assistance to 123 youth. Overall, 49 percent of the total number of persons assisted reported they were Black, 30 percent reported they were Hispanic, and 17 percent reported they were White. The percentage of persons that reported that they were either, Native American, Asian, and Other Multi-Race, each, were less than one percent of the total.

During this same period, forty-six (46) persons in fifteen (15) households were provided Rapid ReHousing assistance. Sixty-one (61) percent of persons provided assistance reported they were Black, thirty-three (33) percent reported they were Hispanic, four (4) percent reported they were Other or Multi-Race and three (3) percent reported they were White.

Since the only two shelters within the County provide shelter and services to victims of domestic violence and youth, it was not surprising that the majority of the sheltered population in the County were females, victims of domestic violence, and persons under the age of 18.

If data is not available for the categories "number of persons becoming and exiting homelessness each year," and "number of days that persons experience homelessness," describe these categories for each homeless population type (including chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth):

Data regarding chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, and veterans and their families is not available due to the lack of homeless shelters in the County.

Since the only two shelters within the County provide shelter and services to victims of domestic violence and youth, it was not surprising that the majority of the sheltered population in the County were females, victims of domestic violence, and persons under the age of 18.

Nature and Extent of Homelessness: (Optional)

Race:	Sheltered:		Unsheltered (optional)
White		52	0
Black or African American		150	0
Asian		4	0
American Indian or Alaska			
Native		1	0
Pacific Islander		4	0
Ethnicity:	Sheltered:		Unsheltered (optional)
Hispanic		94	0
Not Hispanic		215	0

Data Source Comments:

Source: FBC FY 2013 CAPER. Race and ethnicity of clients provided shelter from September 1, 2013 to August 31,

mments: 2014.

Estimate the number and type of families in need of housing assistance for families with children and the families of veterans.

At the time of this report, this detailed information is not available from the 2015 Point in Time Count. However, Fort Bend County has information from the FY 2013-2014 CAPER and from service providers. The FBCWC states that during 2014 they served 182 persons in the emergency shelter and 1,181 non-residential clients. Families composed 75 percent of the applicants for housing. At this time, there is no information available on the families of veterans in Fort Bend County.

Describe the Nature and Extent of Homelessness by Racial and Ethnic Group.

At the time of this report, information regarding the unsheltered population was not available from the 2015 Point in Time Count. However, Fort Bend County has some information from the FY 2013-2014 CAPER. The only information available is for the sheltered population. In the period from September 1, 2013 to August 31, 2014, 309 homeless persons were provided shelter assistance. The FBCWC provided assistance to 186 women and children and the Park Youth Ranch provided assistance to 123 youth. Overall, 49 percent of the total number of persons assisted reported they were Black, 30 percent reported they were Hispanic, and 17 percent reported they were White. The percentage of persons that reported that they were either, Native American, Asian, and Other Multi-Race, each, were less than one percent of the total.

During this same period, forty-six (46) persons in fifteen (15) households were provided Rapid ReHousing assistance. Sixty-one (61) percent of persons provided assistance reported they were Black, thirty-three (33) percent reported they were Hispanic, four (4) percent reported they were Other or Multi-Race and three (3) percent reported they were White.

The FBC Social Service Department reports that they have conducted outreach to unsheltered homeless persons, mainly males, in various locations in the County. However, they did not provide any racial and/or ethnic data.

Describe the Nature and Extent of Unsheltered and Sheltered Homelessness.

The majority of Fort Bend County's unsheltered homeless population identified in the FY 2015 Point in Time Count is male. Other demographic information is not available at this time.

Fort Bend County has information from the FY 2013-2014 CAPER regarding the sheltered homeless. In the period from September 1, 2013 to August 31, 2014, 309 homeless persons were provided shelter assistance. The FBCWC provided assistance to 186 women and children and the Park Youth Ranch provided assistance to 123 youth. Overall, 49 percent of the total number of persons assisted reported they were Black, 30 percent reported they were Hispanic, and 17 percent reported they were White. The percentage of persons that reported that they were either, Native American, Asian, and Other Multi-Race, each, were less than one percent of the total.

During this same period, forty-six (46) persons in fifteen (15) households were provided Rapid ReHousing assistance. Sixty-one (61) percent of persons provided assistance reported they were Black, thirty-three (33) percent reported they were Hispanic, four (4) percent reported they were Other or Multi-Race and three (3) percent reported they were White.

Since the only two shelters within the County provide shelter and services to victims of domestic violence and youth, it was not surprising that the majority of the sheltered population in the County were females, victims of domestic violence, and persons under the age of 18.

Discussion:

Fort Bend County is a majority-minority County. According to the 2010 Census, the County was 36 percent White, 24 percent Hispanic, 21 percent Black, 17 percent Asian, and 2 percent Other.

During FY 2013, the majority of homeless persons accessing shelter and Rapid-Rehousing assistance were Black in Fort Bend County. This is disproportionate since the Black population of the County is only 21 percent but the Black population represents 61 percent of the total number of persons receiving homeless assistance through the County.

NA-45 Non-Homeless Special Needs Assessment - 91.205 (b,d) Introduction:

According to HUD, the non-homeless persons with special needs include the elderly, the frail elderly, persons with disabilities, persons with alcohol/drug addictions, and persons with AIDS.

Describe the characteristics of special needs populations in your community:

According to the 2013 American Community Survey, there were 42,819 persons with a disability out of a civilian, noninstitutionalized population of 603,489 in Fort Bend County. The largest number (21,423) of disabled persons was in the workforce cohort of persons, age 18 to 64 years old. Among disabled persons, this cohort also had the highest percentage of persons, fifty (50) percent. Persons 65 years and over, composed only eight (8) percent of the workforce population but composed thirty-five (35) percent of disabled persons.

What are the housing and supportive service needs of these populations and how are these needs determined?

Housing and supportive service needs were determined by reconciling needs identified in past Consolidated Plans, the FY 2015 needs survey along with continued discussions with local governments and social service providers. In addition, the population of Fort Bend County is growing rapidly. Consequently, the special needs population is growing and the lack of housing and supportive services for these populations is becoming more severe as the gap widens between the demand for services and the supply of services available.

Discuss the size and characteristics of the population with HIV/AIDS and their families within the Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area:

According to the 2014 Houston Area HIV/AIDS Needs Assessment, there are 22,830 persons living with HIV or AIDS in the Houston EMA. The summary information regarding this population in the attache table. (See Appendix E.)

Discussion:

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Fort Bend County is a rapidly growing area. As the population of the County increases, the population of non-homeless special needs individuals and families increases. Historically, there has been a lack of services for non-homeless special needs individuals and families in the County. As a result, the demand for services has always been high. In the past, local governments and non-profit service providers struggled to close the gap between the demand and availability of services for the non-homeless special needs population and they continue to struggle to keep up with the ever-increasing need and demand for services.

NA-50 Non-Housing Community Development Needs – 91.215 (f)

Describe the jurisdiction's need for Public Facilities:

In the development of past Consolidated Plans and the current FY 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan, Fort Bend County has surveyed the local governments, non-profits, and the public regarding the needs of the community. There are certain neighborhoods and communities in Fort Bend County where public facility needs are greater than for the County as a whole. Along with the needs of the cities, the public facility needs of the unincorporated area of the County were considered. It was determined that the public facility needs in the unincorporated areas of the County are much greater than those in the incorporated areas where some public services/facilities exist. The greatest public service/facility needs are in the colonias, the illegal, unplatted and unrecorded subdivisions that have very few, if any, public services/facility improvements. In addition, the small cities in the County's service area do not have the financial resources to provide and maintain public services/facilities. The greatest public service needs were determined to the special needs populations because their access to services is very limited in an area without mass transit.

How were these needs determined?

A series of meeting were held during the develoment of the 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan. During the County's public participation process, a community survey was issued to local governments, non-profits, and the general public. Surveys were emailed to all local governments, non-profits and citizens on the Fort Bend County Community Development Department mailing list. In addition, the surveys were distributed during every public meeting and posted on the Department website.

The current survey was tallied and the resulted reviewed. In addition, the needs and long-term strategies identified in previous Consolidated Plans were reconciled with the current survey results.

Describe the jurisdiction's need for Public Improvements:

During the development of the FY 2010-2015 Consolidated Plan, Fort Bend County surveyed the local governments, non-profits, and the public regarding the needs of the community. There are certain neighborhoods and communities in Fort Bend County where public improvement needs are greater than for the County as a whole. Along with the needs of the cities, the public improvement needs of the unincorporated areas of the County were considered. It was determined that the public improvement needs in the unincorporated areas of the County are much greater than those in the incorporated areas where some public systems exist. The greatest public improvements needs continue to be in the colonias, the illegal, unplatted and unrecorded subdivisions that have very few, if any, public improvements. In addition, the small cities in the County's service area do not have the financial resources to provide and maintain public improvements. Overall, a high priority was assigned to public improvements by local governments and districts.

How were these needs determined?

A series of meeting were held during the develoment of the 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan. During the County's public participation process, a community survey was issued to local governments, non-profits, and the general public. Surveys were emailed to all local governments, non-profits and citizens on the Fort Bend County Community Development Department mailing list. In addition, the surveys were distributed during every public meeting and posted on the Department website.

The current survey was tallied and the resulted reviewed. In addition, the needs and long-term strategies identified in previous Consolidated Plans were reconciled with the current survey results.

Describe the jurisdiction's need for Public Services:

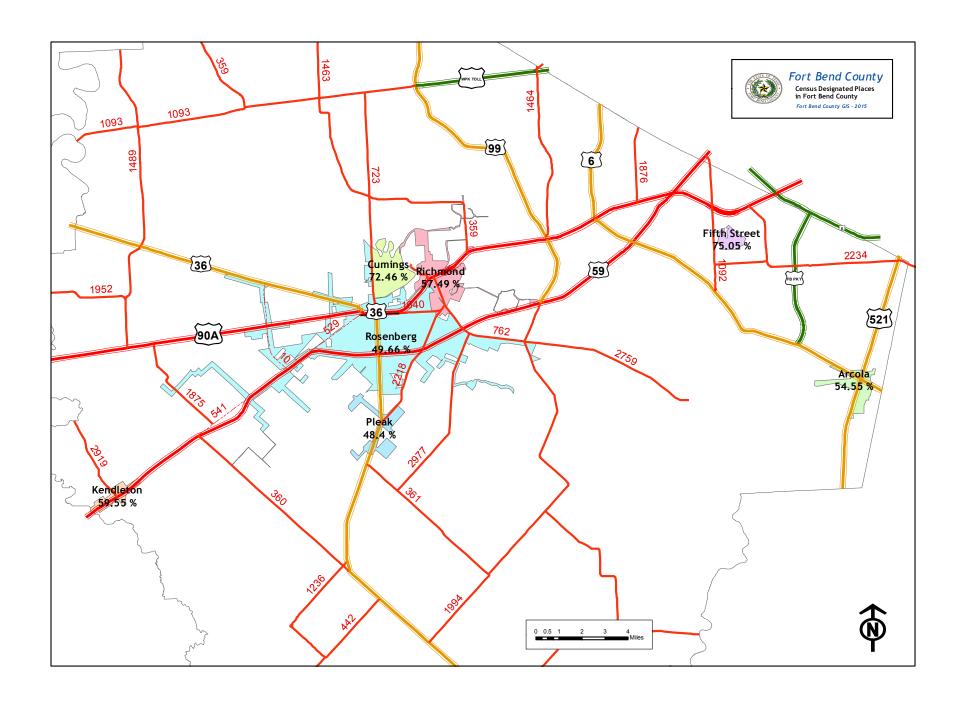
During the development of the FY 2010-2015 Consolidated Plan, Fort Bend County surveyed the local governments, non-profits, and the public regarding the needs of the community. As expected, nonprofit service providers identified services as the highest priority. In contrast, local governments identified few public services as high priority. However, the public and non-profits identified several public services as high priority especially transportation. The greatest public service needs were determined to the special needs populations because their access to services is very limited in an area without mass transit.

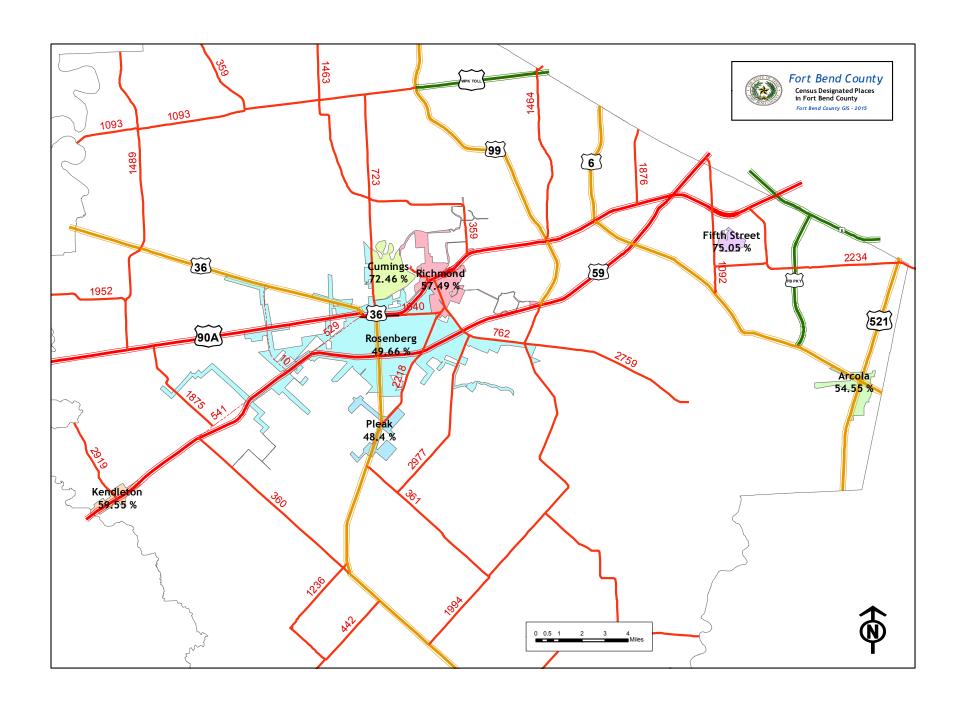
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The current survey was tallied and the resulted reviewed. In addition, the needs and long-term strategies identified in previous Consolidated Plans were reconciled with the current survey results.

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Housing Market Analysis

MA-05 Overview

Housing Market Analysis Overview:

The purpose of the Market Analysis is to provide a clear picture of the environment in Fort Bend County must administer its programs over the period covered by the Consolidated Plan. In conjunction with the Needs Assessment, the Market Analysis will provide the basis for the Strategic Plan and the programs and projects to be administered.

The Housing Market Analysis includes the following sections:

General Characteristics of the Housing Market

Lead-based Paint Hazards

Public and Assisted Housing

Assisted Housing

Facilities, Housing and Services For Homeless Persons

Special Need Facilities and Services

Barriers to Affordable Housing

Needs and Market Analysis Discussion

MA-10 Number of Housing Units - 91.210(a)&(b)(2)

Introduction

This section describes the significant characteristics of the County's housing market, including the supply, demand and condition and cost of housing.

All residential properties by number of units

Property Type	Number	%
1-unit detached structure	104,131	82%
1-unit, attached structure	1,836	1%
2-4 units	1,233	1%
5-19 units	8,063	6%
20 or more units	4,787	4%
Mobile Home, boat, RV, van, etc	6,806	5%
Total	126,856	100%

Table 1 – Residential Properties by Unit Number

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Residential Properties Table

This section describes the significant characteristics of the County's housing market, including the supply, demand and condition and cost of housing. The table lists all the residential properties by number of units. Fort Bend County's service area includes 126,856 housing units. The overwhelming majority of these units are one unit detached structures or single family homes. Multi-family units totaled 14,083 and represented eleven percent of the total number of units. Mobile homes or trailers totaled 6,806 units and represented five percent of the total number of units.

Unit Size by Tenure

	Own	ers	Ren	Renters		
	Number	%	Number	%		
No bedroom	202	0%	458	2%		
1 bedroom	437	0%	5,368	22%		
2 bedrooms	4,803	5%	8,408	34%		
3 or more bedrooms	88,969	94%	10,388	42%		
Total	94,411	99%	24,622	100%		

Table 2 – Unit Size by Tenure

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

2

Unit Size Table

The table lists housing units by size and tenure. The U.S. Bureau of the Census defines a household as all persons who occupy a housing unit such as a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room. Thus, for any area, the number of households equals the number of occupied housing units in the area. In Fort Bend County's service area, there are 119,033 households and 126,856 housing units. Total households or total occupied units represented 93.84 percent of the total number of residential units. Conversely, the percentage of unoccupied housing units or the County's residential vacancy rate was 6.16 percent.

In Fort Bend County's service area, the overwhelming majority of units, 99,357, were three or more bedrooms. Owner occupied housing totaled 94,411 or 79.31 percent of the total number of housing units and renter-occupied housing totaled 24,622 or 20.69 percent of the total number of housing units. Moreover, the number and percentage of housing units by size varied by tenure. The majority of no bedroom, 1 bedroom, and two bedrooms units were renter-occupied units. The majority of three or more bedroom units were owner-occupied units.

Describe the number and targeting (income level/type of family served) of units assisted with federal, state, and local programs.

<u>Federal Programs</u>: The County uses CDBG Program funds to provide \$5,000 in repair assistance to low and moderate income households through Fort Bend CORPs. The County also provides CDBG Program funds for new public water and sewer connections for low and moderate income homeowners in areas with newly constructed public systems. The County's Housing Rehabilitation Program provides up to \$45,000 in HOME Program funds for Housing Rehabilitation assistance to low and moderate income homeowners.

State Programs: Currently, Fort Bend County does not provide assistance to units with State programs.

<u>Local Programs</u>: The Fort Bend County Housing Finance Corporation provides \$1,000 in downpayment assistance through the Mortgage Credit Certificate Program to eligible first-time homebuyers.

Provide an assessment of units expected to be lost from the affordable housing inventory for any reason, such as expiration of Section 8 contracts.

Most of the Section 8 contract projects are located within the City of Houston. Specific information regarding Section 8 contracts within Fort Bend County's service area is not available.

Does the availability of housing units meet the needs of the population?

No, the availability of housing does not meet the needs of the population.

Describe the need for specific types of housing:

A great need for decent affordable rental housing, in general and for permanent supportive housing (PSH) for persons with special needs. Currently, there are no PSH facilities in Fort Bend County's Service Area.

Discussion

It is important to note the Fort Bend County includes many communities with different housing markets. More detailed information is needed regarding the housing markets in the different communities located within the County's service area.

MA-15 Housing Market Analysis: Cost of Housing - 91.210(a)

Introduction:

The continued rapid growth in population and the construction of housing units in Fort Bend County has been accompanied by an increase in costs. In the Houston Metropolitan Area housing prices are dependent on the location of the housing, the quality of local schools and whether the housing is new or existing construction.

The median home value in Fort Bend County' service area was \$175,000 in 2011. The U.S. Bureau of the Census defines the median home value as the value that divides the distribution of values into equal parts, one-half falling below the median and one-half above the median. Thus, in Fort Bend County's service area half of the homes were valued below \$175,000 and half of the homes were valued above \$175,000.

The median contract rent in Fort Bend County' service area was \$881 in 2011. The median contract rent is the value at which half of the rents are above and half of the rents were below the average. Contract rents is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included.

The following table shows the median home value and contract rent for Fort Bend County' service area for 2000 and 2011. Both home values and contract rents increased from 2000 to 2011. Homes values increased 58 percent and contract rents increased 43 percent.

Cost of Housing

	Base Year: 2000	Most Recent Year: 2011	% Change
Median Home Value	110,800	175,100	58%
Median Contract Rent	614	881	43%

Table 3 - Cost of Housing

Data Source: 2000 Census (Base Year), 2007-2011 ACS (Most Recent Year)

Rent Paid	Number	%
Less than \$500	5,131	20.8%
\$500-999	12,187	49.5%
\$1,000-1,499	5,436	22.1%
\$1,500-1,999	1,291	5.2%
\$2,000 or more	577	2.3%
Total	24,622	100.0%

Table 4 - Rent Paid

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Rent Paid Table

The table shows the amount of rent paid by dollar amount and the number of rental units in that range. The largest total number of rental units in the County' service area were units with monthly rents between \$500 and \$999 a month.

Housing Affordability

% Units affordable to Households earning	Renter	Owner
30% HAMFI	967	No Data
50% HAMFI	3,153	4,424
80% HAMFI	11,032	15,135
100% HAMFI	No Data	23,154
Total	15,152	42,713

Table 5 - Housing Affordability

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Housing Affordability Table

The table shows housing affordability for Fort Bend County's service area. This information is shown for each income range and provides the number of affordable rental and owner units. In Fort Bend County's service area there were a total of 15,152 affordable rental units. A rental unit is considered affordable if gross rent, including utilities, is no more that 30% of the household income. There were 42,713 affordable owner units in Fort Bend County's service area. An owner unit is considered affordable if monthly housing costs, including principal and interest, taxes, and insurance, are no more than 30% of the household income.

Monthly Rent

Monthly Rent (\$)	Efficiency (no bedroom)	1 Bedroom	2 Bedroom	3 Bedroom	4 Bedroom
Fair Market Rent	636	765	945	1,290	1,595
High HOME Rent	623	750	926	1,097	1,205
Low HOME Rent	586	628	753	870	971

Table 6 – Monthly Rent

Data Source: HUD FMR and HOME Rents

Monthly Rent Table

The table shows the HUD Fair Market Rents and HUD HOME Program rents for Fort Bend County's service area. Fair Market Rents (FMRs) are gross rent estimates that include rent plus the cost of all tenant-paid utilities. FMRs are set to the dollar amount at which 40% of the standard quality rental housing units are rented, excluding non-market rental housing (e.g. public housing). For jurisdictions within a metropolitan area, the FMR is based on the metropolitan area.

The High HOME Rents are equal to the FMR or 30% of the adjusted income of a family whose income equals 65% Area Median Income (AMI), whichever is lower. The Low HOME Rents are equal to 30% of the adjusted income of a family whose income equals 50% of AMI. Both HOME Rents are used for rental housing assisted with HOME Program funds.

Is there sufficient housing for households at all income levels?

No, there is not sufficient housing for households at all income levels.

How is affordability of housing likely to change considering changes to home values and/or rents?

Housing values and rents are increasing in Fort Bend County's service area. As a result, housing is becoming less affordable for households at all income levels.

How do HOME rents / Fair Market Rent compare to Area Median Rent? How might this impact your strategy to produce or preserve affordable housing?

The Fair Market Rents are higher than the High Home Rent for all bedroom units. For 3 or 4 bedroom rental units the difference is about \$200. Fair Market Rents also, are much higher than the Low Home Rent for all bedroom units. The difference is \$50 for an efficiency unit, \$137 for a one bedroom unit, \$192 for a two bedroom unit, \$420 for a three bedroom unit, and \$624 for a four bedroom unit.

Rental assistance program are difficult to administer because there are few decent, affordable housing units that will rent to program participants. Apartment occupancy rates are above 80 percent and typically require all prospective renters to qualify for tenancy. The tenancy qualifications include:

- 1. Monthly income equal to 2 or 3 times the amount of rent
- 2. No criminal background

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3. No poor rental history.

In addition, there are few rental units available in Fort Bend County's service area. Non-profits administering CoC programs and Rapid Re-Housing Program often place Fort Bend County residents in housing located within the City of Houston.

Discussion:

The administeration of rental assistance programs is becoming more difficult. In the State of Texas, some cities have passed "Source of Income" ordinances that prohibit landlords from refusing to rent to individuals and families with government rental assistance. The Texas Legislature in May of 2015 passed a bill banning any municipality from passing Source of Income ordinances. Thus, source of income discrimination will become legal in the State of Texas as of September 1, 2015. It is expected that several local communities will be embolded by this legislation and pass local source or income ordinances in the near future.

MA-20 Housing Market Analysis: Condition of Housing – 91.210(a) Introduction

This section provides a brief description of the significant characteristics of the existing housing supply, including age and condition, the number of vacant and abandoned units, and the risk posed by lead-based paint.

Definitions

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requires that each jurisdiction define the terms "substandard condition" and "substandard condition but not suitable for rehabilitation." Fort Bend County's definition of substandard condition is a housing unit that does not meet the Fort Bend County's Housing Standards. The County's Housing Standards states that housing units not suitable for rehabilitation are those units which do not meet the County's Housing Standards and which cannot be brought into compliance with the County's housing standards at a cost which is less than the value of the property (both improvements and land) on the most current Fort Bend County certified tax roll.

However, these estimates of the number of substandard housing units probably underestimate the number of substandard housing units in the County since these indicators only measure the absence of certain facilities and not the condition of existing facilities in housing units that may be inoperable, or in poor condition or not meet building code standards.

Condition of Units

Condition of Units	Owner-	Occupied	Renter	-Occupied
	Number	%	Number	%
With one selected Condition	25,550	27%	9,675	39%
With two selected Conditions	751	1%	1,048	4%
With three selected Conditions	99	0%	48	0%
With four selected Conditions	0	0%	0	0%
No selected Conditions	68,011	72%	13,851	56%
Total	94,411	100%	24,622	99%

Table 7 - Condition of Units

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Year Unit Built

Year Unit Built	Owner-	Occupied	Renter-Occupied		
	Number	%	Number	%	
2000 or later	45,348	48%	9,045	37%	
1980-1999	35,964	38%	9,226	37%	
1950-1979	11,734	12%	5,778	23%	

Year Unit Built	Owner-	Occupied	Renter-Occupied		
	Number	%	Number	%	
Before 1950	1,365	1%	573	2%	
Total	94,411	99%	24,622	99%	

Table 8 - Year Unit Built

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Year Built Table

In this section, an estimate of the number of housing units within Fort Bend County that may contain lead-based paint (LBP) hazards is provided. The key variable in estimating the number of housing units with lead-based paint is the age of housing. Generally, the percentage of housing units containing lead increases with the age of the structure. Approximately, 90 percent of the housing units built before 1940 contain lead-based paint, 80 percent of the housing units built between 1940 and 1959, and 62 percent of the housing units built between 1960 and 1979. None of the housing units built since 1980 contain lead-based paint. The table lists the number of units built by year and tenure.

Risk of Lead-Based Paint Hazard

Risk of Lead-Based Paint Hazard	Owner-Occupied		Renter-Occupied	
	Number	%	Number	%
Total Number of Units Built Before 1980	13,099	14%	6,351	26%
Housing Units build before 1980 with children present	21,685	23%	5,324	22%

Table 9 - Risk of Lead-Based Paint

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS (Total Units) 2007-2011 CHAS (Units with Children present)

Vacant Units

	Suitable for Rehabilitation	Not Suitable for Rehabilitation	Total
Vacant Units	0	0	0
Abandoned Vacant Units	0	0	0
REO Properties	0	0	0
Abandoned REO Properties	0	0	0

Table 10 - Vacant Units

Data Source: 2005-2009 CHAS

Vacant Units Table

According to the 2010 Census, there were 9,646 vacant housing units in Fort Bend County. Texas counties do not have any land use powers. As a result, there is no building code in the unincorporated area of the County and the County does not have the legal authority to declare a structure abandoned. The County does not collect information/data regarding the number and/or condition of vacant housing units. In addition, the County does not track foreclosures of properties.

Need for Owner and Rental Rehabilitation

There is a great need for housing rehabilitation in Fort Bend County.

<u>Owner-occupied rehabilitation</u>:There is a great need for owner-occupied housing rehabilitation in Fort Bend County. The County does not any land-use powers and there is no building code in the unincorporated area of County. The larger cities in the County's service area, Rosenberg, Stafford, and Richmond have building codes and inspections. The smaller cities may issue building permits to generate revenue but they do not have inspection and enforcement staff.

Many of the older homes in Fort Bend County are single-family detached structures of constructed of wood-frame and pier and beam construction. These homes are high maintenance and can deteriorate quickly in the hot, humid climate. Extremely-low-, very-low-, and low-income individuals and households often do not have the cash or savings reserves to maintain these homes. Deferred maintenance of these properties can lead to severe exterior housing problems such as leaking roofs, uneven foundations, rotted wood siding, and leaking windows. Interior housing problems include holes in walls, dangerous and non-functioning electrical, plumbing, heating and air conditioning systems. In addition, many of these homes have outdated and ADA noncompliant bathroom and kitchen facilities. Some of the worst case owner-occupied housing is among elderly persons, persons with mental and/or developmental disabilities and persons with little formal education.

Renter-occupied rehabilitation: There is a great need for renter-occupied housing rehabilitation in Fort Bend County. However, rental housing structures vary from camping trailers, mobile homes, single-family houses, duplexes, four-plexes, small apartment complexes with a few housing units to multi-story complexes with hundreds of housing units. Since there is no building code in the unincorporated area of the County there is a mix of housing types. Some of this housing has never been inspected and was not built to meet any building code. The worst case renter-occupied housing appears to be among persons in the country illegally, elderly persons, persons with mental and/or developmental disabilities and persons with little formal education. Renter-occupied travel trailers and mobile homes appear to be in the worst condition along with older, wood-frame, pier and beam structures.

Estimated Number of Housing Units Occupied by Low or Moderate Income Families with LBP Hazards

In the FY 2010 Fort Bend County estimated that 12,915 housing units in Fort Bend County's service area were at risk of containing potential lead-based paint (LBP) hazards. According to the 2014 HUD low and moderate income data, the Fort Bend County service area is 46.08 percent low and moderate income. Using this percentage, it is estimated that 5,951 housing units in the County's service area are occupied by low and moderate income households.

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The communities with the largest number of homes with potential LBP hazard housing units were located in Rosenberg (3,521), Richmond (1,635), Stafford (868), and Meadows Place (688). In all these areas, the majority of potential LBP hazard housing units were owner-occupied.

According to the 2014 HUD low and moderate income data, Rosenberg is 49.66 percent low and moderate income, Richmond is 57.49 percent low and moderate income, Stafford is 35.30 percent low and moderate income and Meadows Place is 22.74 percent low and moderate income. Using these percentages, it is estimated that at minimum of 3,151 total units in the County's service area are located in these communities: 1,749 housing units in Rosenberg, 940 housing units in Richmond, 306 housing units in Stafford, and 156 housing units in Meadows Place.

It should be noted that the number of potential LBP hazard housing units within Fort Bend County's service area has declined over time as housing units are lost to demolition, fire, storms, abandonment, and obsolescence.

Discussion

It is important to note the Fort Bend County includes many communities with different housing markets and conditions. More detailed information is needed to determine the condition of housing in the different communities located within the County.

MA-25 Public and Assisted Housing – 91.210(b)

Introduction:

There are no public housing developments within Fort Bend County's service area.

Totals Number of Units

				Program Type					
	Certificate	Mod-Rehab	Public			Vouche	rs		
			Housing	Total	Project -based	Tenant -based	Specia	al Purpose Vouch	er
							Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	Family Unification Program	Disabled *
# of units vouchers									
available				453			0	0	0
# of accessible units									
*includes Non-Elderly Disabled,	Mainstream	One-Year, Ma	ainstream Fiv	e-vear. and Nu	rsing Home Trai	nsition			

Table 11 – Total Number of Units by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Describe the supply of public housing developments:

Describe the number and physical condition of public housing units in the jurisdiction, including those that are participating in an approved Public Housing Agency Plan:

There are no public housing developments within Fort Bend County's service area.

Public Housing Condition

Public Housing Development	Average Inspection Score

Table 12 - Public Housing Condition

Describe the restoration and revitalization needs of public housing units in the jurisdiction:

There are no public housing developments within Fort Bend County's service area.

Describe the public housing agency's strategy for improving the living environment of lowand moderate-income families residing in public housing:

There are no public housing developments within Fort Bend County's service area.

Discussion:

There are no public housing developments within Fort Bend County's service area.

MA-30 Homeless Facilities and Services – 91.210(c)

Introduction

In 2015, there are two (2) homeless shelter facilities in Fort Bend County's service area, the Fort Bend County Women's Center (FBCWC) and the Parks Youth Ranch (PYR). The FBCWC is a sixty-five (65) bed domestic violence shelter and the PYR is a twenty (20) bed youth shelter.

There are no transitional or permanent supportive housing facilities in the County's service area.

Facilities and Housing Targeted to Homeless Households

	Emergency Shelter Beds		Transitional Housing Beds	Permanent Sup _l Be	_
	Year Round Beds (Current & New)	Voucher / Seasonal / Overflow Beds	Current & New	Current & New	Under Development
Households with Adult(s) and					
Child(ren)	65	0	0	0	0
Households with Only Adults	0	0	0	0	0
Chronically Homeless Households	0	0	0	0	0
Veterans	0	0	0	0	0
Unaccompanied Youth	20	0	0	0	0

Table 13 - Facilities and Housing Targeted to Homeless Households

Data Source Comments:

Describe mainstream services, such as health, mental health, and employment services to the extent those services are use to complement services targeted to homeless persons

The Fort Bend County Clinical Health Services Department provides clinical services in the core public health areas of STD treatment; tuberculosis prevention, diagnosis and treatment; and provision of childhood and adult immunizations. The mission of Clinical Health Services is to prevent, control and eliminate communicable diseases among the residents of Fort Bend County.

The Fort Bend County Social Services Department's mission is to provide short-term assistance to county residents enabling them to avoid an immediate crisis. The department provides services and short-term assistance for emergency needs such as utilities, groceries, medications, rental/mortgage assistance and also assists with pauper burials or cremation services.

Access Health formerly the Fort Bend Family Health Center is the local affiliate of the Texas Association of Community Health Centers (TACHC), a private, non-profit membership association that represents safety-net health care providers in the state of Texas. This organization has two locations within Fort Bend County's Service Area, the Richmond and Stafford Clinics. These clinics provide a wide-range of medical and dental services and programs.

Texana Center is a 501(c)3 public, not for profit, organization that provides behavioral healthcare and developmental disabilities services to residents of a six county area that includes Austin, Colorado, Fort Bend, Matagorda, Waller and Wharton Counties. The Texana Center is composed of two highly specialized but inter-related divisions that serve the needs of children, women and men with developmental disabilities and issues of behavioral healthcare. The center is designated by the Texas Department of Aging and Disabilities Services as the Local Mental Retardation Authority and by the Texas Department of State Health Services as the Local Mental Healthcare Authority. Texana Center maintains a large performance contract with each of the state agencies listed above, and uses state general revenue funds to provide services under those contracts on a discounted basis to those who cannot afford to pay the full cost of services. The center also provides services to those with Medicaid, private insurance, and managed care, and is the largest provider of Home and Community-based Services in Texas.

Workforce Solutions, the public workforce system in the 13-county Houston-Galveston region, helps employers meet human resource needs and area residents build careers, so both can better compete in the global economy. The Employer Service Division provides customized services to help employers find qualified applicants for specific jobs. They assist with recruiting, screening, referring and testing of job applicants to help simplify the hiring process. Workforce Solutions also helps employers strengthen their current workforce as well as get advice on human resource issues and concerns. As part of the statewide Texas Workforce Solutions network, the Texas Workforce Commission is the largest job-matching database in the state -WorkInTexas.com.

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List and describe services and facilities that meet the needs of homeless persons, particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth. If the services and facilities are listed on screen SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure or screen MA-35 Special Needs Facilities and Services, describe how these facilities and services specifically address the needs of these populations.

Catholic Charities, Mamie George Community Center, Basic Needs Family Assistance Program provides a food pantry, financial assistance with rent, mortgage and utilities when funding is available and also provides information and referrals.

Fort Bend County Women's Center is a domestic violence facility that provides shelter and services to victims of domestic violence.

The Parks Youth Ranch is a facility that provides shelter and services to unaccompanied youth.

Fort Bend Family Promise provides services to homeless families through a day center and overnight accommodations with local congregations. This program is located in Missouri City, outside the County's jurisdiction, but provides services to families throughout the area.

Richmond Helping Hands, Inc. assists people of West Fort Bend County who are in a crisis situation. Areas of service include the provision of food, clothing, utility assistance, prescription medicine assistance, and extensive referral capability. No deposit or utilities or housing

Second Mile Mission Center, provides food, counseling and health care to needy residents of Fort Bend County. They work with local churches, organizations and individuals to offer special programs such as a Christmas Toy Store and school supply drive. From time to time as funds are available, they provide financial assistance.

The Salvation Army provides homeless services and assistance to residents of Fort Bend County.

MA-35 Special Needs Facilities and Services – 91.210(d) Introduction

There are very few special needs facilities and/or supportive housing facilities in Fort Bend County. The supportive housing that exists is senior housing projects. Texana MHMR and ARC of Fort Bend have several groups homes in the County.

Including the elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities (mental, physical, developmental), persons with alcohol or other drug addictions, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, public housing residents and any other categories the jurisdiction may specify, and describe their supportive housing needs

There is a great need for supportive housing for persons with special needs in Fort Bend County's service area. Fort Bend County does not have any mass transit. It is not tied into Houston Metro. Fort Bend County has established a transportation department to provide bus service into the County government buildings, the Houston Medical Center, the Galleria and Greenway Plaza in Houston. Many of the non-profits in the County have transportation programs and provide gas cards to their clients so that they can access services.

Describe programs for ensuring that persons returning from mental and physical health institutions receive appropriate supportive housing

There are no supportive housing facilities in Fort Bend County for persons returning from mental and physical health institutions. Currently, the only housing available in Fort Bend County for persons with mental illness and/or developmental disabilities is provided by the Texana Center for the center's clients.

Specify the activities that the jurisdiction plans to undertake during the next year to address the housing and supportive services needs identified in accordance with 91.215(e) with respect to persons who are not homeless but have other special needs. Link to one-year goals. 91.315(e)

The County's Decent Housing (DH) Objective 4 is to provide housing assistance to special needs persons and families. There are three goals under this objective. Goal DH 4.1 is to produce twenty (**20**) new units, especially for the special needs populations - elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities, persons with alcohol and drug addictions, and persons with AIDS (4 housing units per year). Goal DH 4.2

is to provide rental assistance for five (*5*) housing units accessible to the special needs population, especially elderly persons and persons with disabilities (1 housing unit per year). Goal DH 4.3 is to repair or rehabilitate ten (*10*) housing units for accessibility purposes especially elderly persons and persons with disabilities (2 housing units per year). Goal DH 4.1 will not be addressed during FY 2015. Goals DH 4.2 will be addressed through Rapid ReHousing Collaborative administered by the Fulton Redevelopment CDC and Goal DH 4.3 will be addressed through the County's Housing Rehabilitation Program and the FB CORPs Housing Minor Repair Program.

The County's Suitable Living Environment (SLE) Objective 2 is to improve and expand social services. Goal SLE 2.1 is to provide meals to at least one-hundred (100) extremely-low-income, very-low-income, and low-income persons (20 persons per year). This goal will be addressed by the FB Seniors Meals Program. Goal SLE 2.3 is to provide assistance to 500 illiterate persons (100 persons per year). This goal will be address through the Literacy Volunteers Program. Goal SLE 2.4 is to provide support or recreational services to fifty (50) handicapped or disabled persons (10 persons per year). This goal will be addressed though the ARC Social and Recreation Program and the Blessed for Three Autism Program. Goal SLE 2.5 is to provide services to one-hundred (100) abused and/or neglected children (20 children per year). This goal will be addressed through the Child Advocates program. Goal SLE 2.6 is to provide case management and other related services to twenty-five (25) incapacitated and/or elderly persons (5 persons per year). This goal will be addresses through the Brazos Bend Guardianship Program and the Catholic Charities Case Management for Seniors Program.

For entitlement/consortia grantees: Specify the activities that the jurisdiction plans to undertake during the next year to address the housing and supportive services needs identified in accordance with 91.215(e) with respect to persons who are not homeless but have other special needs. Link to one-year goals. (91.220(2))

During the next year, the County will fund Rapid ReHousing for homeless individuals and families. The County provides assistance to special needs individuals and families through the Housing Rehabilitation Program and the FB CORPS Minor Housing Repair Program.

MA-40 Barriers to Affordable Housing – 91.210(e)

Describe any negative effects of public policies on affordable housing and residential investment.

In its previous and current Consolidated Plan, the County has identified the major barrier to the development of affordable housing as the high cost of developable land with adequate water and sanitary sewer services. There are several areas in the County without public water and sewer systems or with inadequate private water and sewer services.

Fort Bend County does not impose any regulatory barriers to affordable and supportive housing. The County does not have any land use controls and there is no countywide building code. The existing permitting process focuses on the evaluation of base elevations for flood control and insurance purposes and the installation of septic tanks. Fort Bend County does not have any public policies that are excessive, exclusionary, discriminatory or duplicative aspects of other policies that may constitute barriers to affordability in the County.

Thus, the main barrier to affordable housing in Fort Bend County is the fundamental affordability problem: the costs of providing safe and decent housing with public water and sewer services exceeds what low income individuals and households can afford to pay for housing. There are few regulatory barriers in the unincorporated area of the County, however, the costs of providing decent, safe, affordable, housing is more than what most low and moderate income individuals and families can afford without severe cost burden.

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MA-45 Non-Housing Community Development Assets – 91.215 (f)

Introduction

This section identifies business data for Fort Bend County's service area. Table 14: Business Activity list thirteen business sectors by the number of workers, number of jobs and calculates the total and a final ratio of workers to each job sector. The term, jobs less workers, is defined as the percentage of jobs less the percentage of workers. A negative number reflects an oversupply of labor for the sector (more workers than jobs) and a positive number reflects an undersupply of labor (more jobs than workers).

Fort Bend County's service area includes 141,307 workers and 52,499 jobs. Thus, the County has 88,858 more workers than jobs. The business sectors with the largest number of workers are Education and Health Care Services, Retail Trade, and Professional, Scientific, Management Services. The business sectors with the largest number of jobs are Retail Trade, Manufacturing, and Education and Health Services. In every business sector listed, there were more workers than jobs in Fort Bend County's service area. This reflects the number of workers that live in Fort Bend County but commute into Houston/Harris County to work.

Economic Development Market Analysis

Business Activity

Business by Sector	Number of Workers	Number of Jobs	Share of Workers	Share of Jobs	Jobs less workers
Agriculture, Mining, Oil & Gas Extraction	8,868	998	% 6	<u>%</u>	<u>%</u> -4
Arts, Entertainment, Accommodations	14,951	6,947	11	13	<u> </u>
, ,	,	,	11	13	2
Construction	8,931	4,174	6	8	2
Education and Health Care Services	23,429	8,054	17	15	-2
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	10,117	2,428	7	5	-2
Information	3,057	841	2	2	0
Manufacturing	14,187	8,328	10	16	6
Other Services	4,678	2,325	3	4	1
Professional, Scientific, Management Services	17,185	3,653	12	7	-5
Public Administration	0	0	0	0	0

Business by Sector	Number of	Number of Jobs	Share of Workers	Share of Jobs	Jobs less workers
	Workers		%	%	%
Retail Trade	20,458	8,526	14	16	2
Transportation and Warehousing	5,358	2,269	4	4	0
Wholesale Trade	10,088	3,906	7	7	0
Total	141,307	52,449			

Table 14 - Business Activity

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS (Workers), 2011 Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (Jobs)

Labor Force

Total Population in the Civilian Labor Force	191,651
Civilian Employed Population 16 years and over	182,582
Unemployment Rate	4.73
Unemployment Rate for Ages 16-24	10.25
Unemployment Rate for Ages 25-65	3.04

Table 15 - Labor Force

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Labor Force

This table summarizes information regarding the labor force for Fort Bend County's service area. The total population in civilian employed labor force totaled 191,651. This is the number of civilian workers plus those actively seeking employment. This number does not include those who are not actively seeking employment.

The unemployment rate was very low, 4.73 percent overall and only 3.04 percent for persons aged 25 to 65 years of age. The unemployment rate for persons from age 16 to 24 was higher at 10.25 percent.

Occupations by Sector	Number of People
Management, business and financial	57,752
Farming, fisheries and forestry occupations	6,225
Service	13,762
Sales and office	46,112
Construction, extraction, maintenance and	
repair	13,580
Production, transportation and material moving	8,080

Table 16 - Occupations by Sector

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Occupations By Sectors Table

This table lists occupations by sector and the number of people employed in the sector. The management, business and financial sector had the largest number of people. Sales and office had the second highest number of people.

Travel Time

Travel Time	Number	Percentage
< 30 Minutes	80,942	47%

Travel Time	Number	Percentage
30-59 Minutes	73,329	42%
60 or More Minutes	18,418	11%
Total	172,689	100%

Table 17 - Travel Time

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Education:

Educational Attainment by Employment Status (Population 16 and Older)

Educational Attainment	In Labo		
	Civilian Employed	Unemployed	Not in Labor Force
Less than high school graduate	13,573	703	8,470
High school graduate (includes			
equivalency)	29,361	1,579	11,358
Some college or Associate's degree	45,066	1,996	12,346
Bachelor's degree or higher	71,573	2,144	13,047

Table 18 - Educational Attainment by Employment Status

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Educational Attainment By Employment Table

This table shows educational attainment by employment status for the population 16 years old and older. The civilian labor force represents almost seventy-six (76) percent of the population 16 years old and over. Twenty-one (21) percent of the population, 16 years old and older are not in the labor force. The unemployed represent only three (3) percent of the population 16 years old and older. Most notably, over seventy-three (73) percent of the employed civilian labor force in Fort Bend County's service area has either some college, an Associate's degree, a bachelor's degree or higher.

Educational Attainment by Age

			Age		
	18-24 yrs	25-34 yrs	35-44 yrs	45-65 yrs	65+ yrs
Less than 9th grade	422	1,723	3,314	5,447	4,071
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	3,901	3,558	3,582	5,122	2,298
High school graduate, GED, or					
alternative	8,604	10,119	12,525	19,663	6,087
Some college, no degree	13,447	12,718	12,354	20,476	4,636
Associate's degree	1,002	3,354	4,389	6,220	1,101

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	Age				
	18-24 yrs	25-34 yrs	35-44 yrs	45-65 yrs	65+ yrs
Bachelor's degree	2,573	14,576	19,055	25,765	3,979
Graduate or professional degree	112	5,721	8,991	12,686	2,186

Table 19 - Educational Attainment by Age

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Educational Attainment By Age Table

This table 19 shows educational attainment by age. Almost sixty-six (66) percent of the total population over eighteen (18) years old has some college, an associate's degree, a bachelor's degree or a graduate or professional degree. Seventy (70) percent of the population between the ages of 25 and 34 years of age has at least some college and is the age group the highest educational attainment. The population 65 years and older has the lowest educational attainment 49 percent with some college or more.

Educational Attainment – Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months

Educational Attainment	Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months
Less than high school graduate	20,487
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	30,214
Some college or Associate's degree	40,238
Bachelor's degree	62,315
Graduate or professional degree	78,950

Table 20 - Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Educational Attainment and Earning Table

This table lists the median earning in the past twelve (12) months by educational attainment. As expected the higher the educational attainment the higher the median earnings in past twelve months.

Based on the Business Activity table above, what are the major employment sectors within your jurisdiction?

The data showed that the largest number of jobs with Fort Bend County were in the Retail Trade, Manufacturing, and Education and Health Care Services business sectors.

Describe the workforce and infrastructure needs of the business community:

According to the Fort Bend Economic Development Council Fort Bend has been in the top 20 counties in the United States for economic excellence and population growth. Excellent schools, affordable housing, and extensive recreational facilities have attracted families with impressive demographic profiles. This results in a local employment base that provides relocating companies with a diverse mix of professional, technical, skilled, and unskilled labor with the highest educational attainment levels in the region.

Describe any major changes that may have an economic impact, such as planned local or regional public or private sector investments or initiatives that have affected or may affect job and business growth opportunities during the planning period. Describe any needs for workforce development, business support or infrastructure these changes may create.

The most recent major change has been layoffs in the energy sector in the Houston area due to decline in oil prices worldwide.

How do the skills and education of the current workforce correspond to employment opportunities in the jurisdiction?

Jobs in the energy sector include many highly skilled engineering, research, and management jobs. This sector also employs many office support and maintenance staff. The ten largest employers in the County include public education, Engineering/Construction, Government, Healthcare, Energy Exploration/Research, Special Education, Package Distribution, State Prison, and Hospital. They are listed below.

- Fort Bend ISD
- Lamar CISD
- Fluor Corporation
- Fort Bend County
- Methodist Sugar Land Hospital
- Schlumberger Technology Corporation
- Richmond State School
- United Parcel Servicd
- Texas Department of Criminal Justice
- Oak Bend Medical Center

The data in this section showed that there were more workers by business sector than number of jobs by business sector in Fort Bend County. There is a mismatch within the County between skills and education of the jurisdictions workforce to employment opportunities because the majority of the workforce commutes into Houston and/or Harris County. The majority of jobs available in the County are in Education, Government, and Healthcare.

Describe any current workforce training initiatives, including those supported by Workforce Investment Boards, community colleges and other organizations. Describe how these efforts will support the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.

The Workforce Commission has several facilities in Fort Bend County. The University of Houston Sugar Land and Wharton Community College has a technical school campus located in Richmond.

The only workforce related program addressed in the County's Consolidated Plan is the Literacy Program.

Does your jurisdiction participate in a Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS)?

Yes

If so, what economic development initiatives are you undertaking that may be coordinated with the Consolidated Plan? If not, describe other local/regional plans or initiatives that impact economic growth.

Yes, Fort Bend County participates in the local CEDS. The local council of government (COG), the Houston-Galveston Area Council (H-GAC) coordinates the CEDS process for the Gulf Coast Economic Development District (GCEDD), a thirteen county area that includes Fort Bend County. Fort Bend had the highest percentage growth (65 percent) of the region and the highest median income in 2010, \$84,211.

The CEDS identified the main challenges faced by local government as they work to accommodate future growth. The challenges that are high priorities and are included as objectives and goals in the County's Consolidated Plan are

Mobility

Drainage

Water Resources

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Rural Issues

Sewage Collection and Treatment Facilities

Housing

In addition, the County continues to participate in the Sustainable Communities Regional Grant implementation. Fort Bend County participated in the planning grant process and the development of the Fair Housing Equity Assessment.

Discussion

The data in this section showed that there were more workers by business sector than number of jobs by business sector in Fort Bend County. This means that workers in these business sectors are employed in other jurisdictions like the City of Houston and/or Harris County and commute between jurisdictions.

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MA-50 Needs and Market Analysis Discussion

Are there areas where households with multiple housing problems are concentrated? (include a definition of "concentration")

Fort Bend County has Colonias, areas within the County where housing was built but did not have public water and sanitary sewer services. For the last twenty years, it has been the County's highest priority and long-term goal to provide public water and sewer these areas. The County through the establishment of two, Fresh Water Supply and Improvement Districts (FWISD) has been able to plan, finance and construct public water and sewer systems in almost all these areas.

In addition, there are very small town and communities with aging deteriorated infrastructure or unsafe, illegal water wells and septic systems such as North Richmond and North Rosenberg, the Village of Pleak and Beasley

Are there any areas in the jurisdiction where racial or ethnic minorities or low-income families are concentrated? (include a definition of "concentration")

According to the 2010 Census, Fort Bend County's total population only was thirty-six (36) percent White, twenty-four (24) percent was Hispanic, twenty-one (21) percent Black, seventeen (17) percent Asian and two (2) percent other race groups. Fort Bend County is a majority-minority County.

<u>Concentration of Racial and Ethnic Population</u>: Fort Bend County defines an area of concentration of racial and ethnic population as a 2010 Census Tract with a White population which totals less than 50 percent of the total population of the census tract.

There are seventy-six (76) 2010 Census Tract in Fort Bend County. Fifty-four (54) census tracts have a White Alone percent that is less than 50 percent of the total population of the census tract. Conversely, only twenty-two (22) census tracts have a White Alone percent that is more than 50 percent of the total population of the census tract.

<u>Concentration of Low-Income Population</u>: Fort Bend County defines an area of concentration of low-and moderate-income persons as a 2010 census tract block group with a low- and moderate-income population which totals more than 51 percent of the total population of a census tract block group.

The contiguous northern areas of the City of Richmond and the City of Rosenberg represent the largest number of low and moderate-income persons in Fort Bend County's service area.

The Cities of Arcola, Kendleton, and Richmond are the incorporated areas that are over fifty-one (51) percent low- and moderate-income according to HUD.

The Census Defined Place (CDPs), Cumings and Fifth Street are the unincorporated area that are over fifty-one (51) percent low- and moderate-income according to HUD.

What are the characteristics of the market in these areas/neighborhoods?

The North Richmond/Rosenberg: This area is bounded on the north, east and west by the Brazos River and on the south by the railroad tracks and Highway 90. This area is characterized by some of the oldest wood-frame, pier and beam housing in the County. This area is mainly Hispanic and African American.

Arcola: This area is adjacent to Highway 266 and Highway 6. This community is mainly Hispanic and African American.

Are there any community assets in these areas/neighborhoods?

The North Richmond/Rosenberg: George Park, Catholic Charities Mamie George Community Center, Richmond Helping Hands and a Boys and Girls Club scheduled to open during 2015.

City of Arcola: City of Arcola is located very near the City of Houston. It is bordered by Master Planned Communities and is adjacent to Highway 266 and Highway 6.

Are there other strategic opportunities in any of these areas?

The City of Richmond is the County seat and has a historic district that includes some of the north Richmond area. The City of Richmond completed a historic district plan during 2014.

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Strategic Plan

SP-05 Overview

Strategic Plan Overview

The Consolidated Plan creates the opportunity for strategic planning and citizen participation to take place in a comprehensive context. The strategic plan is the means to analyze the full local context and the linkages to the larger region. It builds on local assets and coordinates a response to the needs of the community. It integrates economic, physical, environmental, community and human development in a comprehensive and coordinated fashion so that families and communities can work together and thrive. A strategic plan also sets forth program goals, specific objectives, annual goals, and benchmarks for measuring progress. In so doing, it helps local governments and citizens keep track of results and learn what works.

The County must produce a strategic plan for a period designated by the jurisdiction that brings needs, priority needs, priorities, specific objectives, and strategies together in a coherent strategic plan. In identifying and describing its needs, the County was encouraged to draw relevant information from previous submissions and other reports and studies, as appropriate. The strategic plan was developed to achieve the following statutory goals, principally for extremely low, very low, low and moderate income residents:

- provide decent housing and
- a suitable living environment and
- expand economic opportunities.

This section includes the following sections:

Geographic priorities

Priority Needs

Influence of Market Conditions

Anticipated Resources

Institutional Delivery Structure

Goals

Public Housing

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Barriers to Affordable Housing

Homelessness Strategy

Lead-based Paint Hazards

Anti-Poverty Strategy

Monitoring

SP-10 Geographic Priorities – 91.215 (a)(1)

Geographic Area

Table 1 - Geographic Priority Areas

1	Area Name:	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Area Type:	Service Area
	Other Target Area Description:	Service Area
	HUD Approval Date:	
	% of Low/ Mod:	
	Revital Type:	
	Other Revital Description:	
	Identify the neighborhood boundaries for this target area.	
	Include specific housing and commercial characteristics of this target area.	
	How did your consultation and citizen participation process help you to identify this neighborhood as a target area?	
	Identify the needs in this target area.	
	What are the opportunities for improvement in this target area?	
	Are there barriers to improvement in this target area?	

General Allocation Priorities

Describe the basis for allocating investments geographically within the jurisdiction (or within the EMSA for HOPWA)

At a minimum, the County is required to discuss how investments are allocated geographically in the service area. HUD defines a target area as any locally designated areas where geographically targeted revitalization efforts are carried out through multiple activities in a concentrated and coordinated manner. For the purposes of the Consolidated Plan, local target areas are loosely defined and do not need to conform to a set of standards. Target areas allow grantees to communicate a higher priority for one or more areas over the jurisdiction as a whole and to call out priority needs and goals for specific geographic areas. Local target areas include but are not limited to redevelopment needs, Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) target areas, and transit-oriented development areas.

Fort Bend County does not allocate funds based on target areas. The HUD regulations for the CDBG, HOME and ESG Programs all define eligibility for the use of funds within a jurisdiction's service area. The CDBG and HOME Program regulations require that these funds be expended within the County's service

area and/or only for the benefit of the service area's low- and moderate-income residents. The ESG Program funds are restricted to provide housing assistance and services for potentially homeless or homeless persons based on the need in the County's service area.

The County has identified low and moderate income areas within the County's service area. Two maps are attached. One map shows the low and moderate income areas by Census Defined Places (CDPs). The other maps shows the low and moderate income areas by 2010 Census Tract Block Groups. The two maps reflect the two low and moderate-income data sets provided urban counties during FY 2014. The areas are not automatically eligible since the CDBG Program regulations specifies that the service area for a project must be primarily residential. That determination is made during the CDBG project eligibility review.

SP-25 Priority Needs - 91.215(a)(2)

Priority Needs

Table 2 - Priority Needs Summary

1	Priority Need	Public Services: Special Needs Elderly
	Name	
	Priority Level High	
	Population Extremely Low	
		Low
		Moderate
		Elderly
		Elderly Frail Elderly
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Geographic	Service Area
	Areas Affected	
	Associated	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.1
	Goals	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.6
	Description	Elderly and Frail Elderly Persons. Goals address meals and case management services.
	Basis for	Low income with additional special needs barrier.
	Relative	
	Priority	
2	Priority Need Name	Public Services: Special Needs Abused Children
	Priority Level	High
	Population	Extremely Low
		Low
		Moderate
		Victims of Domestic Violence
		Other
	Geographic	Service Area
	Areas	
	Affected	
	Associated Goals	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.5

5

	Description	Abused and Neglected Children. Goals address Bilingual Forensic Services used as part of investigative and treatment process.
	Basis for Relative Priority	Low income with additional special needs barrier.
3	Priority Need Name	Public Services: Special Needs Illiterate Persons
	Priority Level	High
	Population	Extremely Low Low Moderate Other
	Geographic Areas Affected	Service Area
	Associated Goals	Decent Housing (DH) 2.3 Economic Development (ED) 1.1
	Description	Special Needs: Illiterate Persons. Goals address literacy and employment training services.
	Basis for Relative Priority	Low income with additional special needs barrier.
4	Priority Need Name	Public Services: Special Needs Disabled
	Priority Level	High
	Population	Extremely Low Low Moderate Elderly Frail Elderly Persons with Mental Disabilities Persons with Physical Disabilities Persons with Developmental Disabilities
	Geographic Areas Affected	Service Area

6

	Associated Goals	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.4 Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.6
	Description	Special Needs: Disabled and/or incapacitated persons. Goals address case management, social, recreational and other related services.
	Basis for Relative Priority	Low income with additional special needs barrier.
5	Priority Need Name	Homeless
	Priority Level	High
	Population	Rural Chronic Homelessness Individuals Families with Children Mentally III veterans Persons with HIV/AIDS Victims of Domestic Violence Unaccompanied Youth
	Geographic Areas Affected	Service Area
	Associated Goals	Decent Housing (DH) 3.1 Decent Housing (DH) 3.2 Decent Housing (DH) 3.3 Decent Housing (DH) 3.4 Decent Housing (DH) 3.5 Decent Housing (DH) 3.6
	Description	Chronic homeless and all subpopulations including seriously mentally ill, chronic substance abuse, veterans, persons with HIV/AIDS, victims of domestic abuse; and youth (under 18). Goals address emergency and transitional homeless facilities/shelters; operating costs of homeless facilities; essential, supportive, and stabilization services; rapid re-housing and homeless prevention.
	Basis for Relative Priority	HUD priority to end homelessness.
6	Priority Need Name	Housing: Homeowners

	Priority Level	High
	Population	Extremely Low Low Moderate Large Families Families with Children Elderly Elderly Frail Elderly Persons with Mental Disabilities Persons with Physical Disabilities Persons with Developmental Disabilities Persons with Alcohol or Other Addictions Persons with HIV/AIDS and their Families
	Geographic Areas Affected	Service Area
	Associated Goals	Decent Housing (DH) 2.1 Decent Housing (DH) 2.2 Decent Housing (DH) 2.3 Decent Housing (DH) 2.4
	Description	low, very-low, and extremely-low income homeowners
	Basis for Relative Priority	Rehabilitation include moderate rehabilitation; water and sewer connections; septic tanks; water wells and minor repairs.
7	Priority Need Name	Housing: Renters
	Priority Level	High
	Population	Extremely Low Low Large Families Families with Children Elderly
	Geographic Areas Affected	Service Area

	Associated	Decemble using (DII) 1.2
	Associated	Decent Housing (DH) 1.2
	Goals	Decent Housing (DH) 3.6
		Decent Housing (DH) 3.6
	Description	Renters. Goals address rental assistance, rent deposits, and utility deposits.
	Basis for	Renters more vunerable than owners.
	Relative	
	Priority	
8	Priority Need	Housing: First-time homebuyers
	Name	,
	Priority Level	High
	Population	Extremely Low
		Low
		Moderate
		Large Families
		Families with Children
		Elderly
		Elderly
		Frail Elderly
		Persons with Mental Disabilities
		Persons with Physical Disabilities
		Persons with Developmental Disabilities
		Persons with Alcohol or Other Addictions
		Persons with HIV/AIDS and their Families
		Victims of Domestic Violence
	Geographic	Service Area
	Areas	
	Affected	
	Associated	Decent Housing (DH) 1.1
	Goals	Decent Housing (DH) 4.1
	Description	First time homebuyers. Goals address homebuyer assistance including
	Description	downpayment and closing costs assistance, and new construction of housing.
	Basis for	Affordability of safe and decent housing with public services.
	Relative	
	Priority	
9	Priority Need	Housing: CHDO
	Name	
	Priority Level	High

	Population	Extremely Low
		Low
		Moderate
		Large Families
		Families with Children
		Elderly
		Elderly
		Frail Elderly
		Persons with Mental Disabilities
		Persons with Physical Disabilities
		Persons with Developmental Disabilities
		Persons with Alcohol or Other Addictions
		Victims of Domestic Violence
	Geographic	Service Area
	Areas	
	Affected	
	Associated	Decent Housing (DH) 1.3
	Goals	
	Description	Community Housing Development Organization (CHDO). Goal address Community
	•	Housing Development Organization to provide new construction of homeowner
		and rental housing and downpayment and closing costs assistance.
	Basis for	Need for neighborhood or local input into affordable housing.
	Relative	
	Priority	
10	Priority Need	Housing: Special Needs
	Name	
	Priority Level	High

	Population	Extremely Low
	•	Low
		Moderate
		Large Families
		Families with Children
		Elderly
		Elderly
		Frail Elderly
		Persons with Mental Disabilities
		Persons with Physical Disabilities
		Persons with Developmental Disabilities
		Persons with Alcohol or Other Addictions
		Victims of Domestic Violence
	Geographic	Service Area
	Areas	
	Affected	
	Associated	Decent Housing (DH) 1.1
	Goals	Decent Housing (DH) 1.2
		Decent Housing (DH) 2.1
		Decent Housing (DH) 2.2
		Decent Housing (DH) 2.3
		Decent Housing (DH) 2.4
		Decent Housing (DH) 4.1
		Decent Housing (DH) 4.2
		Decent Housing (DH) 4.3
	Description	Special Needs Housing. Goals address homeowner, renter, and first time
	•	homebuyer program for special needs populations.
	Basis for	Need for permanent supportive housing (PSH) for most vunerable populations.
	Relative	
	Priority	
11	Priority Need	Public Facilities/Improvements
	Name	
	Priority Level	High

	Damulati	Future made de acceptant
	Population	Extremely Low
		Low Moderate
		Large Families Families with Children
		Elderly
		Elderly
		Frail Elderly Persons with Mental Disabilities
		Persons with Physical Disabilities
		Persons with Developmental Disabilities
		Persons with Alcohol or Other Addictions
		Persons with HIV/AIDS and their Families
	Geographic	Service Area
	Areas	
	Affected	
	Associated	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.1
	Goals	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.2
		Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3
		Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.4
		Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.5
		Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.2
		Economic Development (ED) 2.1
		Economic Development (ED) 2.2
		Economic Development (ED) 2.3
		Economic Development (ED) 2.4
		Economic Development (ED) 2.5
		Economic Development (ED) 2.6
		Economic Development (ED) 2.7
	Description	Residents of low and moderate-income areas. Facilities and improvements
	-	include water and sewer improvements; street improvements; flood and drainage
		improvements; park facilities; community/neighborhood facilities and planning
		activities.
	Basis for	Increased population, increasing demand for basic services especially in
	Relative	underserved areas.
	Priority	
12	Priority Need	Economic Development: Illiterate persons
	Name	
	Priority Level	High
	,	1 5

	Population	Extremely Low
		Low
		Moderate
		Other
	Geographic	Service Area
	Areas	
	Affected	
	Associated	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.3
	Goals	Economic Development (ED) 1.1
	Description	Economic Development. Goals address literacy and employment training services.
	Basis for	Basic need for literacy impacts a persons options for health, housing, and
	Relative	employment.
	Priority	
13	Priority Need	Economic Development: Facilities/Improvements
	Name	
	Priority Level	High
	Population	Extremely Low
		Low
		Moderate
		Large Families
		Families with Children
		Elderly
		Elderly
		Frail Elderly
		Persons with Mental Disabilities
		Persons with Physical Disabilities
		Persons with Developmental Disabilities
		Persons with Alcohol or Other Addictions
		Persons with HIV/AIDS and their Families
		Victims of Domestic Violence
	Geographic	Service Area
	Areas	
	Affected	

Associated	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.1
Goals	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.2
	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3
	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.4
	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.5
	Economic Development (ED) 2.1
	Economic Development (ED) 2.2
	Economic Development (ED) 2.3
	Economic Development (ED) 2.4
	Economic Development (ED) 2.5
	Economic Development (ED) 2.6
	Economic Development (ED) 2.7
Description	Economic Development: Public Facilities and Improvements. Goals address water and sewer improvements; street improvements; flood and drainage improvements; park facilities; community and neighborhood facilities and planning activities.
5	
Basis for	Basic services benefit residents of low-income areas but also provide employment
Relative	opportunites and economic growth of areas.
Priority	

Narrative (Optional)

The FYs 2015-2020 needs listed above reflect needs identified in the County's previous Consolidated Plans and the County's long-term commitment to address these needs. The County also has identified new and emerging needs. The County's continued rapid growth has increased the need and demand for services and infrastructure.

SP-30 Influence of Market Conditions – 91.215 (b)

Influence of Market Conditions

the use of funds available for housing type
According to 2010 Census, Fort Bend County's renter-occupied housing units
composed 20.1 percent of the total number of occupied housing units in the
County. In addition, the County had a 95.1 percent occupancy rate and a 4.9
percent vacancy rate. Overall, there were few rental housing units compared to
the number of owner occupied housing units. Moreover, very few rental housing
units were available for rent at any given time. Generally, the cost of rental
housing is increasing due to the shortage of available rental housing. The costs,
size, location and condition of rental housing units, especially multifamily housing
units, varied considerably within the County. The County's large size (875 square
miles) and the lack of a mass transportation system continues to limit access to all
areas of the County especially for residents without access to a private vehicle.
Owners and property managers of the newer, larger, multi-family developments
often require prospective tenants to have an income from two to three times the
monthly rent, a good credit rating, and to pass a criminal background check.
Owners and property managers also refuse to rent housing units to individual and
families using government rental assistance.
As stated in the TBRA section above, there is a lack of rental housing units in Fort
Bend County. Housing units that are affordable and accessible to the physically
disabled are few compared to the overall number of total housing units. The lack
of public transportation further limits the number of rental housing units
available for non-homeless special needs individuals and families in the County.
Owners and property managers of the newer, larger, multi-family developments
often require prospective tenants to have an income from two to three times the
monthly rent, a good credit rating, and a negative felony criminal background.
Owners and property managers also refuse to rent housing units to individual and
families using government rental assistance.
O F t U H S U I a O O I O H O O a O O I O

Affordable	Market Characteristics that will influence
Housing Type	the use of funds available for housing type
New Unit	During the period from 2000 to 2010, Fort Bend County added 81,119 housing
Production	units, an increase of almost 70 percent. However, the cost, size, location and
	condition of these housing units, varied considerably within the County. Three of
	the smallest communities within the County lost housing units and some small
	cities added a small number of units, only. In contrast, Sugar Land, Missouri City,
	Rosenberg, Houston and the unincorporated area of the County added thousands
	of housing units. The largest increase was in the unincorporated area of the
	County. Almost all these housing units were single-family, owner occupied units.
	This increase in housing units is driven by the excellent reputation of the public
	school districts and the numerous amenities provided with the relatively
	affordable housing constructed in the County's master planned communities. The
	Greater Fort Bend County Economic Development Council reports that the mean
	household income is \$112,893 and 40 percent of the County population is college
	educated. Low-, very-low- and extremely-low individuals and families are faced
	with the fundamental affordability problem that the costs of providing decent
	housing exceeds what low-, very low-, and extremely low-income homebuyers
	can afford to pay for housing even in a County with very few regulatory barriers
	to the development of affordable, market-rate housing.
Rehabilitation	Almost half of the County's housing units have been built in the last twenty years.
Rendomedion	The older parts of the County have the oldest housing stock. Usually, these
	housing units are wood-frame construction on pier and beam foundations. This
	type of housing unit requires regular maintenance. Extremely-low, low and very
	low or moderate income households often times postpone regular maintenance
	due to their economic circumstances.
	One issue with some of this housing is that it was built before building codes or in
	areas that still do not have building codes. These structures if not maintained are
	in very poor condition and require major rehabilitation. The estimated cost of the
	rehabilitation often exceeds the value of the structure.
	The County administered a small reconstruction program with Hurricane Ike
	disaster funds. The costs to replace a very modest home valued at or below
	\$30,000 averaged over \$120,000. The reconstructed modest homes were valued
	on average about \$85,000 on the tax roll. The reconstructed units have received
	tax appraisals and property tax and school district tax bills that tripled or
	quadrupled. The State of Texas does not provide any tax relief for properties
	assisted with federal funds besides the regular homestead exemption. The
	resulting cost burden facing these households with reconstructed housing may
	jeopardized their ability to remain in their homes in the long term.
	Jeoparaizea their ability to remain in their nomes in the long term.

Affordable	Market Characteristics that will influence
Housing Type	the use of funds available for housing type
Acquisition,	Fort Bend County is a rapidly growing community. The County is constantly
including	adding housing units. The majority of these units are single family housing. Many
preservation	of these units are expensive, luxury homes in master planned communities.
	However, more modest subdivision also have been or are being developed.
	According the 2013 ACS, the median value of owner-occupied housing in the County was \$183,600. Owner-occupied housing totaled 150,628 units and 113,461 units or 75% still had a mortgage. Only 567 of these units had a mortgage payments below \$500 per month.
	The issue of ever increasing property and school taxes impact the acquisition of housing. The subsidy provided homebuyers must be considerable to provide a cushion to slow the increasing cost burden facing the homebuyer. The long-term ability of homebuyers to sustain increasing housing costs year after year is uncertain.
	The burden of increasing taxes is more serious for multi-family housing since there is not homestead exemption and commercial property is taxed at a higher rate. These properties must set aside enough in capital reserves to cover taxes and maintenance that may increase over ten percent or more per year.

Table 3 – Influence of Market Conditions

SP-35 Anticipated Resources - 91.215(a)(4), 91.220(c)(1,2)

Introduction

Anticipated Resources

Fala		LAPC	cteu Amoui	nt Available Ye	Expected	Narrative Description	
Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Reminder of ConPlan \$	
public - federal	Acquisition Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services	2,222,391	0	0	2,222,391		CDBG used for public facilities and infrastructure, public services and housing.
public - federal	Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership		C	0			HOME Program funds used for housing.
	federal	federal Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services public - federal Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for	public - Acquisition federal Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services 2,222,391 public - Acquisition federal Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership	public - Acquisition federal Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services 2,222,391 0 public - Acquisition federal Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership	public - Acquisition federal Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services 2,222,391 0 0 public - Acquisition federal Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership	public - Acquisition federal Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services 2,222,391 0 0 2,222,391 public - Acquisition federal Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership	public - federal Acquisition Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services 2,222,391 0 0 2,222,391 8,000,000 public - federal Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership

Program	Source of	Uses of Funds	Ехре	cted Amour	nt Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description	
	Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Reminder of ConPlan \$		
ESG	public - federal	Conversion and rehab for transitional housing Financial Assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing (rental assistance) Rental Assistance Services						ESG Program funds used for homeless facilities and services.	
		Transitional housing	195,277	0	0	195,277	400,000		

Table 4 - Anticipated Resources

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied

CDBG: Fort Bend County encourages the leveraging of funds for CDBG funds. In the proposal review process, Fort Bend County gives proposals with leveraged funds points based on the percentage of matching or leveraged funds to total project costs. Each applicant must describe how matching funds for their proposed project will be provided and provide proof of match funds through letters of commitment. The majority of proposed projects provided documented match.

HOME: The use of HOME Program funds requires a match of local or private funds of twenty-five (25) percent. The County's Housing Rehabilitation Program match is provided through Fort Bend County General Revenue Funds. Fort Bend County HOME Program Request for Proposals (RFP) requires that each applicant include at least 28 percent match for the HOME Program funds requested. The County requests more match than the minimum to allow for ineligible match items. The HOME Program CHDO set-aside also requires match.

ESG: The use of Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Program funds requires a one-hundred (100) percent match of local or private funds. During the RFP process, each applicant for ESG Program funds must describe how matching funds for their proposed project will be provided. Proposed ESG projects without the 100 percent match and not eligible for funding.

If appropriate, describe publically owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan

CDBG: The CDBG, HOME, and ESG Programs are administered from Fort Bend County Community Development Department offices located at 301 Jackson, Suite 602, Richmond, Texas. Publicly owned property will be used for the public infrastructure projects, especially the water and sewer improvements that are sited in the public right-of-way (r-o-w). Some of the social service providers located in Fort Bend County's service area use County facilities such as community centers and libraries for their programs.

HOME: No HOME Program funds will be expended on improvements to publicly owned property. The HOME Program and the County's Housing Rehabilitation Program are administered from the offices of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department, 301 Jackson St., Suite 602, Richmond, Texas.

ESG: No ESG Program funds will be expended on improvements to publicly owned property. The ESG Program is administered from offices of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department, 301 Jackson St., Suite 602, Richmond, Texas.

Discussion

The County anticipates that HUD Program funding may decline in the next five years. The County's CDBG Program allocation has increased due to the County's population growth in the last two years. In contrast, the HOME Program allocation has been steadily declining in last few years. The County expects this trend to continue. The ESG Program funding has increased. This is due to the HUD priority to end homelessness.

SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure – 91.215(k)

Explain the institutional structure through which the jurisdiction will carry out its consolidated plan including private industry, non-profit organizations, and public institutions.

Responsible Entity	Responsible Entity Type	Role	Geographic Area Served
City of Arcola	Government	neighborhood	Other
		improvements	

Table 5 - Institutional Delivery Structure

Assess of Strengths and Gaps in the Institutional Delivery System

Fort Bend County is a relatively large entitlement area, 875 square miles. In addition, Fort Bend County is part of the greater Houston Metropolitan Area that includes Brazoria, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, and Waller Counties. The County's location within an even larger metropolitan area means that Fort Bend County's population has a high degree of economic and social integration with the populations of adjacent communities and/or jurisdictions. Thus, the County's institutional delivery system not only includes institutions located within Fort Bend County but institutions located in adjacent communities and/or jurisdictions. Some residents of the northern and eastern parts of the County may be closer to services and institutions located within the City of Houston than services and institutions located elsewhere in the County. Residents in the western and southern parts of the County may be closer to services and institutions located in neighboring counties. Some areas are not close to any services and institutions.

Transportation is an issue related to both housing and services especially for special needs populations. Persons without automobiles are limited in their employment, housing and services options. Almost every non-profit in the County provides transportation services. Fort Bend County also has established a transportation program in an effort to address this gap.

Availability of services targeted to homeless persons and persons with HIV and mainstream services

Homelessness Prevention	Available in the	Targeted to	Targeted to People					
Services	Community	Homeless	with HIV					
Homelessness Prevention Services								
Counseling/Advocacy	X	X						
Legal Assistance	X							
Mortgage Assistance	X							
Rental Assistance	Х	Х						
Utilities Assistance	Х	Х						

	Street Outreach	Services	
Law Enforcement	Χ		
Mobile Clinics	Х		
Other Street Outreach Services	Х	X	
·	Supportive Se	rvices	
Alcohol & Drug Abuse	X		
Child Care	Χ		
Education	Х		
Employment and Employment			
Training	Χ		
Healthcare	Х		
HIV/AIDS	Х		
Life Skills	Х		
Mental Health Counseling	Х		
Transportation	Х		
	Other		
			_

Table 6 - Homeless Prevention Services Summary

Describe how the service delivery system including, but not limited to, the services listed above meet the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth)

Fort Bend County is part of the Houston/Harris County Continuum of Care Rapid Re-Housing Funding Collaborative. The collaborative is part of the development and implementation of the CoC's Initiative to End Homelessness and the Need for Standardization of Service Delivery for Homeless Services. By redesigning the service delivery model for rapid re-housing, this model aligns resources across the CoC from multiple sources that fund financial assistance and case management and simultaneously provides a simplified, standardized monitoring requirement. Rapid Re-Housing assistance is offered without preconditions (such as employment, income, absence of criminal record, or sobriety) and offers resources and services tailored to the unique needs of the household. The characteristics of this approach include target services, housing stabilization case management, housing identification, financial assistance, and tailored services.

Describe the strengths and gaps of the service delivery system for special needs population and persons experiencing homelessness, including, but not limited to, the services listed above

The main strength of the service delivery system is the ability to rely on service providers in the City of Houston, Harris County and surrounding jurisdiction to supplement the services available within Fort Bend County.

The main gap is the lack of a general homeless shelter, transistional and supportive housing within Fort Bend County. Another gap is the transportation issue. The County has established a County transportation system that provides low-cost access to the Texas Medical Center, the Galleria, and Greenway Plaza in the City of Housing.

Provide a summary of the strategy for overcoming gaps in the institutional structure and service delivery system for carrying out a strategy to address priority needs

The main strategy for overcoming gaps in the institutional structure and service delivery system is the coordinating of the funding flowing into and out of the system for services and housing through Coordinated Access. In addition, more funding is needed for entitlement areas that do not receive funds that can be used for Coordinated Access of Rapid ReHousing and case management services.

Note: TheSP-40 table above was intentionally left blank. Previous attempts to complete the table resulted in the complete loss all narratives entered for the needs assessment and market analysis sections. This information is provided in the form of an appendix. (See Appendix E)

SP-45 Goals Summary – 91.215(a)(4)

Goals Summary Information

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
1	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: First-time	CDBG: \$0	Direct Financial Assistance
	(DH) 1.1			Housing	County	homebuyers	HOME:	to Homebuyers:
					Service Area	Housing: Special Needs	\$20,000	10 Households Assisted
2	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: Renters	ESG:	Tenant-based rental
	(DH) 1.2			Housing	County	Housing: Special Needs	\$20,000	assistance / Rapid
					Service Area			Rehousing:
								10 Households Assisted
3	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: CHDO	HOME:	Other:
	(DH) 1.3			Housing	County		\$150,000	1 Other
					Service Area			
4	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: Homeowners	CDBG:	Homeowner Housing
	(DH) 2.1			Housing	County	Housing: Special Needs	\$1,000,000	Rehabilitated:
					Service Area			50 Household Housing
								Unit
5	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: Homeowners	CDBG:	Homeowner Housing
	(DH) 2.2			Housing	County	Housing: Special Needs	\$800,000	Rehabilitated:
					Service Area			50 Household Housing
								Unit
6	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Homeowner Housing
	(DH) 2.3			Housing	County	Needs Illiterate Persons	\$200,000	Rehabilitated:
					Service Area	Housing: Homeowners		50 Household Housing
						Housing: Special Needs		Unit

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
7	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: Homeowners	HOME:	Homeowner Housing
	(DH) 2.4			Housing	County	Housing: Special Needs	\$100,000	Rehabilitated:
					Service Area			2 Household Housing Unit
8	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Homeless	Fort Bend	Homeless	ESG:	Homeless Person
	(DH) 3.1				County		\$25,000	Overnight Shelter:
					Service Area			1 Persons Assisted
9	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Homeless	Fort Bend	Homeless	ESG:	Tenant-based rental
	(DH) 3.2				County	Housing: Renters	\$100,000	assistance / Rapid
					Service Area			Rehousing:
								10 Households Assisted
10	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Homeless	Fort Bend	Homeless	CDBG:	Other:
	(DH) 3.3				County		\$75,000	2 Other
					Service Area		ESG:	
							\$250,000	
11	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Homeless	Fort Bend	Homeless	CDBG:	Public service activities
	(DH) 3.4				County		\$50,000	other than Low/Moderate
					Service Area		ESG:	Income Housing Benefit:
							\$100,000	50 Persons Assisted
12	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Homeless	ESG:	Tenant-based rental
	(DH) 3.5			Housing	County		\$10,000	assistance / Rapid
					Service Area			Rehousing:
								5 Households Assisted
13	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Homeless	ESG:	Homelessness Prevention:
	(DH) 3.6			Housing	County	Housing: Renters	\$20,000	5 Persons Assisted
					Service Area			

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Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
14	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: First-time	HOME:	Other:
	(DH) 4.1			Housing	County	homebuyers	\$100,000	20 Other
				Non-Homeless	Service Area	Housing: Special Needs		
				Special Needs				
15	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: Special Needs	HOME:	Other:
	(DH) 4.2			Housing	County		\$10,000	5 Other
				Non-Homeless	Service Area		ESG:	
				Special Needs			\$10,000	
16	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: Special Needs	CDBG:	Homeowner Housing
	(DH) 4.3			Housing	County		\$20,000	Rehabilitated:
				Non-Homeless	Service Area		HOME:	10 Household Housing
				Special Needs			\$50,000	Unit
17	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG:	Public Facility or
	Environment			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements	\$50,000	Infrastructure Activities
	(SLE) 1.1			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		other than Low/Moderate
						Facilities/Improvements		Income Housing Benefit:
								100 Persons Assisted
18	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG:	Public Facility or
	Environment			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements	\$50,000	Infrastructure Activities
	(SLE) 1.2			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		other than Low/Moderate
						Facilities/Improvements		Income Housing Benefit:
								100 Persons Assisted
19	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG:	Public Facility or
	Environment			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements	\$4,000,000	Infrastructure Activities
	(SLE) 1.3			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		other than Low/Moderate
						Facilities/Improvements		Income Housing Benefit:
								100 Persons Assisted

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FORT BEND COUNTY

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
20	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG:	Public Facility or
	Environment			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements	\$400,000	Infrastructure Activities
	(SLE) 1.4			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		other than Low/Moderate
						Facilities/Improvements		Income Housing Benefit:
								50 Persons Assisted
21	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG:	Public Facility or
	Environment			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements	\$50,000	Infrastructure Activities
	(SLE) 1.5			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		other than Low/Moderate
						Facilities/Improvements		Income Housing Benefit:
								50 Persons Assisted
22	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Public service activities
	Environment			Community	County	Needs Elderly	\$100,000	other than Low/Moderate
	(SLE) 2.1			Development	Service Area			Income Housing Benefit:
								100 Persons Assisted
23	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG: \$1	Public Facility or
	Environment			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements		Infrastructure Activities
	(SLE) 2.2			Development	Service Area			other than Low/Moderate
								Income Housing Benefit:
								100 Persons Assisted
24	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Economic Development:	CDBG:	Public service activities
	Environment			Community	County	Illiterate persons	\$50,000	other than Low/Moderate
	(SLE) 2.3			Development	Service Area			Income Housing Benefit:
								500 Persons Assisted
25	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Homeless	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Public service activities
	Environment			Special Needs	County	Needs Disabled	\$100,000	other than Low/Moderate
	(SLE) 2.4				Service Area			Income Housing Benefit:
								50 Persons Assisted

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FORT BEND COUNTY

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
26	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Homeless	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Public service activities
	Environment			Special Needs	County	Needs Abused Children	\$100,000	other than Low/Moderate
	(SLE) 2.5				Service Area			Income Housing Benefit:
								100 Persons Assisted
27	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Homeless	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Public service activities
	Environment			Special Needs	County	Needs Elderly	\$100,000	other than Low/Moderate
	(SLE) 2.6				Service Area	Public Services: Special		Income Housing Benefit:
						Needs Disabled		25 Persons Assisted
28	Economic	2015	2020	Non-Homeless	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG: \$1	Public service activities
	Development			Special Needs	County	Needs Illiterate Persons		other than Low/Moderate
	(ED) 1.1				Service Area	Economic Development:		Income Housing Benefit:
						Illiterate persons		500 Persons Assisted
29	Economic	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG: \$1	Public Facility or
	Development			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements		Infrastructure Activities
	(ED) 2.1			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		other than Low/Moderate
						Facilities/Improvements		Income Housing Benefit:
								50 Persons Assisted
30	Economic	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG: \$1	Public Facility or
	Development			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements		Infrastructure Activities
	(ED) 2.2			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		other than Low/Moderate
						Facilities/Improvements		Income Housing Benefit:
								50 Persons Assisted
31	Economic	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG:	Public Facility or
	Development			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements	\$100,000	Infrastructure Activities
	(ED) 2.3			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		other than Low/Moderate
						Facilities/Improvements		Income Housing Benefit:
								50 Persons Assisted

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FORT BEND COUNTY

Sort	Goal Name	Start	End	Category	Geographic	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
Order		Year	Year		Area			
32	Economic	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG: \$1	Public Facility or
	Development			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements		Infrastructure Activities
	(ED) 2.4			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		other than Low/Moderate
						Facilities/Improvements		Income Housing Benefit:
								50 Persons Assisted
33	Economic	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG: \$1	Public Facility or
	Development			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements		Infrastructure Activities
	(ED) 2.5			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		other than Low/Moderate
						Facilities/Improvements		Income Housing Benefit:
								50 Persons Assisted
34	Economic	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG: \$1	Homeowner Housing
	Development			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements		Rehabilitated:
	(ED) 2.6			Development	Service Area	Economic Development:		50 Household Housing
						Facilities/Improvements		Unit
35	Economic	2015	2020	Planning	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG:	Other:
	Development				County	Facilities/Improvements	\$30,000	1 Other
	(ED) 2.7				Service Area	Economic Development:		
						Facilities/Improvements		

Table 7 – Goals Summary

Goal Descriptions

1	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 1.1
	Goal	Provide down payment and closing costs to 10 first-time homebuyers. (2 housing units/households per year)
	Description	

2	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 1.2
	Goal Description	Provide rental assistance to ten (10) extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income renter-occupied households. (2 housing units/households per year)
3	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 1.3
	Goal Description	Assist one (1) neighborhood-based group become a CHDO for the HOME Program.
4	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 2.1
	Goal Description	Provide owner-occupied rehabilitation assistance to fifty (50) extremely low-income, low-income and moderate-income households (10 housing units/households per year)
5	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 2.2
	Goal Description	Provide housing repairs including roofs, minor repairs and septic tanks to 100 low and moderate-income owner-occupied housing units. (20 housing units/households per year)
6	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 2.3
	Goal Description	Provide water and/or sewer connections to at least fifty (50) low and moderate-income owner-occupied housing units/households. (10 housing units/households per year)
7	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 2.4
	Goal Description	Demolition and/or reconstruction of two (2) extremely-low, very-low, and low-income owner-occupied housing units. (0.4 housing units/households per year)
8	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.1
	Goal Description	Provide for the rehabilitation and/or reconstruction of at least one (1) new homeless shelter. (0.2 shelters per year)
9	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.2
	Goal Description	Provide rental assistance or rapid rehousing to ten (10) homeless persons/households. (2 persons/households per year)

10	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.3
	Goal Description	Provide operating funds to two (2) homeless shelters. (0.4 shelters per year)
11	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.4
	Goal Description	Provide essential or supportive services to at least fifty (50) homeless persons/households. (10 persons/households per year)
12	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.5
	Goal Description	Assist homeless persons in the transition to permanent housing by providing first month's rent and/or utility deposits/assistance to at least five (5) persons. (One person/household per year)
13	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.6
	Goal Description	Prevent homelessness by providing rent and/or utility deposits/assistance to at least five (5) persons/households. (One person/household per year)
14	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 4.1
	Goal Description	Decent Housing (DH) 4.1: Produce twenty (20) new units, especially for the special needs populations, elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities, persons with alcohol and drug addictions, and persons with AIDS. (4 housing units/households per year)
15	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 4.2
	Goal Description	Provide rental assistance for five (5) housing units accessible to the special needs population, especially elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities. (one (1) housing unit/household per year).
16	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 4.3
	Goal Description	Repair and/or rehabilitate ten (10) housing units for accessibility purposes for special needs population, especially for elderly persons and persons with disabilities.

17	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.1
	Goal	Reconstruction or paving of streets in at least one (1) community. (100 persons assisted)
	Description	
18	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.2
	Goal Description	Construction of flood drainage improvements in at least one (1) community. (100 persons)
19	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3
	Goal Description	Water and/or sewer improvements in at least five (5) communities. (One community per year) (100 persons)
20	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.4
	Goal Description	Construction of at least one (1) community or recreational center. (100 persons)
21	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.5
	Goal Description	Park improvements in at least one (1) community. (50 persons)
22	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.1
	Goal Description	Provide meals to at least 100 persons. (20 persons per year)
	Description	
23	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.2
	Goal	Construction of one (1) neighborhood community center to provide space for social service organizations and agencies.
	Description	(100 persons)
24	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.3
	Goal	Provide assistance to 500 illiterate persons. (100 persons per year)
	Description	

25	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.4
	Goal Description	Provide support and/or recreational services to fifty (50) handicapped/disabled persons. (Ten (10) persons per year)
26	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.5
	Goal Description	Provide services to 100 abused and/or neglected children (twenty (20) children per year.)
27	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.6
	Goal Description	Provide case management and other related services to 25 incapacitated and/or elderly persons. (Five (5) persons per year.)
28	Goal Name	Economic Development (ED) 1.1
	Goal Description	Provide assistance to 500 illiterate persons in the County. (100 persons per year)
29	Goal Name	Economic Development (ED) 2.1
	Goal Description	Reconstruction and/or paving of streets in at least one (1) community. (50 persons)
30	Goal Name	Economic Development (ED) 2.2
	Goal Description	Construction of flood drainage improvements in at least one (1) community. (50 persons)
31	Goal Name	Economic Development (ED) 2.3
	Goal Description	Construction of new water and/or sewer improvements in at least one (1) community. (50 persons)
32	Goal Name	Economic Development (ED) 2.4
	Goal Description	Construction of at least one (1) community or recreational center. (50 persons)

33	Goal Name	Economic Development (ED) 2.5
	Goal	Park improvements in at least one (1) community. (50 persons)
	Description	
34	Goal Name	Economic Development (ED) 2.6
	Goal	Provide housing assistance programs (tap-ins, septic tanks) in at least two (2) low- and moderate-income communities. (50
	Description	persons)
35	Goal Name	Economic Development (ED) 2.7
	Goal	Providing planning assistance to at least one (1) community. (100 persons)
	Description	

Estimate the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income families to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable housing as defined by HOME 91.315(b)(2)

Affordable housing according to the HOME Program regulation at 91.315(b) (2) refers to rental housing and homeownership.

During the period covered by this report, September 1, 2015 to August 31, 2020, Fort Bend County does anticipate providing assistance for the new construction of rental housing or providing homeownership assistance due to the relatively small amount of HOME Program funding the County receives from HUD.

The County does anticipate providing assistance to about 75 extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income households. The County will provide affordable housing through the Housing Rehabilatation Program (50 housing units/households) and through the Rapid ReHousing Program (25 households).

Note: Some five-year and one-goals are included under more than one HUD Ssrategic goal.

SP-50 Public Housing Accessibility and Involvement – 91.215(c)

Need to Increase the Number of Accessible Units (if Required by a Section 504 Voluntary Compliance Agreement)

Fort Bend County does not have a housing authority. The City of Rosenberg has a public housing authority that provides vouchers to residents of the City of Rosenberg only. There are no public housing units owned or managed by the Rosenberg PHA.

Activities to Increase Resident Involvements

Not applicable

Is the public housing agency designated as troubled under 24 CFR part 902?

N/A

Plan to remove the 'troubled' designation

Not applicable

SP-55 Barriers to affordable housing – 91.215(h)

Barriers to Affordable Housing

In its previous and current Consolidated Plan, the County has identified the major barrier to the development of affordable housing as the high cost of developable land with adequate water and sanitary sewer services. There are several areas in the County without public water and sewer systems or with inadequate private water and sewer services.

Fort Bend County does not impose any regulatory barriers to affordable and supportive housing. The County does not have any land use controls and there is no countywide building code. The existing permitting process focuses on the evaluation of base elevations for flood control and insurance purposes and the installation of septic tanks. Fort Bend County does not have any public policies that are excessive, exclusionary, discriminatory or duplicative aspects of other policies that may constitute barriers to affordability in the County.

Thus, the main barrier to affordable housing in Fort Bend County is the fundamental affordability problem: the costs of providing safe and decent housing with public water and sewer services exceeds what low income individuals and households can afford to pay for housing. There are few regulatory barriers in the unincorporated area of the County, however, the costs of providing decent, safe, affordable, housing is more than what most low and moderate income individuals and families can afford without severe cost burden.

Strategy to Remove or Ameliorate the Barriers to Affordable Housing

The strategy to remove the main barrier to affordable housing, the fundamental affordability of decent, safe, and affordable housing, is to provide a subsidy to either renters or homeowners. The County's main rental housing goal is to provide rental assistance to homeless individuals and families and individuals and families at-risk of homelessness. These goals will be implemented through the ESG Program and are stated as goals DH 3.2, DH 3.5, DH 3.6 and DH 4.2.

The County's main homeowner goals are to provide assistance to homeowners through the County's Housing Rehabilitation Program and FB CORPS Housing Minor Repair Program. The County increased the Housing Rehabilitation Program maximum amount to \$45,000 in order to provide more assistance to extremely-low, very low- and low-, and moderate-income homeowners. The Housing Minor Repair Program provides up to \$5,000 in assistance. These goals are addressed through goals DH 2.1, DH 2.2, and DH 4.3.

The lack of safe and dependable water and sewer service due to the relatively high development costs is the main barrier to affordable housing within the County's service area. During the period covered by this report, the County's highest priority need remains water and sewer infrastructure projects.

Typically, these projects are multi-year, multi-jurisdictional projects to improve water and sewer service to older neighborhoods within incorporated areas or to provide new public services to colonias located in the unincorporated area of the County that are not served by public services. This goal is addressed through DH 2.3, SLE 1.3, and ED 2.3.

SP-60 Homelessness Strategy – 91.215(d)

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

Fort Bend County is part of the Houston/Harris County Continuum of Care (CoC). Under the requirements of the Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing: Continuum of Care Program (HEARTH Act), The Houston/Harris County Continuum of Care has implemented a coordinated assessment system, The Way Home.

There are only two shelters in the County's service area, the FBC Women's Center and the Parks Youth Ranch. In the past, the County has provided assistance to both these facilities for shelter and operating costs. The County will continue to provide assistance during the period covered by this report.

The marketing and advertising of Coordinated Access are addressed as part of The Way Home. The Coordinating Entity will send information and updates regarding the Coordinated Access System via email to stakeholders, the 211 hotline, and the general public. The Coordinating Entity also distributes flyers and brochures and maintains information available on its website and to providers of housing and services. The Coordinated Access System is designed to allow anyone who needs assistance to know where to go to get that assistance, to be assessed in a standard and consistent way, and to connect with the housing/services that best meet their needs throughout the Houston/Harris County and Fort Bend County areas.

Addressing the emergency and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

The County' homeless strategy goals are to provide funding for emergency shelter rehabilitation, emergency shelter operations and services. These goals are listed as DH 3.1, DH 3.3, and DH 3.4. In addition, the implementation of Rapid ReHousing for homeless persons and families will provide housing first for homeless individuals and families. This goal is addressed through DH 3.2 and DH 3.5.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.

The County' homeless strategy goals are to provide funding to assist persons and families make the transition to permanent housing and independent living. Specifically, this goal is addressed through DH 3.5.

Help low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families who are likely to become homeless after being discharged from a publicly funded institution or system of care, or who are receiving assistance from public and private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education or youth needs

The County' homeless strategy goal is to provide funding for homeless prevention. This is addressed in goal DH 3.6.

SP-65 Lead based paint Hazards – 91.215(i)

Actions to address LBP hazards and increase access to housing without LBP hazards

During period covered by this report, Fort Bend County will continue to comply with HUD's lead-based paint regulation and keep abreast of any changes proposed regarding lead-based paint. The County will continue to contract with a certified contractor to perform lead assessments on properties built before 1978 that may contain lead-based paint.

The County also will continue to fund a housing minor repair program with CDBG Program funds. Housing repair assistance is limited to \$5,000. The repairs provided by this program are limited to roofs, foundation leveling, carpeting, flooring, and plumbing improvements that do not disturb painted surfaces.

The County also will conduct lead based paint inspections of properties provided assistance through the ESG Rapid Re-Housing and Homeless Prevention program activities. In addition, the County will continue to provide educational material regarding lead-based paint hazards and to use HOME and CDBG funds to evaluate and reduce lead-based paint hazards in homes and facilities.

How are the actions listed above related to the extent of lead poisoning and hazards?

There are thousands of homes with potential lead-based paint hazards within the County's service area. Unfortunately, the County only is able to provide assistance to a relatively small number of housing units per year, 7 to 8 housing units through the Housing Rehabilitation Program and 35 to 36 housing units through the housing minor repair program. This process is slowly increasing public awareness of potential lead-based paint hazards and reducing the finite number of housing units with potential lead-based paint hazards within the County's service area.

How are the actions listed above integrated into housing policies and procedures?

The HUD requirements for lead-based paint are incorporated into the guidelines for the County's Housing Rehabilitation Program and the Housing Minor Repair Program. In addition, these guidelines are used to assess public facilities and the sites of public service programs especially those that may provide assistance to children.

OMB Control No: 2506-0117 (exp. 07/31/2015)

SP-70 Anti-Poverty Strategy – 91.215(j)

Jurisdiction Goals, Programs and Policies for reducing the number of Poverty-Level Families

Fort Bend County has very little control over the factors that affect the number of poverty level families within its jurisdiction. The County is a rapidly growing community and, as a result, the number of poverty-level families is increasing as the overall population of the County continues to grow. The County's goals, programs, and policies attempt to reduce the number of poverty-level persons and families but also provide assistance and services to reduce the impact of poverty on individuals and families, especially those with special needs.

The County's public service needs, priorities, objectives and goals target not only low income persons but persons with special needs. These are persons are more vulnerable than the general low income population since they may have more than one barrier impacting their economic status. These goals are addressed through goals, SLE 2.3, SLE 2.4, SLE 2.5 and SLE 2.6. In addition, goals DH 3.1 through DH 3.6 address homeless persons and families and goals DH 4.1 through 4.3 address housing assistance to special needs persons and families.

How are the Jurisdiction poverty reducing goals, programs, and policies coordinated with this affordable housing plan

The County's overall goal of reducing poverty are reflected in the Consolidated Plan goals and in the programs provided funding through the CDBG, HOME and ESG Programs. The main CDBG programmatic action by the County to reduce the number of poverty-level families is the continued funding of the Literacy Council FBC Literacy Tutoring program. This program improves the literacy of adults throughout the County. In addition, the County will provide assistance to the elderly through Meals on Wheels program and provide case management through Catholic Charities. The County also provides assistance to the ARC and the Brazos Bend Guardianship Program. The County will use the ESG Homeless Prevention to provide assistance to households with income below 30% of MFI especially those households that are victims of domestic abuse and/or persons who may be eligible for SSI or disability income.

In addition, the County will encourage existing networks of social service providers to expand their efforts to coordinate referrals and services to address the needs of poverty-level families. The County also will encourage local social service providers to establish and expand case management systems for special needs, poverty-level families.

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OMB Control No: 2506-0117 (exp. 07/31/2015)

SP-80 Monitoring – 91.230

Describe the standards and procedures that the jurisdiction will use to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and will use to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and the comprehensive planning requirements

Fort Bend County's monitoring process is included in Appendix C.

Expected Resources

AP-15 Expected Resources – 91.220(c)(1,2)

Introduction

Anticipated Resources

Fı	Funds				it Available Ye	u. 1	Expected	Narrative Description
			Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Reminder of ConPlan \$	
'	ublic - ederal	Acquisition Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services	2,222,391	0	0	2,222,391	8,000,000	CDBG used for public facilities and infrastructure, public services and housing.

Funds public -		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available	
public -				•		Reminder of ConPlan \$	
federal	Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA	436,211	0	0	436,211	1,600,000	HOME Program funds used for housing.
public - federal	Conversion and rehab for transitional housing Financial Assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing (rental assistance) Rental Assistance Services Transitional housing	195 277	0	0	195 277	400 000	ESG Program funds used for homeless facilities and services.
	federal public -	Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA public - Gederal Conversion and rehab for transitional housing Financial Assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing (rental assistance) Rental Assistance	federal Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA 436,211 public - Conversion and rehab for transitional housing Financial Assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing (rental assistance) Rental Assistance Services	federal Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA 436,211 0 public - Conversion and rehab for transitional housing Financial Assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing (rental assistance) Rental Assistance Services	federal Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA 436,211 0 0 public - Conversion and rehab federal for transitional housing Financial Assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing (rental assistance) Rental Assistance Services	federal Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA 436,211 0 0 436,211 public - Conversion and rehab federal for transitional housing Financial Assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing (rental assistance) Rental Assistance Services	federal Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA 436,211 0 0 436,211 1,600,000 public - Conversion and rehab federal for transitional housing Financial Assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing (rental assistance) Rental Assistance Services

Table 1 - Expected Resources – Priority Table

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied

CDBG: Fort Bend County encourages the leveraging of funds for CDBG funds. In the proposal review process, Fort Bend County gives proposals

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with leveraged funds points based on the percentage of matching or leveraged funds to total project costs. Each applicant must describe how matching funds for their proposed project will be provided and provide proof of match funds through letters of commitment. The majority of proposed projects provided documented match.

HOME: The use of HOME Program funds requires a match of local or private funds of twenty-five (25) percent. The County's Housing Rehabilitation Program match is provided through Fort Bend County General Revenue Funds. Fort Bend County HOME Program Request for Proposals (RFP) requires that each applicant include at least 28 percent match for the HOME Program funds requested. The County requests more match than the minimum to allow for ineligible match items. The HOME Program CHDO set-aside also requires match.

ESG: The use of Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Program funds requires a one-hundred (100) percent match of local or private funds. During the RFP process, each applicant for ESG Program funds must describe how matching funds for their proposed project will be provided. Proposed ESG projects without the 100 percent match and not eligible for funding.

If appropriate, describe publically owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan

CDBG: The CDBG, HOME, and ESG Programs are administered from Fort Bend County Community Development Department offices located at 301 Jackson, Suite 602, Richmond, Texas. Publicly owned property will be used for the public infrastructure projects, especially the water and sewer improvements that are sited in the public right-of-way (r-o-w). Some of the social service providers located in Fort Bend County's service area use County facilities such as community centers and libraries for their programs.

HOME: No HOME Program funds will be expended on improvements to publicly owned property. The HOME Program and the County's Housing Rehabilitation Program are administered from the offices of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department, 301 Jackson St., Suite 602, Richmond, Texas.

ESG: No ESG Program funds will be expended on improvements to publicly owned property. The ESG Program is administered from offices of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department, 301 Jackson St., Suite 602, Richmond, Texas.

Discussion

The County anticipates that HUD Program funding may decline in the next five years. The County's CDBG Program allocation has increased due to the County's population growth in the last two years. In contrast, the HOME Program allocation has been steadily declining in last few years. The County expects this trend to continue. The ESG Program funding has increased. This is due to the HUD priority to end homelessness.

Annual Goals and Objectives

AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives

Goals Summary Information

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
1	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Homeless	ESG: \$0	Tenant-based rental
	(DH) 1.2			Housing	County	Housing: Renters		assistance / Rapid Rehousing:
				3	Service Area			20 Households Assisted
2	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: CHDO	HOME: \$0	Other: 1 Other
	(DH) 1.3			Housing	County			
					Service Area			
3	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: Homeowners	CDBG:	Homeowner Housing
	(DH) 2.1			Housing	County		\$105,000	Rehabilitated: 7 Household
					Service Area		HOME:	Housing Unit
							\$327,158	
4	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Housing: Homeowners	CDBG:	Homeowner Housing
	(DH) 2.2			Housing	County		\$231,000	Rehabilitated: 40 Household
					Service Area			Housing Unit
5	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Homeless	Fort Bend	Homeless	ESG:	Tenant-based rental
	(DH) 3.2				County		\$67,007	assistance / Rapid Rehousing:
					Service Area			5 Households Assisted

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
6	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Homeless	Fort Bend	Homeless	CDBG:	Homeless Person Overnight
	(DH) 3.3				County		\$30,000	Shelter: 250 Persons Assisted
					Service Area		ESG:	
							\$101,625	
7	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Homeless	Fort Bend	Homeless	CDBG:	Homeless Person Overnight
	(DH) 3.4				County		\$30,000	Shelter: 250 Persons Assisted
					Service Area		ESG:	
							\$101,625	
8	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Homeless	ESG: \$0	Tenant-based rental
	(DH) 3.5			Housing	County			assistance / Rapid Rehousing:
					Service Area			6 Households Assisted
9	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Homeless	ESG: \$0	Homelessness Prevention: 2
	(DH) 3.6			Housing	County	Housing: Renters		Persons Assisted
					Service Area			
10	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Homeless	ESG: \$0	Tenant-based rental
	(DH) 4.2			Housing	County	Housing: Renters		assistance / Rapid Rehousing:
				Non-Homeless	Service Area			1 Households Assisted
				Special Needs				
11	Decent Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG: \$0	Homeowner Housing
	(DH) 4.3			Housing	County	Needs Elderly	HOME: \$0	Rehabilitated: 5 Household
				Non-Homeless	Service Area	Public Services: Special		Housing Unit
				Special Needs		Needs Disabled		
						Housing: Homeowners		

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
12	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG:	Public Facility or
	Environment			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements	\$1,262,317	Infrastructure Activities other
	(SLE) 1.3			Development	Service Area			than Low/Moderate Income
								Housing Benefit: 600 Persons
								Assisted
13	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Public service activities other
	Environment			Community	County	Needs Elderly	\$38,905	than Low/Moderate Income
	(SLE) 2.1			Development	Service Area			Housing Benefit: 40 Persons
								Assisted
14	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Public service activities other
	Environment			Community	County	Needs Illiterate Persons	\$37,600	than Low/Moderate Income
	(SLE) 2.3			Development	Service Area			Housing Benefit: 200 Persons
								Assisted
15	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Homeless	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Public service activities other
	Environment			Special Needs	County	Needs Disabled	\$33,485	than Low/Moderate Income
	(SLE) 2.4				Service Area			Housing Benefit: 30 Persons
								Assisted
16	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Homeless	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Public service activities other
	Environment			Special Needs	County	Needs Abused Children	\$34,064	than Low/Moderate Income
	(SLE) 2.5				Service Area			Housing Benefit: 200 Persons
								Assisted
17	Suitable Living	2015	2020	Non-Homeless	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Public service activities other
	Environment			Special Needs	County	Needs Elderly	\$54,000	than Low/Moderate Income
	(SLE) 2.6				Service Area	Public Services: Special		Housing Benefit: 30 Persons
						Needs Disabled		Assisted

Sort	Goal Name	Start	End	Category	Geographic	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
Order		Year	Year		Area			
18	Economic	2015	2020	Non-Homeless	Fort Bend	Public Services: Special	CDBG:	Public service activities other
	Development			Special Needs	County	Needs Illiterate Persons	\$37,600	than Low/Moderate Income
	(ED) 1.1				Service Area			Housing Benefit: 100 Persons
								Assisted
19	Economic	2015	2020	Non-Housing	Fort Bend	Public	CDBG:	Public Facility or
	Development			Community	County	Facilities/Improvements	\$265,275	Infrastructure Activities for
	(ED) 2.3			Development	Service Area			Low/Moderate Income
								Housing Benefit: 200
								Households Assisted

Table 2 – Goals Summary

Goal Descriptions

1	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 1.2
	Goal Description	Provide rental assistance to ten (10) extremely-low, very-low, and low-income persons and/or families. (Two (2) persons and/or families per year.)
2	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 1.3
	Goal Description	Assist one (1) neighborhood-based group in becoming a CHDO for the HOME Program
3	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 2.1
	Goal Description	Provide owner-occupied rehabilitation assistance to fifty (50) extremely-low, very-low, and low-income households/housing units. (Ten (10) households/housing units.)

4	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 2.2
	Goal Description	Provide housing repairs including roofs, minor roofs and septic tanks to 100 low and moderate-income owner-occupied housing units/households. (Ten (10) housing units/households per year)
5	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.2
	Goal Description	Provide rental assistance or Rapid ReHousing to ten (10) homeless persons/households. (Two (2) persons/households per year)
6	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.3
	Goal Description	Provide operating funds to two (2) homeless shelter. (0.4 shelter per year)
7	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.4
	Goal Description	Provide essential and/or supportive services to at least fifty (50) homeless persons/households. (Ten (10) persons/households per year)
8	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.5
	Goal Description	Assist homeless persons in the transition to permanent housing by providing first month's rent and/or utility deposits/assistance to at least five (5) persons. (One persons/households per year)
9	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 3.6
	Goal Description	Prevent homelessness by providing rent and/or utility deposits/assistance to at least five (5) persons/households. (One person/household per year)
10	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 4.2
	Goal Description	Provide rental assistance for five (5) housing accessible to the special needs population, especially elderly persons and persons with disabilities. (One (1) housing unit per year.)
11	Goal Name	Decent Housing (DH) 4.3
	Goal Description	Repair or rehabilitate ten (10) housing units for accessibility purposes especially for elderly persons and persons with disabilities. (Two (2) housing units per year.)

12	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3
	Goal Description	Water and/or sewer improvements in at least five (5) communities. (One community per year) (100 persons)
13	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.1
	Goal Description	Provide meals to at least 100 persons. (20 persons per year)
14	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.3
	Goal Description	Provide assistance to 500 illiterate persons (100 persons per year)
15	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.4
	Goal Description	Provide support and/or recreational services to fifty (50) handicapped/disabled persons. (Ten (10) persons per year)
16	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.5
	Goal Description	Provide services to 100 abusede and/or neglected children (Twenty (20) children per year)
17	Goal Name	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.6
	Goal Description	Provide case management and other related service to twenty-five (25) incapacitated and/or elderly persons. (Five (5) per year).
18	Goal Name	Economic Development (ED) 1.1
	Goal Description	Provide assistance to 500 illiterate persons in the County. (100 persons per year)
19	Goal Name	Economic Development (ED) 2.3
	Goal Description	Construction of new water and/or sewer improvements in at least one (1) community. (Fifty (50) persons)

Projects

AP-35 Projects - 91.220(d)

Introduction

Fort Bend County anticipates receiving \$2,222,391 in FY 2015 CDBG, \$436,211 in FY 2015 HOME and \$195,277 in FY 2015 ESG Program funds.

Projects

#	Project Name
1	FY 2015 CDBG: CDBG Program Administration
2	FY 2015 CDBG: Housing Rehabilitation Program Administration
3	FY 2015 CDBG: FB CORPS Minor Repair Program
4	FY 2015 CDBG: Arcola Water System Improvements
5	FY 2015 CDBG: Beasley Sanitary Sewer System Rehabilitation
6	FY 2015 CDBG: Kendleton Sanitary Sewer System Rehabilitation
7	FY 2015 CDBG: MUD No. 19: Riverwood Water System Improvements
8	FY 2015 CDBG: North Richmond Sanitary Sewer Improvements, Phase 7
9	FY 2015 CDBG: North Rosenberg Water Distribution Improvements
10	FY 2015 CDBG: ARC Social Recreation Program
11	FY 2015 CDBG: Blessed Be Hope for Three, Inc.
12	FY 2015 CDBG: Brazos Bend Guardianship Program
13	FY 2015 CDBG: Catholic Charities Integrated Case Management for Seniors
14	FY 2015 CDBG: Child Advocates Inc. Forensic Interviewer/Children's Services Coordinator
15	FY 2015 CDBG: FBC Women's Center Shelter Operations and Services
16	FY 2015 CDBG: FB Seniors Feeding Our Seniors
17	FY 2015 CDBG: Literacy Volunteers Tutoring
18	FY 2015 HOME: HOME Program Administration
19	FY 2015 HOME: CHDO Set-Aside
20	FY 2015 HOME: Housing Rehabilitation Program
21	FY 2015 ESG: Emergency Solutions Grant Program

Table 3 - Project Information

Describe the reasons for allocation priorities and any obstacles to addressing underserved needs

In its FY 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan and in all previous Consolidated Plans, the County identified the major barrier to the development of affordable housing as the high cost of developable land with adequate water and sanitary sewer services. The County encourages local communities with existing

water and sanitary sewer services to actively participate in the County's programs. There are several areas in the County without public water and sewer systems and/or with no and/or illegal, inadequate private water wells and septic systems. During FY 2015, the County will continue to provide assistance to communities with water and sewer needs especially those areas without public water and sewer systems.

AP-38 Project Summary

Project Summary Information

Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: CDBG Program Administration
Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
Goals Supported	Decent Housing (DH) 1.2
	Decent Housing (DH) 1.3
	Decent Housing (DH) 2.1
	Decent Housing (DH) 2.2
	Decent Housing (DH) 3.2
	Decent Housing (DH) 3.3
	Decent Housing (DH) 3.4
	Decent Housing (DH) 3.5
	Decent Housing (DH) 3.6
	Decent Housing (DH) 4.2
	Decent Housing (DH) 4.3
	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3
	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.1
	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.3
	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.4
	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.5
	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.6
	Economic Development (ED) 1.1
	Economic Development (ED) 2.3
Needs Addressed	Public Services: Special Needs Elderly
	Public Services: Special Needs Abused Children
	Public Services: Special Needs Illiterate Persons
	Public Services: Special Needs Disabled
	Homeless
	Housing: Homeowners
	Housing: Renters
	Housing: First-time homebuyers
	Housing: CHDO
	Housing: Special Needs
	Public Facilities/Improvements
	Economic Development: Illiterate persons
	Economic Development: Facilities/Improvements
Funding	CDBG: \$380,000
	<u> </u>

	Description	General Program Administration (limited to 20% of CDBG total). Administration includes reasonable costs of overall program management, coordination, monitoring, and evaluation. Such costs include (but are not limited to) salaries, wages, and related costs of the recipient's staff or other staff engaged in program administration, which includes (but is not limited to) providing information about the program, preparing program budgets and schedules, preparing reports, and other costs for goods or services needed for the administration of the program
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	All low and moderate income persons and families served by public facility, public improvements, housing, public service and economic development projects.
	Location Description	Fort Bend County Community Development Department
		301 Jackson Street
		Suite 602
		Richmond, Texas 774569
		281-341-4410
	Planned Activities	21A General Program Administration. Administration includes reasonable costs of overall program management, coordination, monitoring, and evaluation. Such costs include (but are not limited to) salaries, wages, and related costs of the recipient's staff or other staff engaged in program administration, which includes (but is not limited to) providing information about the program, preparing program budgets and schedules, preparing reports, and other costs for goods or services needed for the administration of the program.
2	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: Housing Rehabilitation Program Administration
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Decent Housing (DH) 2.1
	Needs Addressed	Housing: Homeowners
	Funding	CDBG: \$105,000
	Description	Project Administration for CDBG and HOME Program funded housing rehabilitation program. This activity is for all delivery costs (including staff, other direct costs, and service costs) directly related to carrying out housing rehabilitation.

	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	This program will provide assistance to an estimated eight (8) extremely low, very low, or low-income owner-occupied households/housing units.
	Location Description	The Fort Bend County Housing Rehabilitation Program is administered from the offices of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department. The office is located at 301 Jackson Street, Suite 602, Richmond, Texas, 77469.
	Planned Activities	14H Rehabilitation Administration. DH 2.1: Provide owner-occupied rehabilitation assistance to fifty (50) extremely-low, very low- and low-income households/housing units. (10 households/housing unitsper year)
3	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: FB CORPS Minor Repair Program
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Decent Housing (DH) 2.2
	Needs Addressed	Housing: Homeowners
	Funding	CDBG: \$231,000
	Description	Provide minor home repairs up to \$5,000 low and moderate-income, owner-occupied households/housing units.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	This project will provide assistance to 36 low and moderate-income, owner-occupied households/housing units.
	Location Description	FBC CORPs is located at 1004 Blume Road, Rosenberg, Texas 77471.
		This program is countywide. The County's service is described below.
		Fort Bend County CDBG funds can be used within the unincorporated areas of Fort Bend County, or within the incorporated limits of the following cities: Arcola, Beasley, Fairchilds, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford, and Thompsons. CDBG Program funds cannot be used to provide services for residents or fund projects within the cities of Houston, Katy, Missouri City, Pearland or Sugar Land.

	Planned Activities	14A Rehab; Single Unit Residential. This activity addresses DH 2.2: Provide housing repairs including roofs, minor repairs and septic tanks to 100 low and moderate-income owner-occupied housing units/households (20 housing units/households per year.); and DH 4.3: Repair or rehabilitate ten (10) housing units for accessibility purposes especially elderly persons and persons with disabilities. (Two (2) housing units/households per year)
4	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: Arcola Water System Improvements
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3 Economic Development (ED) 2.3
	Needs Addressed	Public Facilities/Improvements
	Funding	CDBG: \$265,275
	Description	This project will provide for the construction of new water lines in the northern portion of the City of Arcola. Six inch water lines will be installed along Dallas, Garland, Main, Macnicoll, HWY 6, and Howell Street.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	It is estimated that this project will benefit all the residents of the City of Arcola. According to the 2014 HUD data, there were 2,310 persons in the City of Arcola. Low and moderate-income persons composed 1,260 of this total. The City of Arcola is 54.55 percent low and moderate income.
	Location Description	The project is the construction of new water lines in the northern portion of the City of Arcola. Six inch water lines will be installed along Dallas, Garland, Main, Macnicoll, HWY 6, and Howell Streets.
	Planned Activities	03J Water/Sewer Improvements. This activity addresses SLE 1.3: Water and/or sewer improvements in at least five (5) communities (100 persons) and ED 2.3: Construction of new water and/or sewer improvements in at least one (1) community.
		The project is the construction of new water lines in the northern portion of the City of Arcola. Six inch water lines will be installed along Dallas, Garland, Main, Macnicoll, HWY 6, and Howell Street.
5	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: Beasley Sanitary Sewer System Rehabilitation
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area

	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3
	Needs Addressed	Public Facilities/Improvements
	Funding	CDBG: \$100,000
	Description	This project will replace an estimate 8,000 linear feet of eight (8) and ten (10) inch sanitary sewer line and thirty-five (35) manholes in the City of Beasley.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	This project will benefit 5,110 persons. An estimated 2,705 persons are low and moderate-income. The service area is 52.94 percent low and moderate-income.
	Location Description	The City of Beasley is located within 2010 Census Tract 6754, Block Groups 1 and 2. The total population of this service area is 5,110 persons. An estimated 2,705 persons are low and moderate-income.
	Planned Activities	03J Water/Sewer Improvements. This project addresses SLE 1.3: Water and/or sewer improvements in at least five (5) communities. (One (1) community per year) (100 persons)
		This project will replace an estimate 8,000 linear feet of eight (8) and ten (10) inch sanitary sewer line and thirty-five (35) manholes in the City of Beasley.
6	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: Kendleton Sanitary Sewer System Rehabilitation
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3
	Needs Addressed	Public Facilities/Improvements
	Funding	CDBG: \$220,542
	Description	The project provides for the rehabilitation of the City of Kendleton Sanitary Sewer System.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	This project will benefit a total of 445 persons. Low and moderate-income persons are 265 of the total. The City of Kendleton is 59.55 percent low and moderate income.
	Location Description	The City of Kendleton is located within 2010 Census Tract 6758, Block Group 3.

	Planned Activities	03J Water/Sewer Improvements. This project address SLE 1.3: Water and/or sewer improvements in at least five (5) communities. (One community per year) (100 persons)
		The project provides for the rehabilitation of the City of Kendleton Sanitary Sewer System.
7	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: MUD No. 19: Riverwood Water System Improvements
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3
	Needs Addressed	Public Facilities/Improvements
	Funding	CDBG: \$100,000
	Description	This project is the replacement of waterlines along Quebec, Vancouver, Winnipeg and Riverwood Drive within the Riverwood Subdivision.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	This project will benefit an estimated 700 persons in 181 households.
	Location Description	Fort Bend County Municipal Utility District (MUD) No. 19 and the Riverwood Subdivision are located directly north of the City of Rosenberg and south of the Brazos River. The Riverwood Subdivision includes only four streets, Riverwood, Quebec, Vancouver and Winnipeg.
	Planned Activities	03J Water/Sewer Improvements. This project address SLE 1.3: Water and/or sewer improvements in at least five (5) communities. (One community per year) (100 persons)
		This project is the replacement of waterlines along Quebec, Vancouver, Winnipeg and Riverwood Drive within the Riverwood Subdivision.
8	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: North Richmond Sanitary Sewer Improvements, Phase 7
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3
	Needs Addressed	Public Facilities/Improvements
	Funding	CDBG: \$276,500
	Description	This project will replace 3,280 linear feet of sanitary sewer line using the pipe bursting method.

	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	This project will benefit an estimated 795 persons. Low and moderate-income persons compose 525 persons of this total. The service area is 66.04 percent low and moderate-income.
	Location Description	The project site is within the City of Richmond along Preston Street between 10th and Pultar.
	Planned Activities	03J Water/Sewer Improvements. This project address SLE 1.3: Water and/or sewer improvements in at least five (5) communities. (100 persons)
		This project will replace 3,280 linear feet of sanitary sewer line using the pipe bursting method along Preston Street.
9	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: North Rosenberg Water Distribution Improvements
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 1.3
	Needs Addressed	Public Facilities/Improvements
	Funding	CDBG: \$300,000
	Description	This project upgrades existing six (6) inch water lines with twelve (12) inch water lines along Avenue D and Third Street within the City of Rosenberg.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	It is estimated that this project will benefit 1,975 persons. Low and moderate-income persons compose 1,430 persons of this total. The service area for this project is 72.41 percent low and moderate-income.
	Location Description	The project is located within 2010 Census Tract 6750, Block Group 2.
		The project is along Avenue D from 4th Street to Houston Street and along Third Street from Avenue E to Avenue D within the City of Rosenberg.
	Planned Activities	03J Water/Sewer Improvements. This project address SLE 1.3: Water and/or sewer improvements in at least five (5) communities. (one Community per year) (100 persons)
10	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: ARC Social Recreation Program
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area

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	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.4
	Needs Addressed	Public Services: Special Needs Disabled
	Funding	CDBG: \$33,485
	Description	The ARC of Fort Bend County will provide social and recreational activities for adults with mental retardation and related developmental disabilities.
		·
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number	It is estimated that this program with provide services to at least thirty-
	and type of families	five (35) handicapped/disabled persons.
	that will benefit from	
	the proposed activities	
	Location Description	
	Planned Activities	05B Handicapped/Disabled Services. This activity addresses SLE 2.4 Provide support and/or recreational services to fifty (50)
		handicapped/disabled persons. (10 persons per year.)
		This program will provide social and recreational activities to thirty-five (35) handicapped/disabled adults.
11	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: Blessed Be Hope for Three, Inc.
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.4
	Needs Addressed	Public Services: Special Needs Disabled
	Funding	CDBG: \$16,020
	Description	The Family Resources Program provides services for low and moderate-income families with children with autism.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	It is estimated that this program with provide assistance to sixteen (16) low and moderate-income families with children with autism.

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	Location Description	Blessed Be Hope for Three, Inc. is located at 11104 West Airport Boulevard, Suite 150, Stafford, Texas, 77477. This program's service area is countywide. The County service area is described below. Fort Bend County CDBG funds can be used within the unincorporated areas of Fort Bend County, or within the incorporated limits of the following cities: Arcola, Beasley, Fairchilds, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford, and Thompsons. CDBG Program funds cannot be used to provide services for residents or fund projects within the cities of Houston, Katy, Missouri City, Pearland or Sugar Land.
	Planned Activities	05B Services for the Disabled. This activity addresses SLE 2.4 Provide support and/or recreational services to fifty (50) handicapped or disabled persons. (10 persons per year).
		This program with provide assistance to low and moderate-income families with children affected by Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD) by providing referrals to appropriate service providers, schools and other services. In addition, the program provides financial assistance in obtaining therapies and services to qualified families with children diagnosed with autism.
12	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: Brazos Bend Guardianship Program
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.6
	Needs Addressed	Public Services: Special Needs Disabled
	Funding	CDBG: \$30,000
	Description	Program provides care management services for incapacitated adults. Services include legal, guardianship, money management, and related alternatives.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	This program will provided assistance to an estimated twelve (12) persons.

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	Location Description	Brazos Bend Guardianship is located at 830 3rd Street, Rosenberg, Texas 77471. The mailing address is P.O. Box 72, Rosenberg, Texas 77471. This program service area is county-wide. The County's service areas are described below. Fort Bend County CDBG funds can be used within the unincorporated areas of Fort Bend County, or within the incorporated limits of the following cities: Arcola, Beasley, Fairchilds, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford, and Thompsons. CDBG Program funds cannot be used to provide services for residents or fund projects within the cities of Houston, Katy, Missouri City, Pearland or Sugar Land.
	Planned Activities	05B Handicapped/Disabled Services. Activity addresses SLE 2.6: Provide case management and other related services to 25 incapacitated and/or elderly persons. (5 persons per year).
		Program provides case management services for incapacitated adults. Services include legal, guardianship, money management, and related alternatives.
13	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: Catholic Charities Integrated Case Management for Seniors
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.6
	Needs Addressed	Public Services: Special Needs Elderly
	Funding	CDBG: \$24,000
	Description	This project will provide a part-time case manager to provide an intensive integrated case management program based on the self-sufficiency model for seniors.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	The project will benefit forty (40) seniors.
	Location Description	The Catholic Charities Mamie George Community Center is located at 1111 Collins Road, Richmond, Texas 77469.

	Planned Activities	05A Senior Services. This activity addresses SLE 2.6: Provide case management and other related services to twenty-five (25) incapacitated and/or elderly persons. (Five (5) persons per year)
		This project will provide a part-time case manager to provide an intensive integrated case management program based on the self-sufficiency model for forty (40) seniors.
14	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: Child Advocates Inc. Forensic Interviewer/Children's Services Coordinator
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.5
	Needs Addressed	Public Services: Special Needs Abused Children
	Funding	CDBG: \$34,064
	Description	This project provides services to children that have been abused or neglected. This project will provide part of the salary for a forensic interviewer/children's services coordinator.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	It is estimated that this program will provide assistance to 560 abused and neglected children.
	Location Description	Child Advocates of Fort Bend is located at 5403 Avenue N, Rosenberg, Texas 77471. This program is countywide. The County's service area is described below. Fort Bend County CDBG funds can be used within the unincorporated areas of Fort Bend County, or within the incorporated limits of the following cities: Arcola, Beasley, Fairchilds, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford, and Thompsons. CDBG Program funds cannot be used to provide services for residents or fund projects within the cities of Houston, Katy, Missouri City, Pearland or Sugar Land.
	Planned Activities	05N Abused and Neglected Children. Activity addresses SLE 2.5: Provide services to 100 abused and/or neglected children. (20 children per year.)
		This project will provide assistance for part of the salary of a forensic interviewer/children's service coordinator.
15	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: FBC Women's Center Shelter Operations and Services

	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Decent Housing (DH) 3.3 Decent Housing (DH) 3.4
	Needs Addressed	Homeless
	Funding	CDBG: \$30,000
	Description	This project include providing operating and service costs including salaries for residential advocate coordinator, shelter director, facilities manager, and food services coordinator.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	It is estimated that this project will provide assistance to eighty (80) victims of domestic violence.
	Location Description	The FBCWC is a domestic violence facility. The address of the shelter is confidential. This project is countywide. The County's service area is described below. Fort Bend County CDBG funds can be used within the unincorporated areas of Fort Bend County, or within the incorporated limits of the following cities: Arcola, Beasley, Fairchilds, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford, and Thompsons. CDBG Program funds cannot be used to provide services for residents or fund projects within the cities of Houston, Katy, Missouri City, Pearland or Sugar Land.
	Planned Activities	05G Battered and Abused Spouse. Â This activity addresses DH 3.3: Provide operating funds to 2 homeless shelters and DH 3.4: Provide essential or supportive services to at least 50 homeless persons. (10 persons per year.) This project include providing operating and service costs including
		salaries for residential advocate coordinator, shelter director, facilities manager, and food services coordinator for the FBCWC.Â
16	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: FB Seniors Feeding Our Seniors
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.6
	Needs Addressed	Public Services: Special Needs Elderly
	Funding	CDBG: \$38,905

	Description	This project will provide assistance to purchase meals for the meals on wheels program for seniors.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	It is estimated that this project will provide assistance to forty (40) elderly persons.
	Location Description	Fort Bend Seniors is located at 1330 Band Road, Rosenberg, Texas 77471. This project's service area is countywide. The County's service area is described below. Fort Bend County CDBG funds can be used within the unincorporated areas of Fort Bend County, or within the incorporated limits of the following cities: Arcola, Beasley, Fairchilds, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford, and Thompsons. CDBG Program funds cannot be used to provide services for residents or fund projects within the cities of Houston, Katy, Missouri City, Pearland or Sugar Land
	Planned Activities	05A Senior Services. Â This activity addresses SLE 2.1 Provide meals to at least 100 persons. (20 persons per year.) This project will provide assistance to purchase meals for the meals on wheels program for seniors.
17	Project Name	FY 2015 CDBG: Literacy Volunteers Tutoring
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.3 Economic Development (ED) 1.1
	Needs Addressed	Public Services: Special Needs Illiterate Persons
	Funding	CDBG: \$37,600
	Description	This project will provide partial salaries for the program director and administrative coordinator and consumables and supplies.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	It is estimated that this project will provide assistance to 255 illiterate persons.

	Location Description	Literacy Volunteers for Fort Bend County is located at 12530 Emily Court, Sugar Land, Texas 77478. This project's service area is countywide. The County's service area is described below. Fort Bend County CDBG funds can be used within the unincorporated areas of Fort Bend County, or within the incorporated limits of the following cities: Arcola, Beasley, Fairchilds, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford, and Thompsons. CDBG Program funds cannot be used to provide services for residents or fund projects within the cities of Houston, Katy, Missouri City, Pearland or Sugar Land
	Planned Activities	05H Employment Training. This activity addresses SLE 2.3 Provide assistance to 500 illiterate persons (100 persons per year) and ED 1.1 Provide assistance to 500 illiterate persons in the County (100 persons per year.)
		This project will provide partial salaries for the program director and administrative coordinator and consumables and supplies for programs for illiterate persons.
18	Project Name	FY 2015 HOME: HOME Program Administration
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Decent Housing (DH) 1.2 Decent Housing (DH) 1.3 Decent Housing (DH) 2.1 Decent Housing (DH) 3.2 Decent Housing (DH) 3.5 Decent Housing (DH) 3.6 Decent Housing (DH) 4.2 Decent Housing (DH) 4.3
	Needs Addressed	Housing: Homeowners Housing: Renters Housing: First-time homebuyers Housing: CHDO Housing: Special Needs
	Funding	HOME: \$43,621

	Description	General Program Administration (limited to 10% of HOME total). Administration includes reasonable costs of overall program management, coordination, monitoring, and evaluation. Such costs include (but are not limited to) salaries, wages, and related costs of the recipient's staff or other staff engaged in program, preparing program budgets and schedules, preparing reports, and other costs for goods or services needed for the administration of the program.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	Seven families should benefit through the housing rehabilitation program.
	Location Description	HOME Program is administered from the offices of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department located at 301 Jackson Street, Suite 602, Richmond, Texas 77469
	Planned Activities	General Program Administration (limited to 10% of HOME total) Administration includes reasonable costs of overall program management, coordination, monitoring, and evaluation. Such costs include (but are not limited to) salaries, wages, and related costs of the recipient's staff or other staff engaged in program, preparing program budgets and schedules, preparing reports, and other costs for goods or services needed for the administration of the program.
19	Project Name	FY 2015 HOME: CHDO Set-Aside
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Decent Housing (DH) 1.3
	Needs Addressed	Housing: CHDO
	Funding	HOME: \$65,432
	Description	HOME Program requires that 15 percent of the HOME Program Allocation be set-aside for Community Housing and Development Organizations (CHDOs).
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	to be determined
	Location Description	to be determined

	Planned Activities	to be determined
		This project addresses DH 1.3: Assist one (1) neighborhood-based groups become a CHDO for the HOME Program.
20	Project Name	FY 2015 HOME: Housing Rehabilitation Program
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area
	Goals Supported	Suitable Living Environment (SLE) 2.1
	Needs Addressed	Housing: Homeowners
	Funding	HOME: \$327,158
	Description	This program provides up to \$45,000 in housing rehabilitation assistance to extremely-low, very low- and low-income homeowners.
	Target Date	8/31/2016
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	It is estimated that this program will provide assistance to seven (7) extremely low, very-low and low-income owner-occupied housing units/households.
	Location Description	This program is administered from the offices of the Fort Bend Community Development Department, 301 Jackson Street, Suite 602, Richmond, Texas 77469. This program is countywide. The County's service area is described below. Fort Bend County HOME funds can be used within the unincorporated areas of Fort Bend County, or within the incorporated limits of the following cities: Arcola, Beasley, Fairchilds, Fulshear, Kendleton, Meadows Place, Needville, Orchard, Pleak, Richmond, Rosenberg, Simonton, Stafford, and Thompsons. CDBG Program funds cannot be used to provide services for residents or fund projects within the cities of Houston, Katy, Missouri City, Pearland or Sugar Land
	Planned Activities	14A Rehab Single Unit Residential. This activity addresses DH 2.1: Provide owner-occupied rehabilitation assistance to 50 extremely-low, low-income households/housing units (10 house units/households per year.) and DH 4.3 Repair or rehabilitate ten (10) housing units for accessibility purposes especially for elderly persons and persons with disabilities. (Two (2) housing units/households per year.) Program provides up to \$45,000 in housing rehabilitation assistance to
		extremely-low, very-low and low-income owner-occupied homeowners.
21	Project Name	FY 2015 ESG: Emergency Solutions Grant Program
	Target Area	Fort Bend County Service Area

Goals Supported	Decent Housing (DH) 3.2 Decent Housing (DH) 3.3 Decent Housing (DH) 3.4 Decent Housing (DH) 3.5 Decent Housing (DH) 3.6
Needs Addressed	Homeless Housing: Renters
Funding	
Description	Fort Bend County expects to receive \$195,277 in ESG assistance during FY 2015. This program will provide assistance to homeless persons and families and persons and families at risk of becoming homeless. During FY 2015, \$14,645 will be allocated to ESG Program Administration; \$65,015 to the Parks Youth Ranch Emergency Shelter Operations and Essential Services; \$36,610 to the FBC Women's Center Emergency Shelter Operations and Essential Services; and \$12,000 to the Salvation Army for Homeless Prevention; and \$67,007 to Fulton Village Redevelopment for Rapid ReHousing and/or Stabilization Services for the homeless persons and families.
Target Date	8/31/2016
Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	It is estimated that the Parks Youth Ranch will provide assistance to 120 persons; the FBC Women's Center will provide assistance to 80 persons; the Salvation Army will provide assistance to five (5) persons; and that the Fulton Village Redevelopment Corporation will provide assistance to twenty (20) persons.
Location Description	This program will be administered from the office of Fort Bend County Community Development Department, 301 Jackson Street, Suite 602, Richmond, Texas 77469. The Parks Youth Ranch is located at 11614 FM 361, Richmond, Texas 77469. The FBC Women's Center is a domestic violence provider and its location is confidential.

Planned Activities

This program will provide assistance to persons and families at risk of becoming homeless and homeless persons and families. These activities address DH 3.2, DH 3.3, DH 3.4, DH 3.5, DH 3.6 and DH 4.2.

The service area for these programs is countywide. Both the Parks Youth Ranch and FBC Women's Center will expend ESG Program funds for emergency shelter operations and services.

The Salvation Army will expend ESG Program funds for homeless prevention and stabilization services for persons and families at risk of becoming homeless.

The Fulton Village Redevelopment Corporation will expend ESG Program funds for Rapid ReHousing and stabilization services for homeless persons and families.

AP-50 Geographic Distribution – 91.220(f)

Description of the geographic areas of the entitlement (including areas of low-income and minority concentration) where assistance will be directed

CDBG: According to Community Development Block Grant Program regulations, area benefit activities are defined by activity when the benefits are available to all the residents in a particular area and where at least fifty-one (51) percent of the residents are very low- and low-income persons. The FY 2015 CDBG-proposed projects, that qualify on this basis according to 2014 Local Government and/or Census Tract Block Group data provided by HUD. Public service projects qualify on a limited clientele basis, the family must be low and moderate income to receive assistance. Housing activities qualify when the household is low and moderate income and this assistance is available throughout the County service area. The County's public service and housing programs are county-wide.

Geographic Distribution

Target Area	Percentage of Funds
Fort Bend County Service Area	100

Table 4 - Geographic Distribution

Rationale for the priorities for allocating investments geographically

Infrastructure and facility costs far exceed the amount of CDBG Program funds available to serve low and moderate income communities in the County in any given program year. The County usually divides infrastructure and facility projects into phases and funds parts of the projects on an annual basis. Thus, most of the County's CDBG public improvement projects are multi-year and/or multi-phase projects. During FY 2015, the County will fund six projects: Arcola, Beasley, Kendleton, Riverwood, Richmond and Rosenberg. The total for these projects is \$1,262,317 in CDBG Program funds and they represent 56.80% of the total FY 2015 CDBG Program allocation.

All CDBG public service and housing programs are county-wide.

Discussion

HOME: According the HOME regulation, all households assisted must be below 80% low income. All clients for the County Rehabilitation Program qualify on basis of household income. This program is county-wide, available to all low income homeowners in the County service area.

ESG: Program funds provide assistance to homeless individuals and families to prevent homelessness to individuals and families. These programs are county-wide, available to all individuals and families in the County service area.

Affordable Housing

AP-55 Affordable Housing - 91.220(g)

Introduction

Fort Bend County addresses the need for affordable housing in Decent Housing Objective 1: Provide assistance to increase the availability of standard quality housing to extremely low income, low income and moderate income households; Decent Housing Objective 2: Provide housing rehabilitation to owner-occupied and renter-occupied households; Decent Housing Objective 3: Provide a Continuum of Care to potential homeless and homeless persons and Decent Housing Objective 4: Provide housing assistance to special needs persons and families.

One Year Goals for the Number of Households to	be Supported
Homeless	220
Non-Homeless	10
Special-Needs	20
Total	250

Table 5 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Requirement

One Year Goals for the Number of Households Sup	ported Through
Rental Assistance	0
The Production of New Units	0
Rehab of Existing Units	7
Acquisition of Existing Units	0
Total	7

Table 6 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Type

Discussion

Table 5: The total in Table 5 includes the number of homeless persons provided assistance by the FBC Women's Center (120) and the Parks Youth Ranch (100). The ten (10) non-homeless persons is the assistance expected to be provide through homelessness prevention assistance through the ESG Program. These funds will be allocated during FY 2015. The twenty (20) special needs persons expected to be provided assistance through the FB CORPS Minor Housing Repair Program and the County Housing Rehabilitation Program.

Table 6: The total in table 6 includes the seven (7) persons/households expected to be provided assistance through the County Housing Rehabilitation Program. The County does not expect to provide

during FY 2015.

AP-60 Public Housing – 91.220(h)

Introduction

This section is not applicable. Fort Bend County does not have a public housing authority. There is no public housing in Fort Bend County's service area. The City of Rosenberg has a public housing authority that provides assistance in the form of rental assistance certificates to the residents of the City of Rosenberg, only. The Rosenberg PHA does not have any public housing.

Actions planned during the next year to address the needs to public housing

Not applicable.

Actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

Not applicable.

If the PHA is designated as troubled, describe the manner in which financial assistance will be provided or other assistance

Not applicable.

Discussion

Not applicable.

AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities – 91.220(i) Introduction

During FY 2015, Fort Bend County will use both CDBG and ESG Program funds to address homeless and other special needs activities. The County's homeless goals and objectives are listed under Decent Housing Objective 3: Provide a Continuum of Care to potential homeless and homeless persons. There are six goals under this objective.

Note: Some of the projects address more than one goal and/or objective.

Describe the jurisdictions one-year goals and actions for reducing and ending homelessness including

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

During FY 2015, Fort Bend County will address several homeless and other special needs goals. The County will address emergency shelter housing needs by providing CDBG and ESG assistance to the FBC Women's Center and the Parks Youth Ranch) for operating and services. The County also will provide assistance to homeless persons and families to make the transition to permanent housing and independent living by continuing to fund the Shelter Plus Care Program for the FBC Women's Center. The County also will fund homeless prevention and rapid rehousing with ESG Program funds.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

The County will address emergency shelter housing needs by providing FY 2015 CDBG and ESG Program funds to the FBC Women's Center and FY 2015 ESG Program funds the Parks Youth Ranch for shelter operating and services costs. There are not any transitional housing facilities in the Fort Bend County service area to address the need for transitional housing in the County service area.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again

The County also will fund homeless prevention and rapid rehousing with ESG Program funds. The

Salvation Army will administer homeless prevention assistance for the County. The County is working with the Continuum of Care to develop a coordinated access system to provide assistance in the Continuum service area. ESG Program funds are being allocated to the Coordinated Access financial intermediary to provide Rapid ReHousing assistance for the County.

The County also will continue to provide assistance to homeless persons and families to make the transition to permanent housing and independent living through the County Shelter Plus Care Program administered by the FBC Women's Center.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); or, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs.

During FY 2015, the County also will fund homeless prevention and rapid rehousing with ESG Program funds. The County is working with the Continuum of Care to develop a coordinated access system to provide assistance in the Continuum service area. Part of this system is an updated and Continuum wide discharge policy that addresses the needs of persons discharged from publicly funded institutions and provide case management and access to mainstream services.

Discussion

During FY 2015, Fort Bend County will fund several public service programs that address limited clientele, presumed benefit activities, persons with special needs. These projects include the ARC, Brazos Bend Guardianship, FBC Child Advocates, FBC Women's Center, FB Seniors Meals, Literacy Volunteers, and Catholic Charities Senior Case Management. In addition, Blessed Be Hope is a limited clientele project for disabled children and their families. These projects provide assistance to vulnerable populations to hopefully prevent them from becoming homeless since they have additional barriers, in addition to being low-income.

AP-75 Barriers to affordable housing - 91.220(j)

Introduction:

In its FYs 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan and in all previous Consolidated Plans, the County identified the major barrier to the development of affordable housing as the high cost of developable land with adequate water and sanitary sewer services. The County encourages local communities with existing water and sanitary sewer services to actively participate in affordable housing programs. There are several areas (colonias) in the County without public water and sewer systems or inadequate, illegal, private water well and septic tank systems.

Actions it planned to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment

Texas county government structure is expressly listed in the Texas Constitution, which makes counties functional agents of the state. Counties are limited in their actions to areas of responsibility specifically spelled out in laws passed by the Legislature. Texas counties have no land use controls, zoning, or building codes in the unincorporated areas. The County has some subdivision control over newer, recorded subdivisions. Unfortunately, tax policies affecting land are limited, also. There are independent tax districts that administer services in the unincorporated area of the County include MUDs, levee districts, and emergency services districts. These districts have their own board of directors and are not part of County government. State law does not require that existing water districts and MUDS provide service to nearby residents. When these districts do provide water and service services to areas outside their districts they charge more for out of district service.

The County ameliorates the negative effect of State water and sewer policies by providing assistance to local governments and water districts that have residents that are primarily low- and moderater-income. The County's main infrastructure goal is to provide assistance for basic water and sewer improvements.

Discussion:

The County is continuing it's long-term effort to provide basic water and sewer services to local governments and communities in the County. These projects often are the culmination of multi-year, multi-jurisdictional, multi-funded planning and implementation efforts.

When these water and sewer improvement projects are complete the County will be able to provide housing rehabilitation assistance to homeowners in many of these areas. Many homeowners in these areas have been ineligible for the housing rehabilitation program since their homes and/or properties

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did not have the public water and sewer service or the safe, legal, private water wells and septic tanks required to comply with HQS or the County's Housing Quality Standards.

AP-85 Other Actions – 91.220(k)

Introduction:

During FY 2015, Fort Bend County will undertake several actions to implement goals and objectives of the five year Consolidated Plan. These actions are discussed below.

Actions planned to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs

During FY 2015, the County will continue to gather information and data on the needs of the ever increasing number of Fort Bend County residents, especially the underserved. The continuing increase in population results in an ever increasing financial burden on local non-profits and local governments to keep up with the increasing demand for services. The County will continue to develop the capacity of non-profit organizations to meet the underserved needs of Fort Bend County residents.

The County also will continue to encourage the development of new non-profits including Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) and encourage non-profits from the City of Houston and/or Harris County to provide assistance to Fort Bend County residents.

During FY 2015, Fort Bend County will fund six water and sewer project to improve older existing systems. The County will continue the FY 2014 project to provide new water and sewer connections to three subdivisions in the Fresno area, a historically underserved area. The Fresno project is the culmination of a multi-year, multi-jurisdictional, multi-funding sources project to provide water and sewer service to colonias located within the County unincorporated area.

Actions planned to foster and maintain affordable housing

The County's priority is increasing the supply of affordable housing to extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income households. The first objective under this priority is to provide assistance to increase the availability of standard quality housing to extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income families. Accordingly, the County's five-year objectives include providing down payment and closing costs assistance, rental assistance, and the construction of new housing units for special needs populations, and assisting neighborhood groups to become CHDOs. The second objective under this priority is to provide housing rehabilitation to owner-occupied and renter-occupied households. The County's five-year objectives include providing owner-occupied rehabilitation grants, owner-occupied housing rehabilitation deferred loan payments, and rental rehabilitation assistance.

During FY 2015, Fort Bend County will continue to fund the Fort Bend CORPS Housing Minor Repair Program with CDBG Program funds. HOME Program funds are used to fund the County's Housing Rehabilitation Program. In addition, the County will continue to encourage and assist neighborhood

groups interested in becoming designated as a CHDO for the purpose of the HOME Program. Fifteen percent of the total HOME Program allocation is required to be set-aside for CHDOs. During FY 2015, the County will continue to work to develop a community-wide CHDO.

During FY 2015, Fort Bend County will continue to administering the FWSD No. 1 project to complete construction of a new water system for the Fresno community. Housing in the Fresno area and other colonias in the County were developed without public water and sewer systems.

Actions planned to reduce lead-based paint hazards

During FY 2015, the County will continue to comply with HUD's lead-based paint regulation and keep abreast of the forthcoming changes proposed regarding lead-based paint. The County will continue to contract with a certified contractor to perform lead assessments on properties built before 1978 that may contain lead-based paint.

The County also will continue to fund a housing minor repair program with CDBG Program funds. Housing repair assistance is limited to \$5,000. The repairs provided by this program are limited to roofs, foundation leveling, carpeting, flooring, and plumbing improvements that do not disturb painted surfaces.

The County also will conduct lead based paint inspections of properties provided assistance through the ESG Rapid Re-Housing and Homeless Prevention program activities. In addition, the County will continue to provide educational material regarding lead-based paint hazards and to use HOME and CDBG funds to evaluate and reduce lead-based paint hazards in homes and facilities.

Actions planned to reduce the number of poverty-level families

Fort Bend County has very little control over the factors that affect the number of poverty level families within its jurisdiction. The County is a rapidly growing community and, as a result, the number of poverty-level families is increasing as the overall population of the County continues to grow.

During FY 2015, the County will use ESG Homeless Prevention funds to provide assistance to households with income below 30% of MFI. The priority households include victims of domestic abuse and/or persons who may be eligible for SSI or disability income. In addition, the County will encourage existing networks of social service providers to expand their efforts to coordinate referrals and services to address the needs of poverty-level families. The County also will encourage local social service providers to establish and expand case management systems for poverty-level families. The main programmatic actions by the County to reduce the number of poverty-level families is the continued funding of the Literacy Council FBC Literacy Tutoring Program, the Meal on Wheels program, Brazos Bend Guardianship Program and the senior case management and other programs that serve special needs populations.

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Actions planned to develop institutional structure

The County will continue to work with other County departments, local governments, non-profit and for-profit organizations, neighborhood groups, and interested individuals to develop the capacity of each of these groups to apply for, operate, and maintain programs and projects. The staff of the Community Development Department will continue its outreach activities with these groups as time permits.

The fluctuations in HOME Program funding levels have made the development of a CHDO more difficult. The County's FY 2012 HOME Program funding was reduced by 26 percent from FY 2011. As a result, there were only enough HOME Program funds to fund the County's Housing Rehabilitation Program, program administration and the required CHDO set-aside. As a result of this reduction, the department did not issue a FY 2012 or FY 2013 RFP for the HOME Program.

The County also will continue to work with Coalition for the Homeless Houston/Harris County to continue the full implementation of the centralized and/or coordinated assessment system required by the ESG Program regulation and improve participation in the HMIS by County service providers.

Currently, there is a lack of financial resources available to fund the development of institutional structure of non-profit organizations. The County encourages non-profits to work together to increase their institutional capacity.

Local governments, especially small ones are having difficulty in maintaining current levels of institutional structure and services especially water and sewer services. The County provides engineering services as part of water and sewer project activities. The County also provides planning assistance to local governments when funding is available.

Actions planned to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies

The staff of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department will continue to work with other County departments, local governments, non-profits, neighborhood groups, and interested individuals to improve communication and coordination among groups. The department also maintains a mailing list of individuals and organizations interested in various housing and community development issues. The department will continue to provide information to interested individuals and organizations, and to work with groups with similar interests in the development of projects.

The Community Development Department staff participates in the Fort Bend Alliance, a network of service organizations that meet to share information and resources that benefit the citizens of Fort Bend County. The alliance is a network of educational, religious, governmental law enforcement, and human

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service organizations throughout the County. The Community Development Department Director continues to serve as an ex-officio member of the Board of Directors of the Fort Bend County Housing Finance Corporation. The Community Development Department Director also serves on the Houston Area Emergency Shelter and Food Program (ESFP) Coordinating Board and the Coalition For the Homeless Steering Committee. As stated previously, the County is continuing to work to develop a countywide CHDO that will access the County's CHDO set-aside.

During FY 2015, the County will continue to work with Coalition for the Homeless Houston/Harris County to fully implement the centralized and/or coordinated assessment system required by the ESG Program regulation and improve participation in the HMIS by County service providers. The implementation of the coordinated system has required increased coordination between local governments, the Coalition and homeless shelter and service providers.

Discussion:

The County is in the first year of another five year Consolidated Plan cycle. The 2014 HUD low and moderate-income data was used to complete the new five year plan for FY 2015. Planning for the rapid growth of Fort Bend County is a considerable challenge. The continued growth of the County has made planning to improve the lives of the low and moderate income residents even more critical given the increased demands that growth has placed on local governments and public service providers in area.

Program Specific Requirements

AP-90 Program Specific Requirements – 91.220(I)(1,2,4)

Introduction:

The County does not anticipate any CDBG Program income during FY 2015.

Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG) Reference 24 CFR 91.220(I)(1)

Projects planned with all CDBG funds expected to be available during the year are identified in the Projects Table. The following identifies program income that is available for use that is included in projects to be carried out.

1. The total amount of program income that will have been received before the start of the next	•
program year and that has not yet been reprogrammed	0
2. The amount of proceeds from section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the year to)
address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in the grantee's strategic plan.	0
3. The amount of surplus funds from urban renewal settlements	0
4. The amount of any grant funds returned to the line of credit for which the planned use has no	t
been included in a prior statement or plan	0
5. The amount of income from float-funded activities	0
Total Program Income:	0
Other CDBG Requirements	
Other CDBG Requirements 1. The amount of urgent need activities	0
1. The amount of urgent need activities	0
	0
1. The amount of urgent need activities	0
 The amount of urgent need activities The estimated percentage of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that benefit 	0
 The amount of urgent need activities The estimated percentage of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that benefit persons of low and moderate income. Overall Benefit - A consecutive period of one, 	0

HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) Reference 24 CFR 91.220(I)(2)

1. A description of other forms of investment being used beyond those identified in Section 92.205 is as follows:

No other forms of investment are being used during FY 2015.

- 2. A description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HOME funds when used for homebuyer activities as required in 92.254, is as follows:
 - At the time of this report, the County does not anticipate using HOME Program funds for homebuyer activities during FY 2015.
- 3. A description of the guidelines for resale or recapture that ensures the affordability of units acquired with HOME funds? See 24 CFR 92.254(a)(4) are as follows:
 - At the time of this report, the County does not anticipate using HOME Program funds for acquisition activities during FY 2015.
- 4. Plans for using HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing that is rehabilitated with HOME funds along with a description of the refinancing guidelines required that will be used under 24 CFR 92.206(b), are as follows:
 - At the time of this report, the County does not anticipate using HOME Program funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing rehabilitated with HOME Program funds.

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Reference 91.220(I)(4)

- 1. Include written standards for providing ESG assistance (may include as attachment)
 - The County's written standards for providing ESG Program assistance are included in Appendix D.
- 2. If the Continuum of Care has established centralized or coordinated assessment system that meets HUD requirements, describe that centralized or coordinated assessment system.
 - The Houston/Harris County Continuum of Care has established a coordinated access system. This information is included in Appendix D.
- 3. Identify the process for making sub-awards and describe how the ESG allocation available to

private nonprofit organizations (including community and faith-based organizations).

The County maintains a mailing list of interested entities. The RFPs for CDBG, HOME and ESG are made available at the same time and are due to County on the same date, as part of the Consolidated Plan process. The Community Development Department evaluates the eligible applications and they are ranked by average score from the highest to the lowest. Funding is based on this order and the ESG Program maximums and minimums.

4. If the jurisdiction is unable to meet the homeless participation requirement in 24 CFR 576.405(a), the jurisdiction must specify its plan for reaching out to and consulting with homeless or formerly homeless individuals in considering policies and funding decisions regarding facilities and services funded under ESG.

The County requires that ESG Program subrecipients have representatives that are homeless or formerly homeless persons on their board of directors. The County also has established an appeal/grievance procedure for subrecipient's regarding program funding disputes. In the event, there is an appeal/grievance regarding the funding of an ESG Program subrecipient, the County will review the appeal/grievance issue. Part of the appeal/grievance process will involve the use of a volunteer reviewer provided by the Coalition for the Homeless to provide input regarding the issue(s) in dispute. This input will be used as part of the appeal/grievance process to determine the outcome. The volunteer reviewer will be selected to avoid any conflict of interest with the County and/or the subrecipient or any participant in the issue.

5. Describe performance standards for evaluating ESG.

The County's performance standards for the ESG Program are included in Appendix D.

Discussion:

The Way Home is the community plan to end homelessness for the Houston/Harris County Continuum of Care of which Fort Bend County is part. The plan outlines the steps to build a system in which no one would be homeless for more than 30 days. The first part of this system was implemented during FY 2014 with ESG Program funded Rapid ReHousing assistance. Fort Bend County is in the process of finalizing the County's initial participation in this system with FY 2014 CDBG and FY 2015 ESG Program funds.

SF 424 and CERTIFICATIONS

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 8/31/2016

Application for l	Federal Assistance S	SF-424				
* 1. Type of Submissi Preapplication Application Changed/Corre		New	* If Revisio	n, select appropriate letter(s):	Ĵ	
* 3. Date Received: 07/16/2015		olicant Identifier: 9157				
5a. Federal Entity Ide			5b. Fed	eral Award Identifier:		
State Use Only:					·	
6. Date Received by	State:	7. State Application	Identifier:			
8. APPLICANT INFO	DRMATION:					
* a. Legal Name: Fo	ort Bend County Tex	as				
* b. Employer/Taxpay	er Identification Number (E	IN/TIN):	I	anizational DUNS: 81497075		
d. Address:						
* Street1: Street2: * City:	301 Jackson Street Suite 602 Richmond				-	
County/Parish:	Fort Bend County					_
* State: Province:				TX: Texas	·	
* Country:			USA	: UNITED STATES		
* Zip / Postal Code:	77469-3108					
e. Organizational U	nit:					
Department Name:	lopment		Division	Name:		
f. Name and contac	t information of person	o be contacted on m	atters inv	olving this application:		
Prefix: Ms. Middle Name: * Last Name: Kin Suffix:	dell	* First Name	e: Mar	ilynn		
<u></u>	Development Depart	ment Director				
Organizational Affiliat						
* Telephone Number:	281-341-4410			Fax Number: 281-341-3762		
*Email: marilynn	.kindell@fortbendc	ountytx.gov				

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424
* 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:
B: County Government
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:
* Other (specify):
* 10. Name of Federal Agency:
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:
14.218
CFDA Title:
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program
* 12. Funding Opportunity Number:
* Till -
* Title:
13. Competition Identification Number:
Title:
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):
Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
* 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program
Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.
Add Attachments Delete Attachments View Attachments

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Application for Federal Assistance SF-4	124
16. Congressional Districts Of:	
* a. Applicant \ TX-009	* b. Program/Project
Attach an additional list of Program/Project Congress	sional Districts if needed.
	Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
17. Proposed Project:	
* a. Start Date: 09/01/2015	* b. End Date: 08/31/2016
18. Estimated Funding (\$):	
* a. Federal 2,22	2,391.00
* b. Applicant	
* c. State	
* d. Local	
* e. Other	
* f. Program Income	
* g. TOTAL 2,22	2,391.00
* 19. Is Application Subject to Review By State	
a. This application was made available to the	e State under the Executive Order 12372 Process for review on 07/16/2015.
b. Program is subject to E.O. 12372 but has	not been selected by the State for review.
c. Program is not covered by E.O. 12372.	
* 20. Is the Applicant Delinquent On Any Federa	al Debt? (If "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)
Yes No	
If "Yes", provide explanation and attach	
	Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
l because one time commiste and accurate to the	the statements contained in the list of certifications** and (2) that the statements be best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may be be be best of the contained by the containe
★* I AGREE	
** The list of certifications and assurances, or an i	internet site where you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency
specific instructions.	
Authorized Representative:	
Prefix: Honorable	* First Name: Robert
Middle Name: E.	
* Last Name: Hebert	
Suffix:	
* Title: County Judge	
* Telephone Number: 281-341-8608	Fax Number: 281-341-8609
* Email: ann.werlein@fortbendcountytx.	gov
* Signature of Authorized Representative:	* Date Signed: 07/14/2015

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 8/31/2016

Application for	Federal Assista	ance SF-424		
* 1. Type of Submiss Preapplication Application Changed/Corre	ion: ected Application	* 2. Type of Application: New Continuation Revision		If Revision, select appropriate letter(s): Other (Specify):
* 3. Date Received:		4. Applicant Identifier:		
07/16/2015		TX489157		
5a. Federal Entity Ide	entifier:			5b. Federal Award Identifier:
State Use Only:			_!_	
6. Date Received by	State:	7. State Application	ı lde	dentifier:
8. APPLICANT INFO	ORMATION:			
* a. Legal Name: F	ort Bend Count	y Texas		
* b. Employer/Taxpay	er Identification Nu	mber (EIN/TIN):	ı İr	* c. Organizational DUNS: 0000081497075
d. Address:				
* Street1: Street2: * City:	301 Jackson S Suite 602 Richmond	treet		
County/Parish:	Fort Bend Cou	nty	_	
* State:				TX: Texas
Province: * Country:			==	USA: UNITED STATES
* Zip / Postal Code:	77469-3108		_	
e. Organizational U	nit:			
Department Name:			T	Division Name:
Community Deve	lopment			
f. Name and contac	t information of p	erson to be contacted on m	natte	tters involving this application:
Prefix: Ms. Middle Name: Kin * Last Name: Kin	dell	* First Nam	e:	Marilynn
	Development D	epartment Director		
Organizational Affiliat			=	
Organizational Anniat			_	
* Telephone Number	281-341-4410)		Fax Number: 281-341-3762
* Email: marilynr	n.kindell@fort	bendcountytx.gov	_	

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424
* 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:
B: County Government
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:
* Other (specify):
* 10. Name of Federal Agency:
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:
14.239
CFDA Title:
HOME Investment Partnerships Program
* 12. Funding Opportunity Number:
* Title:
13. Competition Identification Number:
Title:
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):
Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
* 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:
HOME Investment Partnerships Program
Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.
Add Attachments Delete Attachments View Attachments

Application	for Federal Assistanc	e SF-424					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
16. Congressi	onal Districts Of:						
* a. Applicant	TX-009			* b. Pro	gram/Project		
Attach an addit	onal list of Program/Project 0	Congressional Districts if need	led.				
		Add	Attachmer	n Delete	Attachment Vie	w Attachment	
17. Proposed	Project:						
* a. Start Date:	09/01/2015			*	b. End Date: 08/31	/2016	
18. Estimated	Funding (\$):					···-	
* a. Federal		436,211.00					
* b. Applicant							
* c. State							
* d, Local							
* e. Other							
* f. Program In	come						
* g. TOTAL		436,211.00					
* 19. Is Applic	ation Subject to Review B	y State Under Executive O	rder 1237	2 Process?			
a. This ap	plication was made availab	le to the State under the Ex	ecutive O	order 12372 Pro	cess for review on	07/14/2015	•
b. Program	n is subject to E.O. 12372 i	out has not been selected b	y the Stat	e for review.			
c. Prograr	n is not covered by E.O. 12	372.					
* 20. Is the Ap	plicant Delinquent On Any	Federal Debt? (If "Yes,"	orovide ex	xplanation in a	ttachment.)		
Yes	⊠ No						
If "Yes", provi	de explanation and attach				I day of the latest and the latest a	consistent of continuous for the fi	
	·	Add	\ttachmer	ii Delete	Attachment Vie	w Attachment	
herein are tru comply with a subject me to	ie, complete and accurate iny resulting terms if I acc criminal, civil, or administ E	y (1) to the statements con to the best of my know the pert an award. I am aware the trative penalties. (U.S. Cod	nedge. I a hat any fa e, Title 21	liso provide ti lse, fictitious, 6 8, Section 100	or fraudulent statement)	ents or claims may	,
** The list of o		, or an internet site where y	ou may ob	otain this list, is	contained in the anno	ouncement or agency	/
Authorized Ro	epresentative:						
Prefix:	Honorable	* First Name:	Robert	t			
Middle Name:	E.						_
* Last Name:	Hebert						
Suffix:							
* Title: C	ounty Judge						
* Telephone No	umber: 281-341-8608			Fax Number:	281-341-8609		
* Email: ann.	werlein@fortbendcour	tytx.gov					
* Signature of	Authorized Representative:					* Date Signed:	07/14/2015

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 8/31/2016

* 1. Type of Submission: Preapplication New Application Continuation * If Revision, select appropriate letter(s): * Other (Specify): Revision					
Changed/Corrected Application					
* 3. Date Received: 4. Applicant Identifier:					
07/16/2015 TX489157					
5a. Federal Entity Identifier: E-15-UC-48-0003 5b. Federal Award Identifier:					
State Use Only:					
8. APPLICANT INFORMATION:					
*a. Legal Name: Fort Bend County Texas					
* b. Employer/Taxpayer Identification Number (EIN/TIN): * c. Organizational DUNS:					
74-6001969					
d. Address:					
* Street1: 301 Jackson Street					
Street2: Suite 602					
* City: Richmond					
County/Parish: Fort Bend County					
* State: TX: Texas					
Province:					
ry: USA: UNITED STATES					
* Zip / Postal Code: 77469-3108					
e. Organizational Unit:					
Department Name: Division Name:					
Community Development					
f. Name and contact information of person to be contacted on matters involving this application:					
Prefix: Ms. * First Name: Marilynn					
Middle Name:					
* Last Name: Kindell					
Suffix:					
Title: Community Development Department Director					
Organizational Affiliation:					
* Telephone Number: 281-341-4410 Fax Number: 281-341-3762					
*Email: marilynn.kindell@fortbendcountytx.gov					

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424
* 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:
B: County Government
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:
* Other (specify):
* 10. Name of Federal Agency:
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:
14.231
CFDA Title:
Emergency Solutions Grants Program (ESG)
* 12. Funding Opportunity Number:
* Title:
13. Competition Identification Number:
Title:
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):
The second secon
Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
* 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:
Emergency Solutions Grants Program (ESG)
Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.
Add Attachments Delete Attachments View Attachments

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424						
16. Congressional Districts Of:						
* a. Applicant	009		* t	. Program/Project		
Attach an additional list o	of Program/Project Congre	ssional Districts if needed	1.			
		Add Att	achment D	ete Attachment	View Attachment	
17. Proposed Project:						
* a. Start Date: 09/01	/2015			* b. End Date:	08/31/2016	
18. Estimated Funding	(\$):			<u> </u>		
* a. Federal	1	95,277.00				
* b. Applicant						
* c. State						
* d. Local						
* e. Other						
* f. Program Income						
* g. TOTAL	1	95,277.00				
* 19. Is Application Su	bject to Review By Stat	e Under Executive Ord	er 12372 Process	?		
a. This application	was made available to t	he State under the Exe	cutive Order 1237	2 Process for revie	ew on 07/16/2015	<u>]</u> .
	ect to E.O. 12372 but ha	s not been selected by	the State for revie	w.		
c. Program is not c	overed by E.O. 12372.					
* 20. Is the Applicant I	Delinquent On Any Fede	ral Debt? (If "Yes," pro	ovide explanation	in attachment.)		
☐ Yes						
If "Yes", provide explai	nation and attach					
ii 100 ; provido oxpia		Add Att	achment De	lete Attachment	View Attachment	
21. *By signing this application, I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications** and (2) that the statements herein are true, complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to comply with any resulting terms if I accept an award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties. (U.S. Code, Title 218, Section 1001) ** AGREE						
** The list of certifications and assurances, or an internet site where you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency specific instructions.						
Authorized Representative:						
Prefix: Honora	ble	* First Name:	Robert			
Middle Name: E.						
* Last Name: Hebert	:					
Suffix:			ι			
* Title: County 6	Judge					
* Telephone Number: 2	81-341-8608		Fax Nun	nber: 281-341-86	509	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	n@fortbendcountytx	.gov				
* Signature of Authorized					* Date Signed:	07/14/2015
Signature of Authorized	a representative.					

CERTIFICATIONS

In accordance with the applicable statutes and the regulations governing the consolidated plan regulations, the jurisdiction certifies that:

Affirmatively Further Fair Housing -- The jurisdiction will affirmatively further fair housing, which means it will conduct an analysis of impediments to fair housing choice within the jurisdiction, take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified through that analysis, and maintain records reflecting that analysis and actions in this regard.

Anti-displacement and Relocation Plan --It will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended, and implementing regulations at 49 CFR 24; and it has in effect and is following a residential antidisplacement and relocation assistance plan required under section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, in connection with any activity assisted with funding under the CDBG or HOME programs.

Anti-Lobbying -- To the best of the jurisdiction's knowledge and belief:

- 1. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of it, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;
- 2. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, it will complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions; and
- 3. It will require that the language of paragraph 1 and 2 of this anti-lobbying certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

Authority of Jurisdiction -- The consolidated plan is authorized under State and local law (as applicable) and the jurisdiction possesses the legal authority to carry out the programs for which it is seeking funding, in accordance with applicable HUD regulations.

Consistency with plan -- The housing activities to be undertaken with CDBG, HOME, ESG, and HOPWA funds are consistent with the strategic plan.

<u>Section 3 --It will comply with section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, and implementing regulations at 24 CFR Part 135.</u>

	July 14, 2015
Signature/Authorized Official	Date
Robert E. Hebert, County Judge	
Title	

Specific CDBG Certifications

The Entitlement Community certifies that:

Citizen Participation --It is in full compliance and following a detailed citizen participation plan that satisfies the requirements of 24 CFR 91.105.

Community Development Plan --Its consolidated housing and community development plan identifies community development and housing needs and specifies both short-term and long-term community development objectives that provide decent housing, expand economic opportunities primarily for persons of low and moderate income. (See CFR 24 570.2 and CFR 24 part 570)

Following a Plan --It is following a current consolidated plan (or Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy) that has been approved by HUD.

Use of Funds -- It has complied with the following criteria:

1. <u>Maximum Feasible Priority.</u> With respect to activities expected to be assisted with CDBG funds, it certifies that it has developed its Action Plan so as to give maximum feasible priority to activities which benefit low and moderate income families or aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight. The Action Plan may also include activities which the grantee certifies are designed to meet other community development needs having a particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community, and other financial resources are not available);

2. Overall Benefit. The aggregate use of CDBG funds including section 108 guaranteed loans during program year(s) 2015. (a period specified by the grantee consisting of one, two, or three specific consecutive program years), shall principally benefit persons of low and moderate income in a manner that ensures that at least 70 percent of the amount is expended for activities that benefit such

persons during the designated period;

3. Special Assessments. It will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds including Section 108 loan guaranteed funds by assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low and moderate income, including any fee charged or assessment made as a condition of obtaining access to such public improvements.

However, if CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of a fee or assessment that relates to the capital costs of public improvements (assisted in part with CDBG funds) financed from other revenue sources, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds.

The jurisdiction will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds, including Section 108, unless CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of fee or assessment attributable to the capital costs of public improvements financed from other revenue sources. In this case, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds. Also, in the case of properties owned and occupied by moderate-income (not low-income) families, an assessment or charge may be made against the property for public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds if the jurisdiction certifies that it lacks CDBG funds to cover the assessment.

Excessive Force -- It has adopted and is enforcing:

1. A policy prohibiting the use of excessive force by law enforcement agencies within its jurisdiction against any individuals engaged in non-violent civil rights demonstrations; and

2. A policy of enforcing applicable State and local laws against physically barring entrance to or exit from a facility or location which is the subject of such non-violent civil rights demonstrations within its jurisdiction;

Compliance With Anti-discrimination laws -- The grant will be conducted and administered in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 USC 2000d), the Fair Housing Act (42 USC 3601-3619), and implementing regulations.

Lead-Based Paint --Its activities concerning lead-based paint will comply with the requirements of 24 CFR Part 35, subparts A, B, J, K and R;

Compliance with Laws -- It will comply with applicable laws.

	July 14, 2015
Signature/Authorized Official	Date
Robert E. Hebert, County Judge	
Title	

Specific HOME Certifications

The HOME participating jurisdiction certifies that:

Tenant Based Rental Assistance -- If the participating jurisdiction intends to provide tenant-based rental assistance:

The use of HOME funds for tenant-based rental assistance is an essential element of the participating jurisdiction's consolidated plan for expanding the supply, affordability, and availability of decent, safe, sanitary, and affordable housing.

Eligible Activities and Costs --it is using and will use HOME funds for eligible activities and costs, as described in 24 CFR § 92.205 through 92.209 and that it is not using and will not use HOME funds for prohibited activities, as described in § 92.214.

Appropriate Financial Assistance --before committing any funds to a project, it will evaluate the project in accordance with the guidelines that it adopts for this purpose and will not invest any more HOME funds in combination with other Federal assistance than is necessary to provide affordable housing;

	July 14, 2015
Signature/Authorized Official	Date
Robert E. Hebert, County Judge	
Title	

ESG Certifications

The Emergency Solutions Grants Program Recipient certifies that:

Major rehabilitation/conversion — If an emergency shelter's rehabilitation costs exceed 75 percent of the value of the building before rehabilitation, the jurisdiction will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed rehabilitation. If the cost to convert a building into an emergency shelter exceeds 75 percent of the value of the building after conversion, the jurisdiction will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed conversion. In all other cases where ESG funds are used for renovation, the jurisdiction will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 3 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed renovation.

Essential Services and Operating Costs – In the case of assistance involving shelter operations or essential services related to street outreach or emergency shelter, the jurisdiction will provide services or shelter to homeless individuals and families for the period during which the ESG assistance is provided, without regard to a particular site or structure, so long the jurisdiction serves the same type of persons (e.g., families with children, unaccompanied youth, disabled individuals, or victims of domestic violence) or persons in the same geographic area.

Renovation – Any renovation carried out with ESG assistance shall be sufficient to ensure that the building involved is safe and sanitary.

Supportive Services – The jurisdiction will assist homeless individuals in obtaining permanent housing, appropriate supportive services (including medical and mental health treatment, victim services, counseling, supervision, and other services essential for achieving independent living), and other Federal State, local, and private assistance available for such individuals.

Matching Funds – The jurisdiction will obtain matching amounts required under 24 CFR 576.201.

Confidentiality – The jurisdiction has established and is implementing procedures to ensure the confidentiality of records pertaining to any individual provided family violence prevention or treatment services under any project assisted under the ESG program, including protection against the release of the address or location of any family violence shelter project, except with the written authorization of the person responsible for the operation of that shelter.

Homeless Persons Involvement – To the maximum extent practicable, the jurisdiction will involve, through employment, volunteer services, or otherwise, homeless individuals and families in constructing, renovating, maintaining, and operating facilities assisted under the ESG program, in providing services assisted under the ESG program, and in providing services for occupants of facilities assisted under the program.

Consolidated Plan - All activities the jurisdiction undertakes with assistance under ESG are consistent with the jurisdiction's consolidated plan.

Discharge Policy – The jurisdiction will establish and implement, to the maximum extent practicable and where appropriate policies and protocols for the discharge of persons from publicly funded institutions or systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care or other youth facilities, or correction programs and institutions) in order to prevent this discharge from immediately resulting in homelessness for these persons.

	July 14, 2015	
Signature/Authorized Official	Date	
Robert E. Hebert, County Judge		
Title		

APPENDIX TO CERTIFICATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING LOBBYING:

A. Lobbying Certification

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each failure.

Certifications 2015

APPENDICES TABLE OF CONTENTS

APPENDIX A: SUMMARY OF CITIZEN COMMENTS

APPENDIX B: CITIZEN PARTICIPATION PLAN

APPENDIX C: FBC MONITORING PROCESS

APPENDIX D: EMERGENCY SOLUTIONS GRANT (ESG) PROGRAM:

WRITTEN GUIDELINES, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE

STANDARDS

APPENDIX E: OTHER INFORMATION

NA-30 Disproportionately Greater Need: Discussion

Race and Ethnicity by Cities

Race and Ethnicity by 2010 Census Tract

NA-45 Non-Homeless Special Needs Assessment

HIV/AIDS Needs Assessment Data

Special Needs Table

SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure

APPENDIX F: FAIR HOUSING

Executive Summary

Analysis of Impediments

FHAST Form

APPENDIX A SUMMARY OF CITIZEN COMMENTS

Fort Bend County's FY 2015 Consolidated Plan process involved three public notices, four public meetings and a public hearing. The dates of the public notices and meetings are listed below.

First Public Notice	Wednesday, February 11, 2015
First Public Meeting	Tuesday, February 17, 2015
Second Public Meeting/Proposer's Meeting	Wednesday, March 4, 2015
Third Public Meeting	Wednesday, March 11, 2015
Public Hearing Notice	Wednesday, March 11, 2015
Public Hearing	Tuesday, April 7, 2015
Second Public Notice	Wednesday, May 21, 2014
Fourth Public Meeting	Wednesday, June 11, 2014

The thirty day public comment for the draft Consolidated Action Plan began on May 29, 2015 and ended on June 29, 2015. No comments were received during the thirty day comment period.

The Plan was approved by Fort Bend County Commissioners Court on Tuesday, July 14, 2015.

In addition, a needs assessment survey was conducted was conducted of interested individuals, non-profits, and local governments during the development of the FYs 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan. These surveys were emailed and mailed to individuals, local governments, and non-profits on the County's mailing lists. In addition, the surveys were distributed at public meetings and to anyone expressing interest in the County's Consolidated Plan or in the needs of low and moderate income residents of the County. The survey results along with public input and the HUD data were used to update the Consolidated Plan.

FORT BEND COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT FY 2015 CONSOLIDATED PLAN NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING

To build and strengthen new partnerships with State and local governments and the private sector, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requires a single consolidated submission for the planning and application aspects of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), and Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Programs. Fort Bend County is in the process of developing its FY 2015 Consolidated Plan.

Public meetings will be held on Tuesday, February 17, 2015 and Wednesday, March 11, 2015, at 10:00 a.m., at the William B. Travis Building, 301 Jackson St., 1st Floor Meeting Room, Richmond, Texas to receive comments from the public regarding the housing and community development needs of low- and moderate-income persons such as homeless individuals and families; persons with special needs (the elderly, frail elderly, severely mentally ill, developmentally disabled, physically disabled, persons with alcohol/other drug addictions, and persons with HIV/AIDS); the housing needs of renters and owners; community needs such as anti-crime, economic development, infrastructure, planning and administration, public facilities, public services, senior programs, youth programs; and other nonhousing community development needs. The public is encouraged to attend and to submit comments to Marilynn Kindell, Community Development Director, 301 Jackson St., Suite 602, Richmond, Texas 77469. Comments will be incorporated into the draft FY 2015 Consolidated Plan, as appropriate.

The Fort Bend County CDBG, HOME and ESG Request for Proposals (RFPs) will be available on Friday, February 13, 2015. An information session for CDBG, HOME, and ESG Program applicants will be held on Wednesday, March 4, 2015, at 10:00 a.m. at the William B. Travis Building 301 Jackson St., 1st Floor Meeting Room, Richmond, Texas. Questions from applicants will be answered at this meeting. Proposals must be submitted by 3:00 p.m. Friday, March 20, 2015. For more information, please call Carol Borrego at (281) 341-4410.

Persons with vision or hearing impairments or other individuals with disabilities requiring auxiliary aids and services may contact the department at (281) 341-4410 regarding reasonable accommodations for the meeting. This venue is accessible for persons with physical disabilities. Spanish language translators are available at the meeting for persons with Limited English Proficiency. Persons requiring other language translators must contact the department at least 48 hours prior to the meeting at (281) 341-4410 to request translation services for the meeting.

| Submitted by, | Laura Richard | Fort Bend County Clerk

PUBLIC HEARING NOTICE

The Commissioners Court of Fort Bend County, Texas has set a public hearing at 1:00 p.m. on Tuesday, March 10, 2015, for Spring Green Corners being a partial replat of Restricted Reserve "A" of FM 1093 and FM 723 Reserves, Precinct 3. The hearing will be held in the Commissioners Courtroom at 401 Jackson Street, Second Floor, Richmond, Texas, Under state law, you the owner, have certain rights with respect to the proposed replat. Should you wish to exercise your right, you may be heard at the planned public hearing. You may contact Gerald W. Grissom with Brown & Gay Engineers at 281 558-8700 or ggrissom@browngay.com for information prior to the hearing. Submitted by,

Laura Richard Fort Bend County Clerk

ON VARIOUS ROADS; 2, BID 15-049 - CONCRETE CURBS AND GUTTERS; 3. BID 15-050 - PURCHASE AND INSTALLATION OF CARPET; 4. BID 15-051 - CULVERTS: 5. BID 15-052 - BRIDGE MATERIALS; 6. BID 15-053 - PURCHASE AND HAULING OF EARTHEN TYPE ROAD MATERIALS: 7. BID 15-054 - PURCHASE AND HAULING OF CHEMICAL TYPE ROAD MATERIALS; PURCHASE 15-060 BID AND INSTALL /NAVIGATION COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT FOR HELICOPTER Unit pricing is required; payment will be by check. Bonds are not required. Fort Bend County reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Fort Bend County, Richmond, Texas

· (2)



City of Missouri City

Signed:

Gilbert D. Jalomo, Jr.,

Purchasing Agent

ORDINANCE NO: 0-15-05

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MISSOURI CITY, TEXAS, CHANGING THE ZONING CLASSIFICATION OF 2.29 ACRES OF LAND FROM GF COMMUNITY FAGILITIES DISTRICT TO 1 INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT; DESGRIBING SAID 2.29 ACRES OF LAND; AMENDING THE ZONING DISTRICT MAP. OF THE CITY OF MISSOURI CITY; PROVIDING FOR AN AMENDMENT TO THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN; PROVIDING FOR REPEAL; PROVIDING A PENALTY; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND CONTAINING OTHER PROVISIONS REPARTING TO THE SUBJECT.

l):Maria Gonzalez, Gity Secretary of the City of Missouri Gity/do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the caption of said Ordinance No.0-15-05 approved on second and final reading by the City Council at its regular meeting held on February 2, 2015, as the same appears in the records of my office.

/s/ Maria Gonzalez City Secretary

FORT BEND COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT FY 2015 CONSOLIDATED PLAN NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING

To:build and strengthen new partnerships with State and local governments and the private sector, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requires a single consolidated submission for the planning and application aspects of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Emergency Solutions Grant, ESG), HOME, Investment Partnerships (HOME), and Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Programs. Fort Bend Gounty is in the process of developing its FY 2014 Consolidated Annual Plan.

Public meetings will be held on Tuesday, February 17, 2015 and Wednesday, March 11, 2015, at 10:00 a.m., at the William B. Travis Building, 301 Backson, 1st Floor Meeting Room, Richmond, Texas to receive comments from the public regarding the housing and community development needs of low-and moderate-income persons such as homeless individuals and families; persons with special needs (the elderly, frail elderly, severely mentally all, developmentally disabled, physically disabled, persons with alcohol/other drug-addictions, and persons with HIV/AIDS); the housing needs of renters and owners; community needs such as anticrime, economic development, infrastructure, planning and administration, public facilities, public services, senior programs, youth programs; and other nonhousing community development needs. The public is encouraged total and to submit comments to Marilynn-Kindell, Community Development Director, 301 Jackson, Suite 602, Richmond, Texas 77469. Comments will be incorporated and the draft FY 2015 Consolidated Plan, as appropriate.

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PUBLISHER'S AFFIDAVIT

THE STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF FORT BEND

Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Seshadri Kumar who being by me duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the publisher of Fort Bend Independent and that said newspaper meets the requirements of Section 2051.044 of the Texas Government Code, to wit:

- 1. It devotes not less than twenty-five percent (25%) of its total column lineage to general interest items;
- 2. It is published at least once each week;
- 3. It is entered as second-class postal matter in the county where it is published; and
- 4. It has been published regularly and continuously since 2008.

Publisher further deposes and says that the attached notice was published in said newspaper on the following date (s) to wit:

Feb. 11, 2015: Fort Bend County CDBG FY 2015 consolidated plan

Seshadri Kumar

Publisher

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME by Seshadri Kumar who

- (a) Is personally known to me, or
- (b) Provided the following evidence to establish his/ her identity,

On this the of large of February, 2015 to certify which witness my hand and seal of office.

JESSICA ORTIZ
Notary Public
STATE OF TEXAS
My Comm. Exp. August 13, 2018

Notary Public, State of Texas

FORT BEND COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

Public Meeting February 17, 2015 Meeting Comments

Four persons attended the meeting.

Mr. Kurtz from the City of Richmond submitted a needs assessment survey and emphasized the need to continue to fund infrastructure projects, especially water and sewer within the City of Richmond.

Ms. Gonzales from the Fort Bend County Social Services Department wanted information regarding the Coordinated Access System being implemented by the CoC and whether she would be able to receive ESG Program funds for Rapid ReHousing and Homeless Prevention.

Ms. Jenkins from the City of Kendleton wanted to know if the County could use CDBG Program funds to construct a City Hall for the City of Kendleton or a community center.

FORT BEND COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT Public Meeting/Information Meeting/Proposer's Conference March 4, 2015

Meeting Comments

Twenty-four persons attended the meeting.

Ms. Grady, Ms. Zarate, and Ms. Godfrey, representatives from Catholic Charities, wanted know if case management for the elderly was eligible.

Mr. Anders with EHRA, representing the City of Beasley wanted to know if the City of Beasley submitted a proposal would it get funded. Mr. Anders also wanted to know how difficult the proposal application was.

Ms. Varnado, Ms. Hernandez, and Ms. Swope with the Fort Bend County Social Services Department wanted information regarding the Coordinated Access System being implemented by the CoC and whether they would be able to receive ESG Program funds for Rapid ReHousing and Homeless Prevention.

Mr. Hector with the Mission Bend South Civic Improvement Association wanted to know if the County would fund sidewalks in the unincorporated area of the County.

FORT BEND COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT Public Meeting/Information Meeting/Proposer's Conference March 11, 2015

Meeting Comments

Four persons attended the meeting.

Ms. Flowers and Ms. Glaser with the Salvation Army wanted information regarding the Coordinated Access whether the Salvation Army would be able to receive ESG Program funds for Rapid ReHousing.

Ms. Jenkins with the City of Kendleton stated that there was a need for a community center for the residents of Kendleton.

Ms. Binkovitz, a reporter for the Houston Chronicle, was interested in the lack of public water and sewer service in the unincorporated areas of the County.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Need likely to exceed HUD funding again

federal grant resembles wish list more than action plan County planner says Fort Bend's latest application for

By Leah Binkovitz

Carol Borrego has seen a that lacked running water She can still remember a lot in her decades with Fort Bend County's community stretch of town in Missouri development department City known as Fifth Street and sewage for a long time.

"The water in the ditches Borrego, a county planner. parks were dumping stuff "It was horrible," said green. The trailer in the road. It was just a fiasco of a health issue."

90s. Grant money from the federal Department of But there are still neigh-That was back in the get those residents hooked opment allowed Borrego to lowns across the rapidly growing county waiting for Housing and Urban Devel up to water and sewage borhoods and even smal basic services.

The trouble, as it always, is money.

community development department identifies Every five years, the needs in the county to alocate federal funds, induding the Community

Development Block Grant, the largest grant most counlies receive from HUD. This he coming fiscal year, the department has fess than \$3 million to address everyhing from street and water year marks the start of another five-year plan. For issues to homelessness.

Meanwhile, the needs of the county have only grown as it has, leaving many apolying for some of the latest allocation of funding feeting behind before they even get approved.

"What we need out here is more money and more staff," said Mary Flowers, or her clients with the Salwho does case management what I need out here

Overwhelming need

a little more than two years Flowers moved from Harris County to Fort Bend ago and said she has been overwhelmed by the need.

"Some days I get discouraged," she said.

erty level of 8 percent is While the county's povwell below the state's 17 percent, its challenges are compounded in a sprawl-

ing county with little public transportation and no countywide housing au-

different Fort Bend County in Fulshear live in a much ter-planned development from those in Pleak, a tiny Residents of a new masown with areas still lack ing servage and water.

amilies are getting by like "I see more families sleeping in their vehicles in Fort Bend County than to tell you the truth," said

> In some ways, this latest five-year plan will resemble a wish list more than it does an action plan.

"We've been playing catch-up," said Borrego.

Coordination lacking And with oil layoffs, 30rrego said she thinks

the problem will only inup homeless after losing

crease. Many families end a job. It can take only one behind on rent. And without a countywide housing authority or any kind of coordinated affordable rousing effort, there's not find themselves in such a oosition. Higher rents also nurt elderly people on fixed Montgomery County, nome to some 500,000 peode, has a housing authorfy. Galveston County, with

When the county was overwhelmed with waiting smaller, services such as homeless shelters didn't timated at about 1,065, adshelters in the area are seem necessary. Now, with vocates say the few small a homeless population es-

missed paycheck to fall

its highest priorities. The two entities tend to express tax bases and providers Borrego's department plans to survey cities as nizations to identify which of the county's needs are different stories with cities worried about roads and improvements that affect well as community orga-

But Fort Bend County, with more than 650,000 people, has no such entity. highlighting the need for more shelter beds, rental assistance and transporta-

to administer rental assisfance, much less emergency "There's really no one rental assistance," said Bor-

vice providers telling me

bridge," said Borrego.

"We have some cities less, but we've got serwe've got people under the Or in the parking lot of he Wal-Mart. Or behind ion. Or sleeping in the car,

saying, 'We don't do home-

also faces a stigma among discrimination is always and landowners cashing show little interest in affordable housing, which Many of the developers residents. "That bias and in on the county's growth here," said Borrego.

> the 24-hour service stawaiting for the county's social services office to open. Across Fort Bend County,

vice area does not include City, but it does include lowns in the county, some The community development department's ser-Sugar Land or Missouri many struggling small with fewer than 400 resi dents, such as Kendleton.

have in Harris County,

"As far as grocery stores, gas stations," said Carolyn "we don't have any of that Kindred-Jenkins, a Kendleton City Council member.

Kindred-Jenkins moved ner mother. Now, her town eral years ago to take care of ing and dwindling in population. But she can rememback to her hometown sevof roughly 380 people is agber when it wasn't that way

much help for families who

then," Kindred-Jenkins said. "We did have a gas es, and a skating rink and a "It was different back station and barbecue placback then, and then it just dance hall. We had all thai went down."

years ago, but Kindred-Her mother died two

roughly 300,000 people, has a housing department.

probably on the top of the lon, hoping to revive it. Her munity center, but since the lo maintain such a place partment can fund it, that's ooking unlikely. For now, street and water repairs are ist, and maybe a generator dents aren't stranded in the lenkins stayed in Kendlebefore the county's community development deor the power plant so resioig mission now is a comcity must prove it can afford next big storm.

Shortage of resources

but very hard for them to it is for smaller towns with part-time mayors. "They work," she said. "For them to hold office and meetings and do all that is admirable do. And they have a small Borrego noted how hard oudget."

comment and submit it to On top of that, Borrego says her own budget forces nard decisions. They can use only 20 percent of the ministration, for example, enough to pay for roughly one employee in an office profits complete their apdications for the remaining relopment department will out out its plan for public be enough to keep up with of six. After cities and non-HUD and hope that it will money from HUD on adunds, the community dedemand

said Borrego, "you'd think "We're so fast-growing," ve'd get more money."

leah.binkovitz@chron.com

FORT BEND COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT FY 2015 CONSOLIDATED PLAN NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

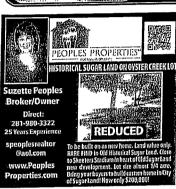
To build and strengthen new partnerships with State and local governments and the private sector, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requires a single consolidated submission for the planning and application aspects of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), and Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Programs. Fort Bend County is in the process of developing its FY 2015 Consolidated Plan.

A Public Hearing will be held on Tuesday, March 24, 2015 at 1:00 p.m., Fort Bend County Commissioners Court, 2nd Floor, Fort Bend County Courthouse, 401 Jackson Street, Richmond, Texas to receive comments from the public regarding the housing and community development needs of low- and moderate-income persons such as homeless individuals and families; persons with special needs (the elderly, frail elderly, severely mentally ill, developmentally disabled, physically disabled, persons with alcohol/other drug addictions, and persons with HIV/AIDS); the housing needs of renters and owners; community needs such as anti-crime, economic development, infrastructure, planning and administration, public facilities, public services, senior programs, youth programs; and other nonhousing community development needs. The public is encouraged to attend and to submit comments to Marilynn Kindell, Community Development Director, 301 Jackson St., Suite 602, Richmond, Texas 77469. Comments will be incorporated into the draft FY 2015 Consolidated Plan, as appropriate.

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FORT BEND REAL ESTATE





missouri CITY

City of Missouri City

ORDINANCE NO. 0-15-10

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MISSOURICITY, TEXAS, AMENDING CHAPTER
14, BUILDINGS AND BUILDING REGULATIONS, OF THE MISSOURICITY CODE
BY ADDPTING THE 2015 BUILDING REGULATIONS, OF THE MISSOURICITY CODE
BY ADDPTING THE 2015 BUILDING REGULATIONS, OF THE MISSOURICITY CODE
BY ADDPTING THE 2015 BUILDING AND ADDRESS AND ADDRE

I. Maria Gonzalez, City Secretary of the City of Missouri City, do hereby certify tha the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the capiton of sald Ordinance No. O-15 10 approved on second and final reading by the City Coundial site regular meeting held on Mariat 7, 7015, as the same appears in the records of my office.

isi Maria Gonzalez City Secretary



City of Missouri City ORDINANCE NO. O-15-18

AN DRIVINGE OF THE CITY OF MISSIONE CITY, TEXAS, AMENDING CHAPTER 38. FIRE PREVENTION AND PROTECTION, OF THE MISSIONE CITY CODE, ADDOPTING THE 2015 EDITION OF THE INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE AND MAKING AMENDMENTS THERETO, REDESIGNATING RULES AND REGULATIONS RELIGING TO FIREWORKS AS AMENDMENTS TO THE 2015 EDITION OF THE INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE, PROVIDING AN EFFORMATIONAL FIRE CODE, PROVIDING AN EFFORMATIONAL FIRE CODE, PROVIDING OR REFEAL PROVIDING A PROVIDING AND PROVIDENCE AND PROVIDING AND PROVIDENCE AND PROVI

REGULATIONS RELATING IN FIGURE 2005; PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE EDITION OF THE INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE; PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE PROVIDING FOR REPEAL PROVIDING A PENALTY, AND PROVIDING I. Mark Gornales. (1) Secretary of the City of Missound City, do hereby certify that I. Mark Gornales. (1) Secretary of the City of Missound City, do hereby certify that I. Approved one coording that place continues the City of the City of the Tappoved one coording than leading by the City Conduct at its repair meeting held on Alorch 2, 1015, as the same approars in the receipt of my effice.

Isl Maria Gonzalez City Secretary

INVILOR HOTICE
INVILOR TO BIODERS
Sealed Biddell in the excellend in the
Diffee of Glibert D. Jaloma, Jr., County
Purchailing Apen, Fort Bend County,
Traris Annes, 301 Jaskson, Suite 201,
Bethmond, XT. 27467 for lite following
until THURSDAY, ANGEL 19, 2018
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of the Purchaning Agent. Iron's Annex,
301 Jackson, Suite 201, Richmond,
TY. 77469. Buts received aller the
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under the probability of the probability of the
under the probabilit

BID 15-067 - PURCHASE AND INSTALLATION OF CARPET

Unit piking is required; payment will be by check. Bonds are not required. Fort Bend County reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Signed: Gilbert D. Jalomo, Jr., Purchasing Agent Fort Bend County, Richmond, Texas REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS
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Signed: Gilbert D. Jalomo, Jr., Purchasing Agent Fort Bend County, Richmond, Texas

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO

ADS (III) OPWA) Programs. For Bond County is in ine process to acceptogram in 1.01 Considerate (Fin A. Public Hearing will be held on Trustagly, Naturb A. 2015 at 150 pm., Fort Bend A. Public Hearing will be held on Trustagly, Naturb A. 2015 at 150 pm., Fort Bend County Countilisation. And Prop. Fort Bend County Countilisation. And Prop. Fort Bend County Countilisation, and Indiana and Countilisation of the Countil

7/400. Comments was enaughaneed under a graphopalist. Persons with disabilities papagorains. Persons with wiston or heading Impaltiments or other Individuals with disabilities requiring auxiliary add and senders may contest the department at (2011)14-14-101 requiring auxiliary add and senders may contest the department of the senders
THE STATE OF TEXAS
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VINS DECEASED ADDRESS
NOWN TO: UNK

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DEED RECORDS OF FOR BEAU COUNTY, TEXAS If this Citation is not served, it shall be returned unserved. Issued under my hand and seal of said Court, at Richmond, Texas on this the 25th day of February, 2015.

Deputy District Clark Debta Elzondo 281 - 281 DISTRICT CLERK ANNIE RE Elzondo 281-344-3959

LEGAL NOTICE

INVITATION TO BIDDERS
Sealed Bids will be received in the
Olice of Gibert D. Jalmon, Jr., County
Purchasing Agent, Fort Beard County
Purchasing Agent, Fort Beard County
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Anita Milne

281-413-9732 Board Realty Group

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Signed: Gilbert D. Jelomo, Jr., Purchasing Agent Fort Bend County, Richmond, Texas

HEGAL NOTICE

PRITATION TO BIDDERS
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SID 15-059 - SIMMER FOOD
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Positional Principles (1991) 1991 | Final Positions | Final Positi

The hearing will be held in the Commissioners Courtroom at 401, JacksonStreet, SecondFloor, Richmond, Texas, You are invited to attend and state your approval or objection on this matter.

Submitted by, Laura Richard Fort Bend County Clerk

The hearing will be held in the Commissioners Courtroom at 401 Jackson Street, Second Floor, filchmond, Texas, You are invited to attend and state your approval or objection on this matter.

The hearing will be held in the Commissioners Countroom at 401 Jackson Street, Second Floor, Richmond, Texas, You are layled to attend and state your approval or objection on this matter.

Submitted by, Laura Richard Fort Bend County Clerk

PUBLIC HEARING NOTICE
The Commissioners Court of Fort Band
County, Texas has set a public hearing
on Tuerday, April 7, 2015 at 1:00 p.m. Jor
acceptance of the traffic tonivol plan for
Fairpark Village, Section 4, Precinct 1.

Moadows Placo-Kangaroo-5/3/0 | PaikMisadows Kirkwood Condo 2/2.5/2 | Mission Bend-Gamino Del Sol-3/2/2

\$124,900

PUBLIC HEARING HOTICE
The Commissioners Court of Fort Band
County, Texas has set a public hearing
on Tuesday, April 7, 2015 at 1:00 p.m.
for acceptance of the traffic control plan
for Oak Lake Court, Precinct 4.

Submitted by, Laura Richard Fort Band County Clerk

PUBLIC HEARING HOTICE
The Commissioners Court of Fort Benc
County, Texas has set a public hearing
on Tuesday, April 7, 2015 at 1:00 p.m. for
acceptance of the traffic control plan for
Sunrise Meadow, Section 7, Precinct 1.

Submitted by, Laura Richard Fort Bend County Clerk

PUBLIC HEARING NOTICE
The Commissioners Court of Fort Bend
County, Texas has set a public hearing
on Tuesday, April 7, 2015 at 1:00 p.m.
for acceptance of the traffic control plan
for Providence at Riverstone, Section 1,
Precipic 4.

Pretinct 4.

The hearing will be held in the Commissioners Courtroom at 401 Jackson Street, Second Floor, Richmond, Texas, You are invited to attend and state your approval or abjection on this matter.

S0D < \$158,500

55(Da)DDD

Mendows Place-Scottsdate-4/2/2

Knowledgeable! Experienced!

Hardworking!
Competitive!
Action Oriented!
MilneAnita@yahoo.com

THE STATE OF TEXAS

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

UNKNOWN HEIRS AT LAW

CHARLOTTE CALLIER, DECEASED MARKED TIE CALLERY OF CRASED AND AND THE THREE T your storney ou on me a winning asswer with the deek who issued that challen by 1000 erection of forey-we day from the challen by 1000 erection of forey-we day from the date of lisuance of this citation, same being March 102, 2013 of elevity in the challen against you. Sald answer may be filed by malting same to: District Clerk's Office, 301 Jackson, licitumonol, Teast young to the challen of
DETECTION OF THE MEDICAL PROPERTIES AND AND STREET AS STREET AS A STREET AS
II this Challon is not served, it shall be returned unserved, issued under my hand and seal of said Court, at Richmond, Texas on this the 13th day of February, 2015.

DISTRICT CLERK ANNIE REBECCA ELLIOT Fort Bend County, Texas By Deputy District Clerk Rachel Crisier 281-238-1950

THE STATE OFTEXAS CITATION BY PUBLICATION TO: THE UNKNOWN HEIRS OF UL DEARY AND 4602 KING RIDGE HOUSTON

TO: THE UNKNOWN HERIS OF U. DEARY AND 4602 KING RIDGE HOUSTON TERMS 77053

NOTICE:

TO THE UNKNOWN HERIS OF U. DEARY AND 4602 KING RIDGE HOUSTON TERMS 77053

NOTICE:

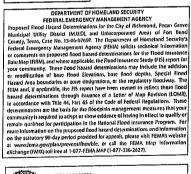
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OUSTON TX 77056

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THE LOAN AGREEMENT UNDER TEX. CONST. ART. SOANIO, AND 2. AN ORDER
AUTHORIZONE PLANTIFF TO PROFICELOSE ITS LIER REPARTS UNDER TEX. CONST.
ART SOANIO IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE LOAN AGREEMENT AND TEX. PHOR CCODE
STORE TO A MORTIGAGE IS AUTHORIZOT OF ENTORCE THE HOME COUNTY
SECURITY AGREEMENT MADE THE SUBJECT OF THIS PROCEEDING AGAINST THE
SECURIOR DROPERTY PURSUANT TO, TEX. CONST. ART. XVI SOANIO INTEX, HORD
COMM. CODE 3301 GRITEX, PHOR CODES 1,0001, S10025; TEX. PROJECTORS 1,0002
COMM. CODE 3301 GRITEX, PHOR CODES 1,0001, S10025; TEX. PROJECTORS 1,0002
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COMM. CODE 3301 GRITEX, PHOR CODES 1,0001, S10025; TEX. PROJECTORS 1,0002
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COMM. CODE 3,001 GRITEX, PHOR CODES 1,0001, S1003
COMM. CODE 3,001 GRITEX, PHOR CODE 1,0001, S1003
CODES 1,0002
CODES 1,0003
C

FORT BEND COUNTY

Deputy District Clerk Ashley Alanis
281-633-7616



The City Sugar Land seeks proposals for performing all work required for the for project in the City: PROJECT NAME: RFP 2015-06 Public Art Plan

LOCATION OF WORKS

OCATION OF WORK: Sugar Land, Texas 77479
ss, specifications, and bidding documents may be obtained by registe

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Considered

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considered.

Questions regarding this proposal must be received by Wednesday, March 18, 2015 on a lettler 350PM. Please contect Jason Postcersby CPPB. Consects Manager at Intercept 2018 Use 18 and the second of a provided in the Request for Proposal. The City for City Council will award the scotlard as provided in the Request for Proposal. The City of Sugast Land will give notice of the contents award within Intervy 1901 calendar days after the peopling data and time.

Glenda Gundermann, TRMC, CAIC City Secretary

PUBLISHER'S AFFIDAVIT

THE STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF FORT BEND

Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Seshadri Kumar who being by me duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the publisher of **Fort Bend Independent** and that said newspaper meets the requirements of Section 2051.044 of the Texas Government Code, to wit:

- 1. It devotes not less than twenty-five percent (25%) of its total column lineage to general interest items;
- 2. It is published at least once each week;
- 3. It is entered as second-class postal matter in the county where it is published; and
- 4. It has been published regularly and continuously since 2008.

Publisher further deposes and says that the attached notice was published in said newspaper on the following date (s) to wit

March 11, 2015: @DBG FY2015 Plan

Seshadri Kumar

Publisher

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME by Seshadri Kumar who

(a) Is personally known to me, or

(b) Provided the following evidence to establish his/her identity,

On this the day of April, 2015 to certify which witness my hand and seal of office.

Notary Public, State of Texas

hile Downe Smach

LILA TOWNS SMITH
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES
August 7, 2016

Commissioners Court Online

Search Tips

To search for action by Commissioners Court, select the section titled: **Search Agenda Items and Minutes** (highlighted in yellow). Choose **Agendas** or **Minutes** under Selection Criteria, enter a date range, use a key word to identify your topic, click Go. Results show in red. Click on wording to see minutes and any documents associated with that item.

If date range is before April 2009, entire meeting opens and you need to click on **Minutes Packet** or **pdf** to see images and use "control F" with same key word. Results show in blue.

To search by supporting documents that may accompany Commissioners Court action, select the section titled: **Search Supporting Documents/Attachments** (highlighted in green). Choose **Agendas** or **Minutes** under Selection Criteria, enter a date range, use a key word to identify your topic, click Go. Results show in relevance order, not date order. Click on **pdf** in each section and use "control F" with same key word to check each section for results. Results show in **bold**.

- 5. PUBLIC HEARINGS: 1:00 p.m.:
 - A. Community Development: Conduct a Public Hearing to receive comments regarding the housing and community development needs of low- and moderate-income persons in Fort Bend County in preparation of the FY 2015 Consolidated Action Plan.

 Attachments:

notice

Public hearing held. No public comment.

- B. Engineering: Conduct Public Hearings and take all appropriate action on the following matters:
 - 1. Acceptance of the traffic control plan for Reading Road between Benton Road and Berdett Road to add "No Thru Trucks" signs, Precinct 1.

Attachments:

<u>map</u>

<u>affidavit</u>

2. Acceptance of the traffic control plan for Katy ISD Elementary No. 32 (Odessa Kilpatrick Elem.) to extend the school zone on Cinco Ranch Boulevard, Precinct 3.

Attachments:

map

<u>affidavit</u>

3. Acceptance of the traffic control plan for Cinco Ranch Northwest, Section 9 and 10, Pct 3.

Attachments:

map

affidavit

4. Replat: Blue Bonnet Acres Partial Replat No. 1, Precinct 1.

Attachments:

plat

affidavit

5. Replat: Satya Long Meadow Farms Partial Replat No. 1. Precinct 4.

Attachments:

plat

affidavit

Moved by Commissioner Morrison, Seconded by Commissioner Prestage Duly put and unanimously carried (5-0), it is ordered to approve Items 5B 1 - 3.

No action on Items 5R 1 &r 5R 5

PUBLIC NOTICE FORT BEND COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT FYS 2015-2020 CONSOLIDATED PLAN DRAFT

To build and strengthen new partnerships with State and local governments and the private sector, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requires a single consolidated submission for the planning and application aspects of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), and Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Programs.

The overall goals of the community development and planning programs covered by the Consolidated Plan are to strengthen partnerships with jurisdictions and to extend and strengthen partnerships among all levels of government and the private sector, including for-profit and nonprofit organizations, to enable them:

- to provide decent housing;
- to establish and maintain a suitable living environment, and,
- to expand economic opportunities for every American, particularly for very low-income and low-income persons.

The purpose of the Consolidated Plan is to require the County to state in one document its plan to pursue these goals for all the community planning and development programs, as well as for housing programs. The FY 2015 Consolidated Plan will serve the following functions:

- 1. A planning document for the jurisdiction, which builds on a participatory process at the lowest levels;
- 2. An application for federal funds under HUD's formula grant programs;
- 3. A strategy to be followed in carrying out HUD programs; and,
- 4. An action plan that provides a basis for assessing performance.

The Consolidated Plan Final Rule requires that local government jurisdictions submit to HUD five-year Consolidated Plans containing a housing and homeless needs assessment, a housing market analysis, a strategic plan, an action plan, and the required HUD certifications... The FYs 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan includes Fort Bend County's revised housing and homeless needs assessment and housing market analysis. The plan includes 2010 Census data, 2011 American Community Survey (ACS) data, and 2014 HUD data regarding low-income households. The County's Strategic Plan has been revised to reflect changes in HUD programs, the population of the County as evidenced by the 2010 data and to provide consistency between the FYs 2010-2015 Consolidated Plan's goals and objectives, and the proposed FYs 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan's goals and objectives. The strategic plan sets forth program goals and specific objectives in a manner that helps local governments and citizens keep track of programmatic results.

The FY 2015 Consolidated Action Plan includes the proposed projects to be funded during FY 2015, September 1, 2015 to August 31, 2016. These projects are listed below by program funding source. The recommended amount of funding for each project also is listed.

Community I	Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program:	
Amount of As	sistance Available for FY 2015:	2,222,391
Countywide	CDBG Program Administration and Planning	\$380,000
Countywide	CDBG/HOME Program Housing Rehabilitation Administration	\$105,000
Countywide	Fort Bend CORPS Housing Repair Program	\$231,000
Arcola	Arcola Water System Improvements	\$265,275
Beasley	Sanitary Sewer System Rehabilitation	\$100,000
Kendleton	Sanitary Sewer System Rehabilitation	\$220,542
Riverwood	MUD No. 19 Water System Improvements, Phase 4	\$100,000
Richmond	North Richmond Sanitary Sewer Improvements, Phase 7	\$276,500
Rosenberg	North Rosenberg Water Distribution System	\$300,000
Countywide	ARC of FBC Social and Recreational Program	\$33,485
Countywide	Blessed Be Hope For Three Family Resources Program	\$16,020
Countywide	Brazos Bend Guardianship Services: Corporate Guardianship Program	\$30,000
Countywide	Catholic Charities Integrated Case Management for Seniors	\$24,000
Countywide	Child Advocates of FBC Forensic Interviewer/Children's Services Coordinator	\$34,064
Countywide	FBC Women's Center Shelter Support Services	\$30,000
Countywide	Fort Bend Seniors Meals on Wheels: Meals on Wheels Program	\$38,905
Countywide	Literacy Council of Fort Bend: Literacy Tutoring	\$37,600
County Wide		
HOME Inves	tment Partnership Program:	
Amount of As	sistance Available for FY 2015:	\$436,211
Countywide	HOME Program Administration	\$43,621
County Wide	CHDO Set-Aside	\$65,432
Countywide	FBC Housing Rehabilitation Program	\$327,158
County wide	1501104511451145	
Emergency S	olutions Grant (ESG) Program:	
Amount of As	ssistance Available for FY 2015:	\$195,277
Countywide	ESG Program Administration:	\$14,645
Countywide	FBC Women's Center Emergency Shelter Operations/Essential Services	\$36,610
Countywide	Parks Youth Ranch Emergency Shelter Operations/Essential Services	\$65,015
Countywide	Salvation Army Homelessness Prevention and Stabilization Services	\$12,000
Countywide	Fulton Village Redevelopment Rapid ReHousing/Stabilization Services	\$67,007
County wrde	Tuttott Attiago 1000 Another 100 Lander 100	

The Fort Bend County FY 2015 Consolidated Plan Draft will be available for public review and comment from Friday, May 29, 2015 to Monday, June 29, 2015. The public is encouraged to review this document and submit comments. The Consolidated Plan Executive Summary can be reviewed on the Fort Bend County Community Development Department website: http://www.fortbendcountytx.gov/ In addition, copies of the Consolidated Plan are available from the Fort Bend Community Development Department, 301 Jackson St., Suite 602, Richmond, Texas, 77469. Please call the department at (281) 341-4410 or email comments to Communitydevelopment@fortbendcountytx.gov

A public meeting will be held on Wednesday, June 10, 2015, 10:00 a.m., at the William B. Travis Building, 301 Jackson St., 1st Floor Meeting Room, Richmond, Texas to receive comments from the public regarding the draft FY 2015 Consolidated Plan. The public is encouraged to attend and to submit comments to Marilynn Kindell, Community Development Director, at the Fort Bend County Community Development Department, 301 Jackson St., Suite

602, Richmond, Texas, 77469. Comments will be incorporated into the draft Consolidated Plan document, as appropriate.

Persons with vision or hearing impairments or other individuals with disabilities requiring auxiliary aids and services may contact the department at (281) 341-4410 regarding reasonable accommodations for the meeting. This venue is accessible for persons with physical disabilities. Spanish language translators are available at the meeting for persons with Limited English Proficiency. Persons requiring other language translators must contact the department at least 48 hours prior to the meeting at (281) 341-4410 to request translation services for the meeting.

publicnotice30day 2015 final

AROUND THE NEIGHBORHOOD

Missouri City Animal Shelter

After 15 years as a licensed animal rehabilitator trained to work with orphaned and iniured wildlife. Valerie Tolmon retired

Missouri City's new animal shelter had just opened and advertised for volun-teers. Valerie thought that would be fun because she did not want another "real" full time job. If a volunteer position is your passion, at times it can offer more satisfaction

than a salary,
Valerie brought with her more than experience with animals. She has the ability to give the animals shots for minor issues, such as kennel cough, which is a contagious respiratory infection.



SHELTER VOLUNTEERS

These are people (mini-mum age of 18) who like and enjoy dogs and cats. The job description is simple.

For dogs this means a walk on a leash or visit to the fenced in yard where the volunteer can sit on a bench and throw a ball for the dog or just sit and watch for the dog poop that they will need

to pick up. For playtime in the cat room, you use their toys to play with them, brush, pet and talk to them. Other positions are working in the front office and doing publicity. There are no "after hours" positions available.

Special treatment is need-ed for dogs who have just entered the shelter because they come in confused and afraid not understanding why they are in this place and lacked in a cage, not knowing what to expect next.

Or they were adopted and then returned because they were not a good fit with the current family dog or a mem-

to their dog hair, etc. Volunteers just rub the back of their ears and use a quiet, reassur-ing voice tone. This causes ing voice tone. This causes their attitude and their ears and tail to really perk up.

ANIMAL CONTROL

OFFICER
These are paid City employees who enforce the City's

tess who entonce and characteristics. They bring in "running loose" dogs and cuts and place them on a 3 day hold (if no collar) or on a 6 day hold (if no collar) and an edilar). wearing a collar).
If animal has an ID collar or

microchin, efforts are made to locate the owner and they go back home within a day.
(Returning animals to their

owners is handled by the Of-ficers. Volunteers are not involved.)

During the hold time the Officers will determine if the animals need to be enthanatized due to serious medical sues, injuries or aggression.
At the end of the hold time,

when animals are cleared to be when animals are cleared to be safe for volunteer interaction, a "green card" will be posted on their cage and the Volun-teers begin to prepare the ani-mals for adoption. SOCIALIZATION

SOCIALIZATION
PROGRAM
Volunteers initiate "out of the cage" walks or "playtime" in the fenced in yard. Animals with friendly interpersonal skills with people, and other animals, are put on the Shelter Facebook page with a description and ubpotentials. Becaring and proportable. Becaring tion and photographs. Breeds that require "special handling" and training are sent to Rescue Centers for their particu-lar breed. (There are 30 in the Houston area.)

Animals that are listed on the Shelter Waiting List are "small and furry," like a Shihizu

Adoption events at local pet stores are held often to introduce the public to animals

LOOKING TO ADOPT?

For God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life. (John 3:16) www.bibleliterature.com

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12551, Emily Court, Sugar Land, TX 77478 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 623, Sugar Land, TX 77487
Seshadri Kumar www.fbindependent.com 281-980-6745 Publisher & Editor

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When 'Fee only' is not 'Fee only'

Volunteers can help you match up with the best animal for you and your family. Cats un for adoption have been given a Personality Test developed by the ASPCA. They will have received a certificate that describes their personality and how their owner might ex-pect them to behave. Prospective adopters can feel secure that the animal they adopt has been carefully accessed for

any negative issues.
ADOPTION PROCEDURES
Call the Animal Shelter Office to set an appointment to go by and meet the animals who are available for adoption. The cost to adopt a pet is \$15 You sign a contract that you will have the animal spayed or neutered within 30 days. Sometimes the Shelter will have the animal spayed or neutered when it enters the shelter because it will encour-age adoption of the animal. At this point the shelter will ask if the adopter is willing to make a donation to help defray what was spent. The Shelter can then use that money to pay for veterinary care or to spay or neuter another animal.

HELP SAVE THE LIVES OF MANY ANIMALS: You can give tun and comfort to animals without having the expense and responsibility of

ownership
NEED FOR VOLUNTEERS IS SO GREAT that on a day when they are short of volunteers some dogs do not get even one walk that day.

For more information to vo-luteer call City Communications Department. Ask for a Volunteer Application. (281) 403,8530.

Unable to volunteer your

Write a check (any amount) to: FRIENDS OF MISSOURI CITY ANIMAL SHELTER and mail to: Missouri City, Texas 77459.

It is a (5013c) organization and you can deduct your dona-

Contact: Animal Shelter Of-fice, 281.403.8707.

https://www.facebook.com/ mocityshelterpets and read the incredible stories of animals who looked death in the face and survived because of foster homes and adoptions.

and survived because or losser homes and adoptions.

THE STATE OF TEXAS CITATION BY PUBLICATION TO: ROY JAMES and to all whom it may concern, Repondent. Or REPUBLICATION TO: ROY JAMES and to all whom it may concern, Repondent. Or may employ an alternay if you have been sued. You may employ an alternay if the property of the property

JAMES, MINOR. The sort requests DIVORCE.

To court has authority in this suit to enter any judgement or decree dissolving the manage and providing for the division of property which will be binding on you. The county in the county of the property of the

adoption.
Issued and given under my hand and
seal of the said court at fildmond,
leas, on this the 23rd day of
february, 2015.
PETITICNER'S ATTORNEY:
ISSACE, HENDERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
RO, BOX 711265
HOUSTON TX 77271
3734648-7885 HOUSTON 1A ---713-668-7885
DISTRICT CLERK ANNIE REBECCA ELLIOTT
Deputy District Clerk Valerie Ramos
281-633-7620

We all want things to be as they appear. If we see a Hollywood star in public, we want them to look exactly as they do in the movies. If we order the new dish from our favorite restaurant, we want it to taste as good as it looks in the commercial. And when advisors tell us they are "fee-only," we want to believe that their clients are the only ones

their clients are the only ones paying him.

The adage goes that "ap-pearances can be deceiving."

Movie stars aren't as perfect as they seem in theaters, and the dish may not be as delicious as hoped. Likewise, some advisors may say they are fee-only, but in reality, it is something else.

There are three primary

compensation structures in the linancial planning indus-try: fee-only, fee and com-mission (also known as feebased), and commission-only. Each is unique in the incentives and motivations they

provide the advisor.

A fee-only advisor is held to the fiduciary standard, which means he must act in your best interest at all times. A commissioned advisor is held to the suitability stan-dard, which means they just have to offer something that is generally suitable for you to use (i.e., it may or may not

to use (i.e., it may or may not be what's best for you).

According to the Wall Street Journal article "Brokerages Pull Back on Fee Label," several large brokerage firms have instructed their advisors with the CERTIFIED FINANCIAL. PLANNER@ FINANCIAL PLANNERS FINANCIAL PLANNERse designation to remove all ref-erences to "fee-only" from their websites and marketing material. The reason? The lirms, and perhaps even the advisors themselves, were not

For example, an advisor may have only "fee" clients, but he is paid by an institution that sells commissioned prod-

LEGAL NOTICE INVITATION TO BIDDERS

LEGAL NOTICE INVITATION TO BIDDERS THE SALE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE SALE OF THE S

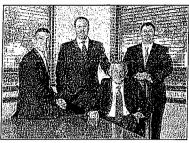
required. Fort Bend County reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Signed: Gilbert D. Jalomo, Jr., Purchasing Agent Fort Bend County, Richmond, Texas

INVITATION DEDERS
Scaled Blids will be received in the Office of Gilbert D. Jalomo, Jr., Coninty Purchasing Agent, Fort Rend County, Tawis Annex, 30 Jackson, Sinte 201, Brommon, Tit. 77-869.
Sinte 201, Brommon, Tit. 77-869.
Ill. 2015 at 1380 P.M. CST. All blids will be the purchasing the sint of the Office of the Purchasing in the Office of the Purchasing Agents of the County of the Purchasing Agents of the Purchasing Agents of the Purchasing Agents on Purchasing Agents well as the Purchasing Agents on Purchasing Agents of Purch

attend. nit pricing required; payment will by check. Bonds are required. ort Bend County reserves the right

Purchasing Agent Fort Bend County, Richmond, Texas



Brandon Arns, left, Jured Jameson, Bill Jameson and Derek Fluley

the institution to encourage the advisor to invest client money into the businesses that own the proprietary products. But is this actually happen-

ing?
The answer, unfortunitely, is yes. According to the August 2013 issue of Investment News, Edward Jones has decided to sell proprietary investment products to their fee-based clients. This means they will sell investments that they have a beneficial interest in. This isn't necessarily new, as Merrill Lynch owned a 49 percent stake in the invest-ment firm BlackRock for several years (which is why many

ucts. There is the potential for ML advisors recommended

BlackRock investment funds).
The point of this article is not to disparage any particular business model, but to encourage investors to thoroughly evaluate advisors before putting your money in their hands. In the end, trust is the key to any successful pro-fessional relationship.

Can you must your advisor to make decisions that are in

your best interest?

IV. Interests, LLC has provided fee-only financial advice to individuals, families and businesses since 1996.. For more information, please contact us at wj@wjinterests.com or 281-634-9400.

PUBLIC NOTICE FORT BEND COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT FY: 2015-2020 CONSOLIDATED PLAN DRAFT

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Countywide	for Seniors	\$24,000
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TOTALISE	and Stabilization Services	\$12,000
	BLID SIGNAMORAL SCITICE)	112,000

The Fort Bend County F7 2015 Consolidated Plan Drait will be available for public review and cramment Imm Fiday, May 22, 2015 to Monday, Jane 29, 2015. The public personage of the review this documents. The Consolidated Plan are available from the Fort Bend Community Development Department, webtile: http://www.fortbendcountyst.gov/ in addition Consolidated Plan are available from the Fort Bend Community Development Department, 201 Justice 91, 1816 602, filkhimond, Teast, 77469. Plassa Collidated Optationated at (2013) 314-4101 or email commentation Community development Plant and Consolidated Plan are available from the Fort Bend Community of Community Communi

\$67,007

call the final means are startly as a section of a section of the
PUBLISHER'S AFFIDAVIT

THE STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF FORT BEND

Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Seshadri Kumar who being by me duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the publisher of **Fort Bend Independent** and that said newspaper meets the requirements of Section 2051.044 of the Texas Government Code, to wit:

- 1. It devotes not less than twenty-five percent (25%) of its total column lineage to general interest items;
- 2. It is published at least once each week;
- 3. It is entered as second-class postal matter in the county where it is published; and
- 4. It has been published regularly and continuously since 2008.

Publisher further deposes and says that the attached notice was published in said newspaper to wit:

May 27, 2015: FBC CDBG 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan Draft

Seshadri Kumar

Publisher

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN BEFORE ME by Seshadri Kumar who

(a) is personally known to me, or

(b) Provided the following evidence to establish his/ her identity,

On this the day of May, 2015 to certify which witness my hand and seal of office.

JESSICA ORTIZ
Notary Public
STATE OF TEXAS
My Comm. Exp. August 13, 2018

Notary Public, State of Texas

FORT BEND COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

Public Meeting
June 10, 2015
Meeting Comments

No one attended the meeting.

There were no comments

FORT BEND COUNTY NEEDS ASSESSMENT SURVEY

FORT BEND COUNTY NEEDS ASSESSMENT SURVEY

A needs assessment survey was conducted of interested individuals, non-profits, and local governments during the development of the FYs 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan. These surveys were emailed and mailed to individuals, local governments, and non-profits on the County's mailing lists. In addition, the surveys were distributed at public meetings and to anyone expressing interest in the County's Consolidated Plan or in the needs of low and moderate income residents of the County. The survey also is posted on the County website. The survey results along with public input and the HUD data were used to update the Consolidated Plan.

Out of the seventeen (17) surveys mailed or e-mailed to local governments and districts, eleven were completed and returned. The needs with the highest priority responses were public facilities and improvements and economic development.

Twenty-one surveys were submitted individuals, most represented non-profit organizations. One survey was illegible and could not be used. The needs with the highest priority responses were homeless services and facilities, special needs population services and facilities, and public services. A copy of the survey, responses and comments are included in this section.

Fort Bend County, Texas 2015 Community Development Needs Survey

Fort Bend County receives an annual allocation of Federal funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). These funds are intended to create viable communities by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expanded economic opportunities for low- and moderate-income persons. HUD requires the submission of a Consolidated Plan that identifies needs, priorities, goals, and objectives for addressing the community's needs over the next five years. As part of this process, the County is seeking public input to determine the County's five-year needs for homeless, housing, public service, economic, and infrastructure programs.

Please help us identify priority needs in your local government/community by taking a few minutes to fill out this survey. It will help us put together a strategy representative of resident needs. We would like to know what you think are your community's most pressing needs. Thank You.

Name:	
Position:	
Entity:	
Area Code/Telephone Number:	
Fax Number:	
E-Mail Address	
Please scan and e-mail completed surve	ey to: <u>debra.watson@fortbendcountytx.gov</u>
or mail completed survey to:	Fort Bend County Community Development Department 301 Jackson St., Suite 602 Richmond, Texas 77469

by Friday, January 30, 2015.

Should you have any questions, please contact Carol Borrego in the Fort Bend County Community Development Department at (281) 341-4410 or Carol.Borrego@fortbendcountytx.gov

Homeless Services and Facilities: (Please check an entry for each item)	No Need	Low Need	Medium Need	High Need
Outreach Services (Services to persons on street, unsheltered)				
Emergency Shelter Services				
Emergency Shelter Operating Costs				
Emergency Shelter Acquisition		<u></u>		
Emergency Shelter Renovation				
Transitional Shelter (6 months-2 years)			·	
Permanent Supportive Housing (2 years +)				
Rapid ReHousing (monthly rental subsidy)				
Homelessness Prevention Assistance	·			
Other:				·
Other:				
Other:				
nomeless persons, and any services and/or faraddition, include any other comments you may	cilities for the have regarding	homeless perso	ons in your commons, services, and	nunity. In facilities.
	<u>-,,</u>			

<u>Special Needs Populations Services and</u> <u>Facilities:</u> (Please check an entry for each item)	No Need	Low Need	Medium Need	High Need
Abused/Neglected Children Services				
Abused/Neglected Children Facilities			· ·	
Battered Spouses Services			· · ·	
Battered Spouses Facilities		<u></u>		
Elderly Persons Services			<u> </u>	
Elderly Persons Facilities				
Severely Disabled Services				
Severely Disabled Facilities				
Homeless Persons Services				
Homeless Persons Facilities				
Illiterate Persons Services			***************************************	
Illiterate Persons Facilities				
Persons With AIDS Services				
Persons With AIDS Facilities				
Migrant Farm Workers Services				
Migrant Farm Workers Facilities				
Other:	6 4			
Other:				
Other:				
Please identify any special population needs not types of services, facilities and/or both.	included ab	ove and specify	if the need is fo	r services,
And the second s				
			····	

Affordable Housing: (Please check an entry for each item)	No Need	Low Need	Medium Need	High Need
Fair Housing (Discrimination)				
Housing Counseling				
Homeownership: (Downpayment Assistance)				
Homeownership: New Construction				
Homeowner Repair (Less than \$5,000)				
Homeowner Rehabilitation (More than \$5,000)				
Homeowner Accessibility Improvements				
Homeowner Energy Efficiency				
Housing for Seniors				
Housing for Physically Disabled				
Housing for Mentally Disabled				
Housing for Ex-offenders		<u></u>	,	
Rental Assistance: (Emergency Assistance)				
Rental Housing Subsidy: (monthly rent)				
Security Deposits				
Rental Housing: New Construction			 .	
Rental Housing Rehabilitation (Apartments)	·			
Other:				
Other:				
Comments you have about the need for affordable	e housing in y	our community	· <u> </u>	
				

<u>Public Services</u> (Please check an entry for each item)	No Need	Low Need	Medium Need	High Need
Service for Homeless/AIDS Persons				
Senior Services		-		
Handicapped Services (Disabilities)				
Legal Services				
Youth Services				
Transportation Services				
Substance Abuse Services				
Battered and Abused Spouses		·		
Employment Training				
Crime Awareness				
Fair Housing Activities				
Tenant/Landlord Counseling				
Child Care Services				
Health Services				
Abused and Neglected Children				
Mental Health Services				
Screening for Lead Based Paint				
Neighborhood Cleanups				
Food Banks	 			
Other:				
Other:				
Comments you have about the need for publ				
		<u> </u>		

Public Facilities and Improvements: (Please check an entry for each item)	No Need	Low Need	Medium Need	High Need
Senior Centers				<u></u>
Handicapped Centers				
Youth Centers				
Neighborhood Facilities			·	
Parks, Recreational Facilities				
Child Care Centers				
Health Facilities				
Abused/Neglected Children Facilities				
Facilities for AIDS Patients				•
Fire Station/Equipment		· 		····
Parking Facilities	, 			
Solid Waste Disposal Improvements			·	
Flood/Drainage Improvements				
Water/Sewer Improvements				
Street Improvements				
Sidewalks				
Clearance and Demolition		<u>′</u>		
Clean Up of Contaminated Sites			-	
Tree Planting				
Other:				
Other:				
Comments you have about the need for publ	ic facilities and im	provements in	your community.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Economic Development/Opportunity (Please check an entry for each item)		No Need	Low Need	Medium Need	High Need
Commercial/Industrial Infrastructure					
Commercial/Industrial Building Acquisition, Construction, Rehabilitation					
Other Commercial/Industrial Improvements					
Economic Development Assistance To For-Profits				 :	
Economic Development Administration and Technical Assistance					
Micro-Enterprise Assistance					
Nonprofit Capacity Building					
Assistance to Higher Education Institution					
Operation and Repair of Foreclosed Property					
Other:					
Other:					
Comments you have about the need for ec	onomic	developmen	t activities in yo	ur community	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

2015 Cor	nmunity [Jevelopi	ment Nec	2015 Community Development Needs Survey:								
	Homeles	s Service	Homeless Services and Facilities:	cilities:								
Survey	Outreach	E. Shelter	E. Shelter	Outreach E. Shelter E. Shelter	E. Shelter	Transitional Permanent	Permanent	Rapid	Rapid Homelessness Other Other	Other	Other	Other
No.	Services	Services	Operating	Acquisition	Services Operating Acquisition Renovation	Shelter	Supportive	ReHousing	Supportive ReHousing Prevention			
	-						Housing		Assistance			
Total	2	11	∞	r.	2	6	10	6	10	-	1	7
Gov. Total	1	2	2	-	-	1	1	П	H			

015 Co	mmunit	y Develo	pment	2015 Community Development Needs Sur	urvey:	-											
	Special	Needs P	opulatic	Special Needs Populations Services and Facilities:	ces and	1 Faciliti	es:										
	Abused/	Abused/ Abused/ Battered Battered	Battered	Battered	Elderly	Elderly	Severely	Severely	Elderly Severely Homeless Homeless Illiterate	Homeless	Illiterate	Illiterate	Persons	Illiterate Persons Persons Migrant Migrant	Migrant	Migrant	
	Neglected	Neglected Neglected Spouses Spouses	Spouses	Spouses	Persons	Persons	Disabled	Disabled Disabled	Persons	Persons	Persons	Persons	W/AIDS	Persons W/AIDS W/AIDS	Farm	Farm	<u> </u>
Survey	Children	Children	Services	Children Services Facilities Services	Services	Facilities	Services	Facilities Services Facilities	Services Facilities Services Facilities Services Facilities Worker	Facilities	Services	Facilities	Services	Facilities	Worker	Worker	
No.	Services	Facilities													Services	Services Facilities Other	Other
Total	9	9	9	7	11	6	4	4	8	7	3	æ	2	2	2	2	4
Gov Total	2	2	2	2	3	2	н	1	1	1	1	1	н	1	-	1	

2015 Ca	ommunity	Developn	2015 Community Development Needs Survey:	ırvey:							•							
	Affordabl	Affordable Housing:	hi.															
	Fair	Housing	Housing Homeownership Homeowner Hom	Homeownership	Homeowner	eowner	Homeowner Homeowner Housing	Homeowner	Housing	Housing	Housing	Housing	Rental	Rental	Security	Rental	Rental	
	Housing	Counseling	Housing Counseling Downpayment	New	Repair	Rehabilitation	Accessibility	Energy	쥰	For	Pē	För	Assistance Housing Deposits	Housing	Deposits	Housing	Housing	
Survey			Assistance	Construction	(less than	(more than	Improvements	Efficiency	Seniors	Physically	Mentally	Physically Mentally Ex-Offenders (emergency) Subsidy	(emergency)	Subsidy		New	Rehabilitation	
No.					\$5,000)	\$5,000)				Disabled	Disabled					Construction	Construction (Apartments)	Other
Total	5	8	6	∞	6	6	8	8	8	9	6	9	10	6	∞	S	9	g
Gov Total	-1	7	2	8	3	2	2	3	2	1	Н	1	2	2	-1	1	-	-

2015 CO	mmunity I	Jevelopn	2015 Community Development Needs Survey:	Survey:															
	Public Services:	rvices:																	
	Homeless/	Senior	Handicapped	Legal	Youth	Youth Transportation	Substance	Battered	Substance Battered Employment	Crime	Fair	Tenant/	Child	Health	Abused Mental	Mental	LBP	Neighborhood	Food
Survey	AIDS	Services	/Disabled Services Services	Services	Services	Services	Abuse	/Abused	Training	Awareness Housing Landlord	Housing	Landlord	Care	Services	Services /Neglected Health Screening	Health	Screening	Cleanup	Bank
No.	Services		Services					Spouses	Services	Services	Services	Services Services Counseling Services	Services		Children	Services Services	Services	Services	Services
								Services				Services			Services				
Total	4	8	9	11	11 12	15	7	2	6	2	7	9	6	7	7	12	4	ı	9
Gov Total	1	က	1	2	3	7	3	m	4	æ	7	3	3	7	2	2	3	4	2

2015 Co	mmunit	2015 Community Development Needs Survey:	nent N	eeds Survey							İ								
	Public F	Public Facilities and Improvements:	idui p	rovements:															
Survey	Senior	Senior Handicapped Youth Neighborhood	Youth	Neighborhood	Parks/	Child	Health	Abused/ Facilities	Facilities	Fire	Parking	Solid	Flood	Water	Street	Sidewalks	Clearance	Clean Up	Tree
No.	Centers	Centers Center	Center	Facilities	Recreational Care	Care	Facilities	Neglected For AIDS Station/	For AIDS		Facilities	Waste	/Drainage	/Sewer	Improvements		and	Jo	Planting
					Facilities	Centers		Children	Patients	Children Patients Equipment		Disposal	Improvements	Improvements Improvements			Demoliton	Demoliton Contaminated	
								Facilities				mprovements						Sites	
Total	3	3	8	9	4	7	3	5	2	æ	0	1	3	2	4	9	2	1	2
Gov Total	2	7	3	7	က	3	4	2	1	8	2	2	4		9	2	8	0	"

2015 Co	2015 Community Development Needs Survey:	velopment	: Needs Surv	vey:						
	Economic Develo	evelopmer	opment/Opportunity:	nity:						
	Commercial	Commercial	Other	Economic	Economic	Micro-	Non-	Assistance	Operation	Other
	/Industrial	/Industrial	Commercial	Development	Development Development	Enterprise	Profit	to	Repair	
	Infrastructure	Building	/Industrial	Assistance	Administration	Assistance	Capacity	Higher	of	
		Acquisition	improvments	To	and		Building	Education	Foreclosed	
Survey		Construction		For-Profits	Technical				Property	
No.		Rehabilitation			Assistance					
Total	2	П	1	3	1	က	8		5	
Gov Total	9	9	5	Ŋ	4	4	2	4	3	

Needs Assessment Survey Comments

The following section includes the comments included in the completed surveys. The comments are summarized by the two types of respondents, government/district respondents and non-profits/individuals.

FY 2015 Consolidated Plan Needs Assessment Survey Government/District Comments

Affordable Housing:

We have a lot of low income and single parents. Affordable will stop the rent and put them in something that could be theirs. It will give them a sense of pride.

We have a part of Pleak that needs cleaning up, houses fixed, and road repair. Public water would help, also.

Public Services:

After school program staffed with <u>teachers</u> to help kids with homework and tutorial help. Provide kids with a warm dinner before going home. Also more after school enrichment programs (ball games, plays, etc...) with qualified adults.

Public Facilities:

Need community facilities so we will have a place for emergency, educational, outreach needs, etc...

We do not track nor facilitate housing or health and human services programs and are only able to respond to infrastructure improvements supported by CDBG that we can manager with existing Public Works staff.

Economic Development:

With KCS in the area and I69 in progress we all know growth follows the interstate. We are right in front of the growth path. We need to be ready and prepared for it. All infrastructure needs to be in place so city can receive and prosper from it. Growth is what we been waiting for so we need to be ready water, sewer, roads and all other accommodating facilities.

All businesses have moved away from Avenue H and moved to 59. Unfortunately, most housing assistance recipients are in "old Rosenberg" and don't have access to 59 construction due to lack of public transportation. Also, no businesses (doctors, grocery...) are within walking distance because the businesses have moved away leaving housing recipients stranded.

Our community is really starting to grow. The biggest hold up is no public water and sewer. Some of our roads are in bad shape. My goal is to have all roads redone in the next 5 years.

FY 2015 Consolidated Plan Needs Assessment Survey Non-Profits/General Public

Homeless Services and Facilities:

Richmond and Rosenberg downtown area, parks and cemeteries. Fort Bend Social Services has the greatest impact on these particular clients. Fort Bend Family Promise has a waiting list. Many of the transients who visit use also live in their cares so there is a need for gasoline to keep them in safer neighborhoods than Rosenberg-Richmond downtowns.

The Fort Bend YMCA does not offer shelter or housing services.

Geographics: US HWY 59/Beltway 8. Migrate to Stafford and Missouri City areas, hide in parks, under bleachers, behind convenience stores mostly in their own vehicles. Migrate between parking lots.

Population: Veterans, seniors, working families living in vehicles, mental health, Comments: United services available. Must utilize hotels to house homeless residents.

There are very few services for people who are homeless. There is a homeless population on 5th Street near Staffordshire.

Due to the proximity of Kendleton from the major cities there are limited means of transportation which limits access to the convenience of food, shelter, and recreational enrichment. Kendleton has no library, art museum or other liberal art sources.

Most of our clients are facing eviction; on the verge of homelessness.

Richmond/Rosenberg

The available services for those experiencing homelessness in the Fort Bend Area are limited. I only know of 3 shelters in Fort Bend! 1) Domestic Violence; 2) women and children- always at capacity and 3) The Lord's Kitchen for Men-which has very limited space. I forgot Family Promise and they are overburdened and at max capacity. My particular grant excludes Missouri City, Sugarland, Katy + this limits choices to already challenging County that has scarce affordable housing options, no public transportation-(seriously). Additionally I have not identified any housing or resources for unaccompanied youth.

FBCWC's serves survivor of domestic violence and sexual assault. Our shelter is an essential program for survivors in FBC. This is a special population with a high need for shelter, Rapid ReHousing and Permanent Supportive Housing funds. Also, our information is not allowed to be entered into HMIS so we want to make sure the need is recognized.

Richmond currently 3 individuals are living/sleeping under the Brazos River Bridge. Rosenberg currently,3-4 individuals sleep at Brazos Park either under the pavilions or under the bridge. Stafford about 3-4 individuals sleep on 5th St. Feet from the bridge. Further down 5th St. neighbors report that several individuals sleep under bridge a few block down the road. Other

individuals we have provide services to report they are sleeping in their cars will make enough money to pay for few nights stay in a hotel, or sleep behind various gas stations or businesses. One individual is currently sleeping in an abandoned truck behind Oak Bend Medical Hospital.

Homeless youth exist in FBC- as the economy begins to falter, more homeless youth will be forced out of their temporary housing and onto the streets. Transitional living housing needs increase as more children "age out" of foster care or reach the age of 18. Mental health services are needed. Wrap around case management is needed. Transportation is needed.

Special Needs Populations: Services and Facilities:

Mental health. No substance abuse residential facility in Fort Bend. Limited services for unemployed or those who seek better employment.

Mentally challenged homeless people; Immigration services-many immigrants don't know their rights and are abused and taken advantage of.

Kendleton does not currently have a designated area to gain information that is visible.

Grandparents raising grandchildren.

Youth Services and Facilities.

Incapacitated adults in need of a legal guardian—need more financial resources to help establish and oversee the guardianship.

Our mental health provider in the area (Texana) is great, but they cannot provide all. The services needs for people with mental illness. FBCWC's must house our PSH program in Houston to access Harris County MHRMA.

Affordable Housing:

Fort Bend County has had unprecedented suburban growth, development in the area is targeted at the high end single family new construction...out of reach for ownership for low and moderate income families. Affordable housing units are not being built...yet there is pent-up demand both affordable multi-family unit rental and single family affordable units. The elderly have the fewest choice of available housing units.

The YMCA does not offer housing.

Affordable housing is very limited in Fort Bend. Safe housing difficult to find if it affordable. Landlords take advantage of residents often refuse to make basic repairs. Refuse to take financial assistance on behalf of client for tax reasons.

Prices on housing are out of reach for many.

Because of the lack of affordable housing many elderly are forced to live in subliving standards, i.e., homes in needs of repair and maintenance.

The majority of our clients have a very large need for ongoing rental assistance/mortgage.

Landlords need to be exposed to information on affordable housing as it relates to homeless services and encouraged to attend any wrap-around/community meetings.

The need for additional funding is needed to reduce CORPS waiting list that has exceeded 24 months.

I don't believe we need affordable housing "projects" but we do need to make sure there are enough complexes in the County with affordable rents-within the HUD "Fair Market Rent."

We often have children turn 18 at our shelter with no option in housing and no way to pay rent even if housing existed.

Public Services:

Need sidewalks repaired to reduce movement restrictions.

- 1. Swim lessons for children under the age of 12-offered in underprivileged areas;
- 2. Cancer survivor program;
- 3. Healthy Living classes-nutrition classes;
- 4. Diabetes Prevention classes;
- 5. Family Program.

Many programs offer one-time assistance and provide limited case management to help people break cycle of poverty.

Transportation is very poor-does not address the needs, schedule or availability of the community. Dental care is in great demand.

There are none in Kendleton.

Lack of transportation services creates barriers for individuals that are job seekers that do not have vehicles.

Fort Bend County as a whole must recognize that special populations including homelessness exist in the County.

As the economy continues on the downward slope, more public services will be needed.

Public Facilities and Improvements:

Our neighborhood is over 30 years old and is in need of repairing sidewalks, curbs, and streets. Our community is in unincorporated County, the community does not receive any assistance with the repairs from the City of Houston.

Need more improvements in public facilities instead of streets, sewer and solid waste, limited affordable child care facilities for working families.

Families request recreation such as entertainment, theaters, etc...

Many facilities are fairly new or low need for improvements.

Majority of FBC seeing recent development. I'm uncertain as how much of FBC needs improvement of the infrastructure.

Economic Development/Opportunity:

The YMCA offers programs to support many needs in the community including childcare, preschool childcare, swim lessons for the underprivileged, health living programs addressing youth obesity and diabetes, Family programs including summer camp for the under privileged. At the Y, we know that positive change only comes about when we invest in our kids, our health and our neighbors.

All areas of need tie back to economic development. Fort Bend is growing, however, there are very limited resources available to working class families. Affordable housing is crucial in order to draw workers to Fort Bend to meet needs of growing retail, manufacturing, service industries and construction. Lack of housing compounds limited public transportation available.

Mayberry Foundation has identified this need and offers the solution which will address many of the above listed items on this list.

The community could always use more education institutions.

APPENDIX B CITIZEN PARTICIPATION PLAN FORT BEND COUNTY, TEXAS

INTRODUCTION

This Citizen Participation Plan describes the process whereby citizens, organizations, local governments and agencies may take part in the development of the Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plans, Substantial Amendments to plans, the Consolidated Annual Performance Report (CAPER), and the submission of guaranteed loan fund applications. This Citizen Participation Plan is required in the regulations for the Consolidated Plan (CFR 91.105). The plan provides for:

giving citizens timely notice of local meetings and reasonable and timely access to local meetings, information, and records;

giving citizens access to technical assistance in developing proposals;

holding the minimum number of public meetings and/or hearings;

meeting the needs of non-English speaking residents;

providing affected citizens with reasonable advance notice of, and opportunity to comment on, proposed activities not previously included in an application and activities which are proposed to be deleted or substantially changed in terms of purpose, scope, location, or beneficiaries;

responding to citizen complaints and grievances in a timely manner; and

encouraging citizen participation, particularly by low- and moderate-income persons who reside in slum or blighted areas, and other areas in which guaranteed loan funds are to be used.

1. Encouragement of Citizen Participation

Fort Bend County encourages the participation of local and regional institutions, the Continuum of Care and other organizations in developing and implementing the consolidated plan. Fort Bend County will explore alternative public involvement techniques and quantitative ways to measure efforts that encourage citizen participation in a shared vision for change in communities and neighborhoods, and the review of program performance.

2. Timely Notice and Access To Meetings, Information, and Records.

The Fort Bend County Community Development Department will give citizens timely notice of the opportunity to make written or verbal comments pertaining to the use of CDBG, ESG, and HOME funds or guaranteed loan funds. Prior to the preparation, approval and submission of the Consolidated Plan or Annual Action Plan to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the Department will publish notices in one or more local newspapers of will general circulation and post notices on the County's In addition, the Department will maintain a mailing list of http://www.fortbendcountytx.gov/ interested citizens, organizations, and agencies and identify and notify potential and actual beneficiaries (e.g., cooperative cities, non-profit organizations, public agencies) of the opportunity to make recommendations pertaining to the use of funds. The mailing list will also

be used to notify interested persons of the Department's intent to hold public meetings to allow citizens to identify community needs and make recommendations for how funds may be used.

Citizens will be given an opportunity to make verbal and written recommendations pertaining to the use of funds. Draft copies of the Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plans and CAPERs will be available for review at the office of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department and copies will be available for anyone requesting a copy. An electronic copy will be made available for anyone requesting an electronic copy of the Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plan, or CAPER. Citizens and other affected parties will be provided an opportunity to examine the contents of the plan and report and submit comments and recommendations (1) at public meetings held for that purpose, (2) by mail, (3) by email, and (4) by delivery to the office of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department. Citizens and other affected parties will be encouraged to submit written recommendations to the Department for documentation and evaluation purposes. Comments and recommendations received at the public meetings will be reviewed by the Department and will be taken into consideration when the Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plan, CAPER, or guaranteed loan fund applications are prepared.

Citizens will be given at least 30 days to comment on the draft Consolidated Plan or Annual Action Plan before the final plans are completed. Citizens will be provided at least 15 days to submit comments regarding the CAPER before the final report is completed. A summary of the proposed plans and report will be published as a public notice one or more local newspapers. In addition, a summary of the proposed plans and report will be posted on the County's website. A summary of any comments received will be attached to the final plans. The final Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan will be reviewed by Fort Bend County Commissioners Court. Upon approval, the final Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plan and/or guaranteed loan fund applications will be available to the public upon request.

The Fort Bend County Community Development Department will give citizens timely access to local meetings. Public meetings and/or public hearings will be held at times and places that are convenient for potential and actual beneficiaries. Meetings and hearings will be held in facilities that are accessible to the disabled. The Department will make a reasonable effort to accommodate disabled persons and when possible, provide auxiliary aids upon request.

The Fort Bend County Community Development Department will provide reasonable and timely access to information and records pertaining to projected and actual use of funds. In addition, citizens will be given reasonable access to information, and records relating to the County's projected and actual use of guaranteed loan funds, including, but not limited to:

- (a) the amount of guaranteed loan funds expected to be made available for the coming year, including the program income anticipated to be generated by the activities carried out with guaranteed loan funds;
- (b) the range of activities that may be undertaken with guaranteed loan funds;
- (c) the estimated amount of guaranteed loan funds (including program income derived there from) proposed to be used for activities that will benefit low- and moderate-income persons; and

(d) the proposed activities likely to result in displacement and the Fort Bend County Community Development Department's plans, consistent with the policies developed under **24 CFR 570.606** or **570.496** for minimizing displacement of persons as a result of the County's proposed activities.

The public may be required to provide reasonable notice and to pay for the cost of reproduction of multiple copies of written materials.

3. Technical Assistance.

Upon request, the Fort Bend County Community Development Department will provide technical assistance to groups representing of persons of low- and moderate-income that request such assistance in developing proposals before the release of the annual request for proposals (RFPs). The Fort Bend County Community Development Department will provide this assistance at a level and type commensurate with its staff capabilities and resources. The provision of technical assistance need not include the provision of funds to such groups.

In addition, the Fort Bend County Community Development Department will provide information to groups regarding technical assistance being provided or sponsored by HUD or other organizations.

4. Minimum Number of Public Hearings.

The Fort Bend County Community Development Department will hold a minimum of one public hearing during the development of the Consolidated Plan. At least one other public hearing will be held during the program year to obtain citizens' views and to respond to proposals and questions. In addition, public meetings will be held during the Consolidated Plan, Annual Plan and CAPER processes, each at different stages of its program, for the purpose of obtaining the views of citizens and formulating or responding to proposals and questions. All together these meetings and/or hearings will address community development and housing needs, development of the Consolidated Plan, Annual Action Plan, and loan guarantee applications, and review of program performance in the CAPER. At least one of these meetings and/or hearings will be held before submission of the Consolidated Plan and/or Annual Action Plan to obtain the view of citizens on community development and housing needs and program funding recommendations. Reasonable notice of meetings and/or hearings will be provided and the meeting and/or hearing will be held at times and locations convenient to potential or actual beneficiaries, with accommodations for the disabled.

5. Needs of Non-English Speaking Residents.

In the case of public meetings and/or hearings where a significant number of non-English speaking residents can reasonably be expected to attend and participate, Spanish speaking Community Development Department staff will be available to provide translation assistance and public information to persons with Limited English Proficiency. Persons requiring other language translators must contact the department at least 48 hours prior to the meeting at (281) 341-4410 to request translation services for the public meeting and/or hearing.

6. Reasonable Advance Notice.

The Fort Bend County Community Development Department will provide affected citizens with reasonable advance notice of, and opportunity to comment on, proposed activities not previously included in an application and activities which are proposed to be deleted or substantially changed in terms of purpose, scope, locations, or beneficiaries. The criteria that the Fort Bend County Community Development Department will use to determine what constitutes a substantial change for this purpose is described below.

A Consolidated Plan is submitted to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) prior to receiving annual entitlement funds. Amendments to the Consolidated Plan are required whenever it is decided:

- (a) not to carry out an activity described in the Consolidated Plan;
- (b) to carry out an activity not previously described in the Consolidated Plan; or
- (c) to substantially change the purpose, scope, location, or beneficiaries of an activity. The definitions and/or criteria for what constitutes a substantial change for the purpose of amending the Consolidated Plan are as follows:
 - (1) Purpose: The purpose is substantially changed if the overall purpose for which a project is funded changes. Changing a specific objective without changing the overall purpose of the project will not be considered a substantial change.
 - (2) Scope: The scope is substantially changed if the original estimated cost of the project is increased by twenty percent or more.
 - (3) Location: The location is substantially changed if the service area of a project changes from the original service area.
 - (4) Beneficiaries: The beneficiaries are substantially changed if there is a change in type or the number is increased by twenty percent or more.

Citizens will be provided at least 30 days to comment on the substantial amendment to the Consolidated Plan before the amendment is implemented unless otherwise allowed by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

7. Responses to Grievances and Complaints.

The Fort Bend County Community Development Department will make every effort to respond to written complaints and grievances within fifteen (15) working days of the receipt of the written complaint where practicable.

8. Citizen Participation.

The Fort Bend County Community Development Department will make every effort to encourage citizen participation, particularly by low- and moderate-income persons who reside in slum and blighted areas, and other areas in which funds are proposed to be used.

citizen participation plan 2015

APPENDIX C FORT BEND COUNTY MONITORING PROCESS

FORT BEND COUNTY MONITORING PROCESS

Fort Bend County's monitoring process is viewed as a tool for avoiding problems and improving performance. It emphasizes positive feedback to subrecipients about what they have done well, in addition to pointing out areas for improvement. Built into the process are opportunities for dialogue with subrecipients to develop a better appreciation of their perspectives and to identify and resolve points of miscommunication or misunderstanding.

THE MONITORING PROCESS

Fort Bend County's monitoring process is an on-going procedure of planning, implementation, communication and follow-up. Fort Bend County conducts four types of monitoring – programmatic, fiscal, desk audits and construction/rehabilitation monitoring. On-site monitoring is conducted annually unless the subrecipient is considered high-risk after analyzing the following: 1) the subrecipient is new to the CDBG or HOME programs, 2) the subrecipient has previous compliance or performance problems, 3) the subrecipient has timeliness problems, or 4) if the agency has a history of turnovers in key staff positions. For these agencies, a more frequent monitoring schedule is developed. Staff also performs monthly desk audits that consist of reviewing client data reports, cost control reports and invoices.

The Community Development Department staff has the responsibility to ensure that CDBG and HOME funds are used in accordance with all applicable requirements. This strategy will cover the key components of the monitoring process.

PROGRAMMATIC MONITORING PROCESS

<u>Schedule appointment:</u> The Community Development monitor will contact the agency to arrange for the monitoring visit. The monitoring visit will be confirmed in writing at least one week prior to the scheduled visit. Each agency will be monitored a minimum of once annually. Programmatic and fiscal monitoring may or may not be scheduled concurrently. In some cases it may be necessary to perform a follow up monitoring visit.

<u>Entrance Conference:</u> Monitors meet with agency director or a board member to answer any questions regarding the monitoring process. Monitors will also meet staff responsible for the intake process, preparation for reports of units of service and direct service providers

Review of Records:

Records will be selected and reviewed. Copies of certain documents and records may be made for purposes of preparing the report. Records that will be reviewed by the monitor include but are not limited to:

- Units of service reports sent to CD for the period under review.
- Daily logs, time sheets, or other documents used to derive the number of units reported.
- Any back up documents to support the tally number, such as manual worksheets.

- A list of client records will be requested after review of the unit tallies, these client records should include eligibility documentation and records of services provided.
- The agency's liability insurance policy (with the pages marked), in compliance with the required limits of liability specified in the contract and a 30-day prior notice of insurance coverage cancellation.
- A. Monitors will review monthly reports that are submitted by the agency. Agencies will be required to submit a monthly report to include:

Reimbursement Request, including backup information Employee Monthly Time Report Client Data Reports Employee Data Report

- B. The monitor will check the agency records against CD records for the following:
 - To determine if amounts in agency records reported for each month match amounts noted in CD records.
 - To determine if the report is presented in a timely manner.
 - To determine if the report is completed in a satisfactory manner.
 - To determine if the quantity of units provided is comparable to the amount of funds expended.
- C. The monitor will review the documents used by the agency to derive the number of units reported to CD.
 - Check system of tallies to make certain it is sound and workable.
 - Determine the method used to distinguish CD clients from clients not billed to the CD contract. Determine if this method is usable and satisfactory.
 - Determine whether the number of units reported in sample months matches the number in the backup documents.
 - Determine if units are in keeping with the contract definition.
 - If units are differentiated between types, determine that only units of the types listed in the contract are billed for CD clients.
 - Develop a list of client files to be reviewed from the sample months, listing client number, client name, date of service, number of units served and type of service.
 - Present list to staff and allow a reasonable length of time for client files to be pulled for review.

The monitor will review client files for:

- Documentation of eligibility that is dated within twelve months of the sample service date:
- Documentation of residence within Fort Bend County, excluding the cities of Houston, Katy, Missouri City and Sugar Land.

- Documentation of income equal to or lower than 80% of the median income for Fort Bend County.
- Documentation of the provision of services which meet the terms of the contract
- Determination of date of service and type of service provided which was taken from the tally log is also recorded in the client file and appears to be reasonable.
- Determination of whether services being provided are in accordance with the contract, whether client is in contract's target population and whether there is information in the client's file which conflicts with the documentation.
- Determination if client notes are dated, reflect the units provided, are signed by the caseworker, complete and informative as to the client's progress.

Throughout the course of the on-site visit, the monitor will observe interactions between staff and clients and the condition of the facility.

The monitor will observe whether the Equal Employment Opportunity placard has been posted as required by law:

- Observe whether official placard has been posted
- Determine if it is available for viewing by employees
- Determine if it is available for viewing by applicants for employment

Exit Conference:

At the end of the visit, the monitor will meet with agency director to discuss the results of the monitoring. Director may invite staff and/or board members as deemed appropriate to:

- Discuss findings, if any, and methods of correcting each individual deficiency
- Discuss concerns, if any, and methods of correcting concerns
- Discuss any observations made regarding the agency and offer technical assistance where applicable
- Answer any questions agency director or staff may have

Monitoring Report:

A monitoring report will be sent to the agency 1) to formally recognize the agency for doing a good job; 2) to create a permanent written record or what was found during the monitoring review and 3) to advise the agency of the monitoring visit findings or concerns. The report will set a deadline for the agency's response and request that the agency indicate how any findings or concerns will be addressed.

FISCAL MONITORING PROCESS

<u>Schedule appointment:</u> The Community Development monitor will contact the agency to arrange for the monitoring visit. The monitoring visit will be confirmed in writing at least one week prior to the scheduled visit. Programmatic and fiscal monitoring may or may not be

scheduled concurrently. Each agency will be monitored a minimum of once annually. In some cases it may be necessary to perform a follow up monitoring visit.

<u>Entrance Conference:</u> Monitors meet with agency director or a board member to answer any questions regarding the monitoring process. Monitors will also meet staff responsible for the intake process, preparation for reports of units of service and direct service providers.

Records will be selected and reviewed. Copies of certain documents and records may be made for purposes of preparing the report. Records that will be reviewed by the monitor include, but are not limited to:

Time and attendance reports (time sheets or time cards)

- Payroll register
- Cash receipts journal
- Check disbursement journal or check register
- Employer's payroll tax reports quarterly federal tax return (941), annual federal unemployment report (940), quarterly state unemployment reports (C-3 & C-4), and deposit records (8109, etc.)
- Bank statements and/or cancelled checks
- General ledgers
- Invoices and purchase orders
- Bank reconciliation
- Any additional item (vouchers, documents, financial reports, records, etc.) needed to verify transactions

Review Records - Personnel:

A. Salaries – The monitor will:

- Review time and attendance reports for time billed to Community Development and verification of reports by supervisor.
- Check to see if there is a clear audit trail between the time and attendance reports, payroll register, general ledger accounts and federal and state reports.
- Test computation for gross amounts, deductions, and net payments.
- Verify cancelled checks for amounts and endorsements.
- Verify employees' time from time reports to the time reported to Community Development on Employee Monthly Time Report.
- Verify that the salary costs requested for reimbursement are allowable under the terms of the contract.

B. Fringe Benefits – The monitor will:

- Verify employer's quarterly tax reports.
- Verify payments made to the bank for payroll taxes.
- Verify health insurance policy

- Select insurance invoices to verify that the amounts requested for reimbursement apply only to Community Development-funded employees.
- Verify fringe benefits costs from payroll register to general ledger accounts.

C. Property and Equipment files (if applicable) – The monitor will:

- Verify invoices and payments.
- Verify purchase of equipment is in agreement with general ledger account and financial reports.
- Ensure that purchased equipment is allowable.
- Verify calculation of depreciation (if applicable).
- Make physical inspection of equipment (if applicable).

D. General/Other Operating Expenses – The monitor will:

- Examine invoices and related canceled checks.
- Review invoices for approvals and account distribution.
- Determine if the costs are allowable.
- Verify agency's line item costs to amounts requested for reimbursement.
- Verify that amounts requested for reimbursement agree with posting to general ledger.

E. Financial Records/Revenue – The Monitor will:

- Prove footings of cash journals and trace posting to general ledger accounts.
- Verify bank activity with cash receipts journal.
- Verify check payable to cash or to bearer.
- Compare cash receipts month end journal totals posted to general ledger account.
- Verify amounts disbursed by the County to reconcile with funds received by the agency.

F. Overall Accounting Review – The monitor will:

- Review the process used to record the various transactions and determine if it is effective.
- Review the actual transactions and their supporting documentation, determining eligible reimbursement expenses. In order for an expenditure to be considered eligible for reimbursement, the following requirements must be met:
- An expenditure must be for the current funding period.
- Be a line item on the proposed budget
- Have available funds for that line item
- Be an expenditure related to CD activity
- Review the overall agency performance to determine if it is within compliance according to the contractual terms and conditions.

• Conduct an analysis to determine if the prior year's monitoring findings have been corrected and are not being repeated.

Exit Conference:

At the end of the visit, the monitor will meet with agency director to discuss the results of the monitoring. Director may invite staff and/or board members as deems appropriate to:

- Discuss findings, if any, and methods of correcting each individual deficiency
- Discuss concerns, if any, and methods of correcting concerns
- Discuss any observations made regarding the agency and offer technical assistance where applicable
- Answer any questions agency director or staff may have

Monitoring Report:

A monitoring report will be sent to the agency to 1) formally recognize the agency for doing a good job; 2) create a permanent written record of what was found during the monitoring review and 3) advise the agency of the monitoring visit findings or concerns. The report will set a deadline for the agency's response and request that the agency indicate how the findings will be addressed. A written response will not be required for concerns noted in the report.

DESK AUDIT PROCESS

Monthly during the program year the monitor conducts a desk review of the agency's client data reports, cost control reports and invoices. The monitor may require the Agency to submit additional documentation to the office for examination. The monitor may contact the agency by telephone or email or meet with agency director or appropriate staff to discuss any inconsistencies and/or problems. The monitor may offer technical assistance to resolve any issues. Upon completion of the desk audit, the monitor will determine if the invoice is approved for payment. When the invoice is approved for payment the monitor will submit the invoice for payment processing.

CONSTRUCTION MONITORING PROCESS

Fort Bend County Community Development staff is also responsible for monitoring all construction and rehabilitation projects for compliance with HUD regulations and acceptable industry standards. Staff shall be responsible for the following:

- Identifying the required and desired work to be done;
 - Consult with, advise and review with appropriate professionals and other personnel the work to be done and the bid proposal;

- Conduct compliance inspections, on a regular basis, to assure that the construction or rehabilitation work is being completed in accordance with the construction contract and appropriate specifications;
- Review contractor invoices and pay requests prior to approving payments to the contractors; and
- Conduct a final inspection to determine that the construction or rehabilitation work has been completed in accordance with the contract and all local, state and federal codes and regulations.

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APPENDIX D EMERGENCY SOLUTIONS GRANT (ESG) PROGRAM WRITTEN GUIDELINES, STANDARDS AND PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

APPENDIX D EMERGENCY SOLUTIONS GRANT (ESG) PROGRAM WRITTEN GUIDELINES

The Emergency Solutions Grant regulation at 24 CFR 576.400(e) requires written standards for providing Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) assistance. These standards must consistently be applied to all program participants.

At minimum these written standards must include:

- (i) Standard policies and procedures for evaluating individuals and families eligibility for assistance under Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG);
- (ii) Standards for targeting and providing essential services related to street outreach;
- (iii) Policies and procedures for admission, diversion, referral, and discharge by emergency shelters assisted under ESG, including standards regarding length of stay, if any, and safeguards to meet the safety and shelter needs of special populations, e.g. victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking; and individuals and families who have the highest barriers to housing and are likely to be homeless the longest;
- (iv) Policies and procedures for assessing prioritizing and reassessing individuals' and families' needs for essential services related to emergency shelter;
- (v) Policies and procedures for coordination among emergency shelter providers, essential service providers, homelessness prevention, and rapid re-housing assistance providers; and mainstream service and housing providers (see 576.400(b) and (c) for a list of programs with which ESG-funded activities must be coordinated and integrated to the maximum extent practicable);
- (vi) Policies and procedures for determining and prioritizing which eligible families and individuals will receive homelessness prevention assistance and which eligible families and individuals will receive rapid re-housing assistance;
- (vii) Standards for determining what percentage or amount of rent and utilities costs each program participant must pay while receiving homelessness prevention or rapid rehousing assistance;
- (viii) Standards for determining how long a particular program participant will be provided with rental assistance and whether and how the amount of that assistance will be adjusted over time; and
- (ix) Standards for determining the type, amount, and duration of housing stabilization and/or relocation services to provide to a program participant, including the limits, if any, on the homelessness prevention or rapid re-housing assistance that each program participant may receive, such as the maximum amount of assistance, maximum number of months the program participant receives assistance; or the maximum number of times the program participant may receive assistance.

The following written guidelines were developed in consultation with the Coalition for the Homeless Houston/Harris County, the City of Houston, Harris County, and Fort Bend County.

Fort Bend County, Texas Emergency Solutions Grants Program Written Standards

I. Introduction

Fort Bend County has developed the following standards for providing assistance with Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) funds as required by 24 CFR 576.400 (e). These are initial standards that have been created in coordination with the Houston/Harris County Continuum of Care which includes Harris County, the City of Houston, Fort Bend County and the City of Pasadena.

These standards represent goals for providing services for the community and the entire continuum, though the Fort Bend County expects that the standards will become more expansive as the Fort Bend County gains more experience with and collects more data from services provided with the Emergency Solutions Grants program. These standards are in accordance with the interim rule for the Emergency Solutions Grants Program released by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development on December 4, 2011 and the final rule for the definition of homelessness also released by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development on December 4, 2011.

II. Evaluating eligibility for families and individuals

Intake and Assessment

Case managers will use the Continuum wide assessment tool to review client situation, understand eligibility and begin the process of determining length of assistance. Any client assessed for potential assistance with ESG funds must meet the criteria to become eligible for homelessness prevention or rapid re-housing assistance. Any new client entering into shelter must also undergo a complete assessment to understand client needs and barriers and match the client to the most appropriate services provider. The following outlines the individual characteristics of clients qualifying for homelessness prevention or rapid re-housing.

Homelessness Prevention

Any client receiving assistance must have proof of residence within the Fort Bend County service area.

Total household income must be below 30 percent of Area Family Income (AFI) for the area at initial assessment. Clients must provide documentation of household income, including documentation of unemployment and zero income affidavits for clients without income.

All clients must meet the following HUD criteria for defining at risk of homelessness for individuals or families, unaccompanied children and youth or families with children and youth where youth are defined as up to age 25:

- Has moved because of economic reasons 2 or more times during the 60 days immediately preceding application for assistance (Individuals and Families)
- Is living in the home of another because of economic hardship (Individuals and Families)

• Has been notified that their right to occupy their current housing or living situations will be terminated within 21 days after the date of application for assistance (Individuals and Families)

- Lives in a hotel or motel and the cost is not paid for by charitable organizations or by Federal, State, or local government programs for low-income individuals (Individuals and Families)
- Lives in an SRO or efficiency apartment unit in which there reside more than 2 persons or lives in a larger housing unit in which there reside more than one and a half persons per room (Individuals and Families)
- Is exiting a publicly funded institution or system of care (Individuals and Families)
- Otherwise lives in housing that has characteristics associated with instability and an increased risk of homelessness, as identified in Fort Bend County's approved Con Plan (Individuals and Families)
- A child or youth who does not qualify as homeless under the homeless definition, but qualifies as homeless under another Federal statue (Unaccompanied children and youth)
- An unaccompanied youth who does not qualify as homeless under the homeless definition, but qualifies as homeless under section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, and the parent(s) or guardian(s) or that child or youth if living with him or her. (Families with children and youth)

Individuals who fall under the HUD Category 2 or 3 for Homelessness also qualify for homelessness prevention assistance. Like those that fall under the At-Risk of Homelessness definition, clients must also live in the service area and qualify by income. The categories are listed below

Category 2 – Imminent risk of homelessness is an individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence, provided that:

- Residence will be lost within 14 days of the date of application for homeless assistance;
- No subsequent residence has been identified; and
- The individual or family lacks the resources or support networks needed to obtain other permanent housing

Category 3 – Homeless under another federal statute includes unaccompanied youth under the age of 25 or families with children and youth, who do not otherwise qualify as under this definition but who:

- Are defined as homeless under another federal statute child or youth who does not qualify as homeless under the homeless definition, but qualifies as homeless under another Federal statue
- Have not had a lease, ownership interest, or occupancy agreement in permanent housing during the 60 days prior to the homeless assistance application;
- Have experienced persistent instability as measured by two moves or more during the preceding 60 days; and

• Can be expected to continue in such status for an extended period of time due to special needs or barriers.

Rapid Re-housing

Any client receiving rapid re-housing assistance must meets the HUD criteria for determining homelessness as either literally homeless, at imminent risk of homelessness, homeless under another federal statute, or fleeing/attempting to flee domestic violence. The four categories are listed below:

Category 1 – Literally homeless is an individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, meaning:

- Has a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not meant for human habitation;
- Is living in a publicly or privately operated shelter designated to provide temporary living arrangements (including congregate shelters, transitional housing, and hotels and motels paid for by charitable organizations or by federal, state and local government programs); or
- Is exiting an institution where (s)he has resided for 90 days or less and who resided in an emergency shelter or place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution

Category 4 – Fleeing domestic violence includes any individual or family who:

- Is fleeing, or is attempting to flee, domestic violence
- Has no other residence; and
- Lacks the resources or support networks to obtain other permanent housing

Shelter Clients

Homeless clients entering into the shelter system must meet the HUD criteria for homelessness as either literally homeless, at imminent risk of homelessness, homeless under another federal statute, or fleeing/attempting to flee domestic violence. Clients will be prioritized within the emergency shelter system based on need, available resources and geographic area.

III. Coordinating services

Coordination among providers

All ESG subrecipients (shelter, homelessness prevention and rapid re-housing providers) within the Houston/Harris County Continuum of Care service area are expected to work collaboratively to coordinate funding that addresses the needs of the entire continuum. To achieve these goals, Fort Bend County requires that all subrecipient service providers will:

Participate in a coordinated assessment system, where client entry into the entire system can
begin at any point. Service providers will use a common assessment tool that will allow
providers to enter data on a client and provide transfer information when a client fits the
services of another provider, without having to engage in another assessment. Reasons for
client transfer can include better fit in a specialized program, the correct geographic service
area, and available resources within the community.

• Establish a staff member as a point of contact for other case managers and members of the service provider continuum of care. The contact should be a position that sees little turnover and is familiar with organizational resources and up to date on current organizational capacity to accept and serve clients, such as a supervisor or manager. This contact should be able to provide information for other housing case managers on what current programs and resources are available to clients entering into the provider system through their organization. This contact will reduce or eliminate the need for clients to seek out additional assistance based on referrals from any ESG recipient agency.

• Attend all coordinated training for case managers within the homeless provider system. Each subrecipient is expected to send at least one staff member and share all lessons learned with all housing case management staff. Fort Bend County, in collaboration with the Coalition for the Homeless Houston/Harris County, the City of Houston, Fort Bend County and the City of Pasadena, will coordinate training for ESG staff so that case clients within the region are receiving the same quality of service across providers. The members of the Continuum will also host regular meetings of subrecipient program staff to share best practices and engage in collective problem solving as the community works toward an integrated system for clients. Meetings will be facilitated by Coalition for the Homeless of Houston/Harris County staff.

Mainstream and targeted homeless providers

To encourage the coordination of existing services while limiting duplication of services and overlapping federally funded programs, Fort Bend County, with the Coalition for the Homeless for Houston/Harris County and both mainstream and targeted homelessness service providers will execute Memorandums of Understanding (MOUs) to streamline entry into programs and increase access to such services. The MOUs will vary from setting aside spots within other programs for ESG clients to providing direct access to and eliminating the need for reassessment into other programs.

IV. Client prioritization

Fort Bend County will use a shared assessment form that will target those clients with the most barriers to housing. Each barrier will have an allotment of points, and the higher score (and more barriers) the more likely the client will receive services. The assessment of barriers is based on an objective review of each client's current situation using the tool rather than the subjective opinion of a case manager assessing each client's needs. All clients must have a minimum score of ____ to receive assistance.

Homelessness prevention

Fort Bend County prioritizes clients who are currently in their own housing, especially families with young children who have limited housing options but high needs for homelessness prevention funding and are eligible for SSI/SSDI, victims of domestic abuse and/or youth.

Rapid re-housing

Fort Bend County anticipates targeting individuals and families eligible for SSI/SSDI, victims of domestic abuse and youth as the most likely recipients for rapid re-housing assistance.

V. Participant share

Fort Bend County will not have a minimum amount or percentage that will be applied to client contributions across all service providers. In addition, Fort Bend County will not allow providers to create a minimum participation amount for clients upon entry into any homelessness prevention or rapid re-housing program. Clients will be required to contribute a portion of their income in addition to their assistance once the client income has increased during program participation.

Once clients have an increase in income (access to additional resources, new or higher paying job within the household, etc.), Fort Bend County subrecipients must allow a client to receive three months of the increased income before requiring client contributions, as long as the period of service fits within the 24 month cap for assistance. Once clients have earned three months of additional income, on the fourth month the client is expected to contribute five percent of the cost of living expenses (rent and utilities, if both are being covered) for which they are receiving assistance. Clients may request a hardship waiver, through their case manager, to forgo the contribution that month. All hardship waivers must be reviewed and approved by a case management supervisor. If a client receives a hardship waiver, each month their situation will be reevaluated to begin contributions at five percent. Contributions will continue to increase by five percent each month but cannot exceed 30 percent of the client's adjusted monthly income. Clients may request a hardship waiver at any time, and will be asked to contribute at the amount for which the waiver was originally requested.

Duration and amount of assistance

Fort Bend County policy is that no provider may create limits for the amount of assistance that will be provided to clients. All subrecipients are expected to provide support to clients for the full time necessary to stabilize that client and provide for the likelihood of positive housing outcomes after assistance. Fort Bend County will not permit subrecipients to set their own maximum standards for assistance, recognizing that the amount of assistance and duration of assistance can vary substantially among clients. All case managers are required to re-evaluate clients based on the following schedule. At that time, a case manager may decide to extend, decrease or discontinue providing assistance.

Homelessness Prevention clients must have reassessments at a minimum every 3 months. To continue to receive assistance, clients must be at or below 30 % AFI.

Rapid Re-Housing clients must have reassessments at least annually, though case managers will be required to have regular home and office visits with clients, as described in the duration and amounts section.

A client is eligible to receive assistance up to the full 24 months in a 3 year period as determined by the certification process required for all ESG clients. Fort Bend County anticipates very few clients will need or be eligible to receive this level of assistance. It is the case manager's responsibility to document client need and ensure that ESG is the most appropriate assistance for this client.

Fort Bend County and all members of the Houston/Harris County continuum intend to update and refine the process once HMIS has more robust data specifically for ESG clients.

Fort Bend County, Texas Emergency Solutions Grants Program Written Performance Standards

The following outcomes were developed in consultation with the Coalition for the Homeless Houston/Harris County.

Emergency Shelter Outcomes

- Where did people exit to?
 - Short-Term Goal: Number and Percent of clients exiting to a known place, do not put Exit to Unknown.
 - Long-Term Goal: Tie renewal funding to successful exits.
 - Number and percent of people who were assisted in overcoming barriers to the next step of housing. Defined as: Obtaining identification, Documenting experience of domestic violence, Documenting homelessness, Documenting debilitating condition, Assisting with intake for: permanent supportive housing, rapid re-housing, or transitional housing.
 - Number and percent of people who increased income from entry to exit of program.

Emergency Shelter Outputs

- Case Management: Sessions of case management, differentiating phone visits and office visits.
- Shelter Bed Days: Length of stay in shelter per instance.
- Day Shelter: Unduplicated Clients served and Total Meals served.
- Domestic Violence: Unduplicated number of clients who received medical assessment.
- Shelter: Income upon entry, Income upon exit.

Homelessness Prevention

Community-Level Measure:

 How many clients who exited to permanent housing then reappeared in the shelter system.

Program-Level Measure:

- Number and percent of people who exited to each housing type.
- Number and percent of people who increased income from entry to exit.
- Number and percent of people who are still housed 30 days after exiting prevention program.

Program-Level Output:

- Length of stay in service.
- Other supportive mainstream and homeless services accessed.
- Case Management: Sessions of case management, differentiating phone visits, home visits, and office visits.

Rapid Re-Housing

Community-Level Measure:

• How many clients who exited to permanent housing then reappeared in the shelter system.

Program-Level Outcome Measure:

- Number and percent of people who exited to each housing type.
- Number and percent of people who increased income from entry to exit.
- Number and percent of people who are still housed 30 days after exiting prevention program.

Program-Level Output:

- Length of stay in service.
- Other supportive mainstream and homeless services accessed.
- Case Management: Sessions of case management, differentiating phone visits, home visits, and office visits.

HMIS Administration

Outputs

- Number of unique staff provided training.
- Add question about data quality/scrubbing. Alerting recipients of problems with data.

Outcomes

- Number and percent of ESG subrecipients who have received HMIS training.
- Number and percent of Issue Track requests resolved within 48 hours.

APPENDIX E OTHER INFORMATION

NA-30 Disproportionately Greater Need: Discussion
Race and Ethnicity by Cities
Race and Ethnicity by 2010 Census Tract

NA-45 Non-Homeless Special Needs Assessment HIV/AIDS Needs Assessment Data Special Needs Table

SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure

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				,	American		Native								Percent	_	Percent				
	2010 Census:				Indian/		Hawaiian						Pe	Percent An	American I.	Ž	Native H. P	Percent F	Percent		
				Black/	Alaskan		Other	Some	Two			Pe	Percent Bl	Black/ /	/Alaskan P	Percent	Other	Some	Two		
	Total	Not	White	A. A.	Native	Asian	P.I.	Other or	or More		_	Total W	White	A. A.	Native	Asian	P.1.	Other	or More	Percent	
geoname	Population	Hispanic	Alone	Alone	Alone	Alone	Alone	Race	Races	check Hi	Hispanic c	check	Àlone A	Alone	Alone	Alone	Alone	Race	Races	Hispanic	Total
The state of the s									ļ												
Fort Bend County, Texas	585,375	446,408	211,680	123,267	1,159	98,762	174	1,341	10,025	446,408	138,967 5	585,375	36.16% 2	21.06%	0.20%	16.87%	0.03%	0.23%	1.71%	23.74%	100.00%
						- -		+											1		
Katy	1,668	1,302	1,019	209	9	47	0	=	50	1,302		۳	•	12.53%	0.36%	2.82%	0.00%	%90.0	1.20%	21.94%	100.00%
Houston	38,124	26,099	2,056	22,498	55	1,058	4	79	349	26,099	12,025	38,124	5.39% 5	59.01%	0.14%	2.78%	0.01%	0.21%	0.92%	31.54%	100.00%
Missouri City city, Texas	61,755	53,201	16,232	24,878	140	10,524	19	160	1,248	53,201	8,554	61,755 2	26.28% 4	40.28%	0.23%	17.04%	0.03%	0.26%	2.02%	13.85%	100.00%
Pearland	721	611	168	201	1	212	0	1	28	611	110	721 2	23.30% 2	27.88%	0.14%	29.40%	0.00%	0.14%	3.88%	15.26%	100.00%
Sugar Land city, Texas	78,817	70,493	35,014	5,744	135	27,672	26	179	1,723	70,493	8,324	78,817	44.42%	7.29%	0.17%	35.11%	0.03%	0.23%	2.19%	10.56%	100.00%
Subtotal Not in Service Area	181,085	151,706	54,489	53,530	337	39,513	49	420	3,368	151,706	19,379	181,085	30.09%	29.56%	0.19%	21.82%	0.03%	0.23%	1.86%	16.22%	100.00%
Remainder of County	404,290	294,702	157,191	181,69	822	59,249	125	921	6,657	294,702	109,588 4	404,290	38.88%	17.25%	0.20%	14.66%	0.03%	0.23%	1.65%	27.11%	100.00%
									_							_				-	
Arcola city, Texas	1,642	617	128	458	2	15	0	2	12	617	1,025	1,642	7.80%	27.89%	0.12%	0.91%	0.00%	0.12%	0.73%	62.42%	100.00%
Beasley city, Texas	641	307	257	45	0	2	0	7	1	307	334	641	40.09%	7.02%	0.00%	0.31%	0.00%	0.31%	0.16%	52.11%	100.00%
Fairchilds village, Texas	763	519	491	18	0	2	0	4	4	519	244	763	64.35%	2.36%	0.00%	0.26%	0.00%	0.52%	0.52%	31.98%	100.00%
Fulshear city, Texas	1,134	937	700	179	21	23	0	0	14	937	197	1,134	61.73%	15.78%	1.85%	2.03%	0.00%	0.00%	1.23%	17.37%	100.00%
Kendleton city, Texas	380	334	15	314	0	0	0	0	2	334	46	380	3.95%	82.63%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.32%	12.11%	100.00%
Meadows Place city, Texas	4660	3813	2465	423	8	804	5	17	91	3,813	847	4,660	52.90%	9.08%	0.17%	17.25%	0.11%	0.36%	1.95%	18.18%	100.00%
Needville city, Texas	2,823	2,127	1,788	289	4	15	0	н	30	2,127	969	2,823	63.34%	10.24%	0.14%	0.53%	0.00%	0.04%	1.06%	24.65%	100.00%
Orchard city, Texas	352	224	202	15	1	1	0	0	2	224	128	352	58.24%	4.26%	0.28%	0.28%	0.00%	0.00%	0.57%	36.36%	100.00%
Pleak village, Texas	1,044	504	462	23	3	8	0	1	7	504	540	1,044	44.25%	2.20%	0.29%	0.77%	0.00%	0.10%	0.67%	51.72%	100.00%
Richmond city, Texas	11,679	5,207	2,951	2,023	34	121	1	6	89	5,207	6,472	11,679	25.27%	17.32%	0.29%	1.04%	0.01%	0.08%	0.58%	55.42%	100.00%
Rosenberg city; Texas	30,618	12,148	7,608	3,887	40	292	13	53	255	12,148	18,470	30,618	24.85%	12.70%	0.13%	0.95%	0.04%	0.17%	0.83%	60.32%	100.00%
Simonton city, Texas	814	747	655	61	4	12	0	4	11	747	67	814	80.47%	7.49%	0.49%	1.47%	0.00%	0.49%	1.35%	8.23%	100.00%
Stafford city, Texas	17,390	12,981	3,882	4,732	42	3,985	9	48	286	12,981	4,409	17,390	22.32%	27.21%	0.24%	22.92%	0.03%	0.28%	1.64%	25.35%	100.00%
Thompsons town, Texas	246	210	105	98	0	16	0	0	3	210	36	246	42.68%	34.96%	0.00%	6.50%	0.00%	0.00%	1.22%	14.63%	100.00%
Weston Lakes city, Texas	2,482	2,306	2,050	141	17	74	0	0	24	2,306	176	2,482	82.59%	2.68%	0.68%	2.98%	0.00%	0.00%	0.97%	7.09%	100.00%
Subtotal Incorporated Areas in Service	76,668	42,981	23,762	12,694	176	5,370	25	141	813	42,981	33,687	76,668	30.99%	16.56%	0.23%	7.00%	0.03%	0.18%	1.06%	43.94%	100.00%
Service Area Unincorporated Subtotal	327,622	251,721	133,429	57,043	646	53,879	100	780	5,844	251,721	75,901	327,622	40.73%	17.41%	0.20%	16.45%	0.03%	0.24%	1.78%	23.17%	100.00%

race and ethnicity by 2010 census tract

		касе а	nd Ethn	icity by	7010	Censu	S II act			
	lotal-races-tallied:	Not-Hispanic-or-Latino:	White-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or-more-other- races	Black-or-African-American-alone-or-in-combination-with- one-or-more-other-races	American-Indian-and-Alaska-Native-alone-or-in- combination-with-one-or-more-other-races	Asian-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or-more-other- races	Native-Hawaiian-and-Other-Pacific-Islander-alone-or-in- combination-with-one-or-more-other-races	Some-Other-Race-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or- more-other-races		Hispanic-or-Latino:
<u></u>									check	
670102	3,437	64.79%	1.66%	61.80%	0.29%	0.84%	0.00%	0.20%	64.79%	35.21%
670602	1,930	72.80%	1.97%	68.86%	0.62%	0.83%	0.00%	0.52%	72.80%	27.20%
670400	5,161	84.83%	2.29%	81.11%	0.33%	0.68%	0.12%	0.31%	84.83%	15.17%
670601	9,166	88.60%	2.41%	84.34%	0.61%	0.83%	0.08%	0.33%	88.60%	11.40%
670300	3,925	77.02%	2.78%	72.41%	0.71%	0.82%	0.05%	0.25%	77.02%	22.98%
670101	7,018	41.17%	3.02%	37.12%	0.27%	0.53%	0.01%	0.21%	41.17%	58.83%
670200	8,569	60.12%	3.31%	55.37%	0.41%	0.79%	0.09%	0.14%	60.12%	39.88%
670800	14,833	66.24%	5.37%	59.12%	0.45%	1.00%	0.03%	0.27%	66.24%	33.76%
675000	3,354	20.57%	6.08%	13.69%	0.24%	0.18%	0.21%	0.18%	20.57%	79.43%
670902	5,187	64.08%	6.65%	54.73%	0.46%	1.70%	0.17%	0.37%	64.08%	35.92%
670500	4,227	80.70%	7.64%	69.41%	0.62%	2.65%	0.17%	0.21%	80.70%	19.30%
674900	5,733	26.55%	8.29%	17.30%	0.59%	0.26%	0.02%	0.09%	26.55%	73.45%
671200	6,291	69.04%	8.87%	50.77%	0.49%	8.25%	0.17%	0.48%	69.04%	30.96%
672602	6,541	70.19%	9.00%	41.19%	0.41%	19.08%	0.06%	0.44%	70.19%	29.81%
672701	14,576	75.35%		28.95%	0.34%	34.33%	0.03%	0.90%	75.35%	24.65%
672601	10,734	48.15%	13.88%	23.75%	0.38%	9.64%	0.09%	0.40%	48.15%	51.85%
671400	9,237	76.63%	13.95%	24.51%	0.83%	36.22%	0.32%	0.78%	76.63%	23.37%
670700	3,461	77.72%	14.59%	53.42%	0.43%	8.29%	0.14%	0.84%	77.72%	22.28%
671100	8,357	58.29%		34.38%	0.50%	7.91%	0.06%	0.50%	58.29%	41.71%
672301	8,116	78.72%		14.18%	0.64%	45.07%	0.14%	1.03%	78.72%	21.28%
672500	7,763	63.04%		24.89%	0.53%	19.26%	0.08%	0.48%	63.04%	36.96%
671300	3,989	65.81%		33.29%	0.58%	11.73%	0.05%	0.85%	65.81%	34.19%
672400	9,138	60.70%		18.37%	0.66%	20.46%	0.10%	0.43%	60.70%	39.30%
673902	5,895	93.23%		4.05%	0.41%	66.87%	0.08%	1.03%	93.23%	6.77%
671502	1,763	89.73%		25.18%	1.93%	40.39%	0.51%	0.91%	89.73%	10.27% 17.78%
672001	8,859	82.22%		13.47%	0.73%	46.04%	0.18%	0.87%	82.22%	
675300	6,884	29.91%		6.45%	0.22%	0.35%	0.04%	0.17%	29.91% 80.20%	70.09% 19.80%
674604	4,768			32.93%	0.59%	20.83%	0.29%	0.67%	73.99%	26.01%
672900	29,604	73.99%		27.75%	0.46%	20.26%	0.05%	0.48%	84.88%	15.12%
672800	8,399			19.74%	0.63%	37.16%		0.80%	69.35%	30.65%
671800	3,122			26.59%	0.38%	15.28%	0.06%	0.38%	34.16%	65.84%
675200	5,805			5.48%	0.47%	0.38%	0.17%	0.14%	81.83%	18.17%
672002	6,496	81.83%	27.56%	23.98%	0.43%	29.08%	U.ZZ70	0.5770	01.05/6	20.2776

race and ethnicity by 2010 census tract

19		 1	-	race and ethnicity by 2010 census tract Race and Ethnicity by 2010 Census Tract									
674800 5,774 46.48% 27.75% 17.22% 0.36% 1.04% 0.02% 0.10% 46.48% 671501 8,057 88.37% 29.30% 20.11% 0.45% 37.58% 0.29% 0.65% 88.37% 670901 10,652 90.05% 29.32% 36.99% 0.63% 22.04% 0.20% 0.87% 90.05% 675100 9,357 47.32% 29.87% 15.53% 0.32% 1.34% 0.04% 0.22% 47.32% 671002 6,715 79.81% 31.72% 43.57% 1.00% 3.02% 0.06% 0.43% 79.81% 674700 11,488 79.70% 31.93% 26.58% 0.46% 20.24% 0.06% 0.43% 79.70% 673800 9,724 82.18% 33.09% 7.00% 0.51% 40.09% 0.26% 1.22% 82.18% 674501 6,812 87.99% 34.91% 28.52% 0.68% 23.17% 0.03% 0.69% 87.99% <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>s ITACL</th><th>censu:</th><th>, 2010</th><th>icity by</th><th>ia Ethn</th><th>Kace ar</th><th></th><th></th></t<>				s ITACL	censu:	, 2010	icity by	ia Ethn	Kace ar				
674800 5,774 46.48% 27.75% 17.22% 0.36% 1.04% 0.02% 0.10% 46.48% 671501 8,057 88.37% 29.30% 20.11% 0.45% 37.58% 0.29% 0.65% 88.37% 670901 10,652 90.05% 29.32% 36.99% 0.63% 22.04% 0.20% 0.87% 90.05% 675100 9,357 47.32% 29.87% 15.53% 0.32% 1.34% 0.04% 0.22% 47.32% 671002 6,715 79.81% 31.72% 43.57% 1.00% 3.02% 0.06% 0.43% 79.81% 674700 11,488 79.70% 31.93% 26.58% 0.46% 20.24% 0.06% 0.43% 79.70% 673800 9,724 82.18% 33.09% 7.00% 0.54% 60.56% 0.06% 0.43% 79.99% 675500 11,503 63.91% 36.29% 19.95% 0.54% 6.56% 0.06% 0.50% 63.91% <t< th=""><th>Hispanic-or-Latino:</th><th></th><th>Some-Other-Race-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or-more-other-races</th><th>Native-Hawaiian-and-Other-Pacific-Islander-alone-or-in- combination-with-one-or-more-other-races</th><th>Asian-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or-more-otherraces</th><th>American-Indian-and-Alaska-Native-alone-or-in- combination-with-one-or-more-other-races</th><th>Black-or-African-American-alone-or-in-combination-with- one-or-more-other-races</th><th>White-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or-more-other- races</th><th>Not-Hispanic-or-Latino:</th><th>Total-races-tallied:</th><th></th></t<>	Hispanic-or-Latino:		Some-Other-Race-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or-more-other-races	Native-Hawaiian-and-Other-Pacific-Islander-alone-or-in- combination-with-one-or-more-other-races	Asian-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or-more-otherraces	American-Indian-and-Alaska-Native-alone-or-in- combination-with-one-or-more-other-races	Black-or-African-American-alone-or-in-combination-with- one-or-more-other-races	White-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or-more-other- races	Not-Hispanic-or-Latino:	Total-races-tallied:			
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671002 6,715 79.81% 31.72% 43.57% 1.00% 3.02% 0.06% 0.43% 79.81% 674700 11,488 79.70% 31.93% 26.58% 0.46% 20.24% 0.06% 0.43% 79.70% 673800 9,724 82.18% 33.09% 7.00% 0.51% 40.09% 0.26% 1.22% 82.18% 674501 6,812 87.99% 34.91% 28.52% 0.68% 23.17% 0.03% 0.69% 87.99% 675500 11,503 63.91% 36.29% 19.95% 0.54% 6.56% 0.06% 0.50% 63.91% 673700 2,224 76.48% 36.65% 39.34% 0.04% 0.45% 0.00% 0.00% 76.48% 672702 7,255 77.62% 36.73% 19.20% 0.52% 20.29% 0.06% 0.81% 77.62% 674300 9,081 91.05% 36.88% 9.60% 0.66% 43.03% 0.09% 0.78% 91.05% <tr< th=""><th>9.95%</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>22.04%</th><th>0.63%</th><th>36.99%</th><th>29.32%</th><th>90.05%</th><th></th><th>670901</th></tr<>	9.95%				22.04%	0.63%	36.99%	29.32%	90.05%		670901		
674700 11,488 79,70% 31.93% 26.58% 0.46% 20.24% 0.06% 0.43% 79.70% 673800 9,724 82.18% 33.09% 7.00% 0.51% 40.09% 0.26% 1.22% 82.18% 674501 6,812 87.99% 34.91% 28.52% 0.68% 23.17% 0.03% 0.69% 87.99% 675500 11,503 63.91% 36.29% 19.95% 0.54% 6.56% 0.06% 0.50% 63.91% 673700 2,224 76.48% 36.65% 39.34% 0.04% 0.45% 0.00% 0.00% 76.48% 672702 7,255 77.62% 36.73% 19.20% 0.52% 20.29% 0.06% 0.81% 77.62% 674300 9,081 91.05% 36.88% 9.60% 0.66% 43.03% 0.09% 0.78% 91.05% 674400 10,356 93.32% 37.46% 3.40% 0.46% 51.01% 0.03% 0.96% 93.32% <t< th=""><th>52.68%</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>15.53%</th><th>29.87%</th><th>47.32%</th><th></th><th> </th></t<>	52.68%						15.53%	29.87%	47.32%				
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673700 2,224 76.48% 36.65% 39.34% 0.04% 0.45% 0.00% 0.00% 76.48% 672702 7,255 77.62% 36.73% 19.20% 0.52% 20.29% 0.06% 0.81% 77.62% 674300 9,081 91.05% 36.88% 9.60% 0.66% 43.03% 0.09% 0.78% 91.05% 674400 10,356 93.32% 37.46% 3.40% 0.46% 51.01% 0.03% 0.96% 93.32% 675400 6,462 45.17% 38.24% 5.68% 0.22% 0.82% 0.05% 0.17% 45.17% 675800 3,466 62.12% 41.06% 20.23% 0.32% 0.38% 0.00% 0.14% 62.12% 674000 8,180 90.70% 43.01% 4.10% 0.67% 42.10% 0.20% 0.62% 90.70% 671601 6,865 87.06% 45.97% 7.17% 0.58% 32.32% 0.12% 0.90% 87.06%	12.01%							34.91%	87.99%				
672702 7,255 77.62% 36.73% 19.20% 0.52% 20.29% 0.06% 0.81% 77.62% 674300 9,081 91.05% 36.88% 9.60% 0.66% 43.03% 0.09% 0.78% 91.05% 674400 10,356 93.32% 37.46% 3.40% 0.46% 51.01% 0.03% 0.96% 93.32% 675400 6,462 45.17% 38.24% 5.68% 0.22% 0.82% 0.05% 0.17% 45.17% 675800 3,466 62.12% 41.06% 20.23% 0.32% 0.38% 0.00% 0.14% 62.12% 674000 8,180 90.70% 43.01% 4.10% 0.67% 42.10% 0.20% 0.62% 90.70% 671601 6,865 87.06% 45.97% 7.17% 0.58% 32.32% 0.12% 0.90% 87.06% 671602 3,702 91.63% 46.16% 8.16% 0.27% 36.22% 0.16% 0.65% 91.63%	36.09%				6.56%	0.54%	19.95%	36.29%	63.91%				
674300 9,081 91.05% 36.88% 9.60% 0.66% 43.03% 0.09% 0.78% 91.05% 674400 10,356 93.32% 37.46% 3.40% 0.46% 51.01% 0.03% 0.96% 93.32% 675400 6,462 45.17% 38.24% 5.68% 0.22% 0.82% 0.05% 0.17% 45.17% 675800 3,466 62.12% 41.06% 20.23% 0.32% 0.38% 0.00% 0.14% 62.12% 674000 8,180 90.70% 43.01% 4.10% 0.67% 42.10% 0.20% 0.62% 90.70% 671601 6,865 87.06% 45.97% 7.17% 0.58% 32.32% 0.12% 0.90% 87.06% 671602 3,702 91.63% 46.16% 8.16% 0.27% 36.22% 0.16% 0.65% 91.63% 674502 17,260 80.97% 49.58% 20.56% 0.60% 9.86% 0.09% 0.23% 80.97%	23.52%				0.45%	0.04%	39.34%	36.65%	76.48%		673700		
674400 10,356 93.32% 37.46% 3.40% 0.46% 51.01% 0.03% 0.96% 93.32% 675400 6,462 45.17% 38.24% 5.68% 0.22% 0.82% 0.05% 0.17% 45.17% 675800 3,466 62.12% 41.06% 20.23% 0.32% 0.38% 0.00% 0.14% 62.12% 674000 8,180 90.70% 43.01% 4.10% 0.67% 42.10% 0.20% 0.62% 90.70% 671601 6,865 87.06% 45.97% 7.17% 0.58% 32.32% 0.12% 0.90% 87.06% 671602 3,702 91.63% 46.16% 8.16% 0.27% 36.22% 0.16% 0.65% 91.63% 672302 9,512 83.93% 49.16% 6.29% 0.54% 27.24% 0.22% 0.48% 83.93% 674502 17,260 80.97% 49.58% 20.56% 0.60% 9.86% 0.09% 0.28% 80.97%	22.38%					0.52%	19.20%	36.73%	77.62%		672702		
675400 6,462 45.17% 38.24% 5.68% 0.22% 0.82% 0.05% 0.17% 45.17% 675800 3,466 62.12% 41.06% 20.23% 0.32% 0.38% 0.00% 0.14% 62.12% 674000 8,180 90.70% 43.01% 4.10% 0.67% 42.10% 0.20% 0.62% 90.70% 671601 6,865 87.06% 45.97% 7.17% 0.58% 32.32% 0.12% 0.90% 87.06% 671602 3,702 91.63% 46.16% 8.16% 0.27% 36.22% 0.16% 0.65% 91.63% 672302 9,512 83.93% 49.16% 6.29% 0.54% 27.24% 0.22% 0.48% 83.93% 674502 17,260 80.97% 49.58% 20.56% 0.60% 9.86% 0.09% 0.28% 80.97% 673901 9,037 92.50% 50.16% 5.09% 0.41% 36.02% 0.09% 0.73% 92.50%	8.95%				43.03%	0.66%	9.60%	36.88%	91.05%		674300		
675800 3,466 62.12% 41.06% 20.23% 0.32% 0.38% 0.00% 0.14% 62.12% 674000 8,180 90.70% 43.01% 4.10% 0.67% 42.10% 0.20% 0.62% 90.70% 671601 6,865 87.06% 45.97% 7.17% 0.58% 32.32% 0.12% 0.90% 87.06% 671602 3,702 91.63% 46.16% 8.16% 0.27% 36.22% 0.16% 0.65% 91.63% 672302 9,512 83.93% 49.16% 6.29% 0.54% 27.24% 0.22% 0.48% 83.93% 674502 17,260 80.97% 49.58% 20.56% 0.60% 9.86% 0.09% 0.28% 80.97% 673901 9,037 92.50% 50.16% 5.09% 0.41% 36.02% 0.09% 0.73% 92.50% 674603 6,228 70.91% 50.45% 14.85% 0.55% 4.66% 0.03% 0.37% 70.91%	6.68%		0.96%	0.03%	51.01%	0.46%	3.40%	37.46%	93.32%		674400		
674000 8,180 90.70% 43.01% 4.10% 0.67% 42.10% 0.20% 0.62% 90.70% 671601 6,865 87.06% 45.97% 7.17% 0.58% 32.32% 0.12% 0.90% 87.06% 671602 3,702 91.63% 46.16% 8.16% 0.27% 36.22% 0.16% 0.65% 91.63% 672302 9,512 83.93% 49.16% 6.29% 0.54% 27.24% 0.22% 0.48% 83.93% 674502 17,260 80.97% 49.58% 20.56% 0.60% 9.86% 0.09% 0.28% 80.97% 673901 9,037 92.50% 50.16% 5.09% 0.41% 36.02% 0.09% 0.73% 92.50% 674603 6,228 70.91% 50.45% 14.85% 0.55% 4.66% 0.03% 0.37% 70.91% 674200 5,712 94.24% 54.17% 3.50% 0.30% 35.77% 0.11% 0.40% 94.24%	54.83%	45.17%	0.17%	0.05%	0.82%	0.22%	5.68%	38.24%			675400		
671601 6,865 87.06% 45.97% 7.17% 0.58% 32.32% 0.12% 0.90% 87.06% 671602 3,702 91.63% 46.16% 8.16% 0.27% 36.22% 0.16% 0.65% 91.63% 672302 9,512 83.93% 49.16% 6.29% 0.54% 27.24% 0.22% 0.48% 83.93% 674502 17,260 80.97% 49.58% 20.56% 0.60% 9.86% 0.09% 0.28% 80.97% 673901 9,037 92.50% 50.16% 5.09% 0.41% 36.02% 0.09% 0.73% 92.50% 674603 6,228 70.91% 50.45% 14.85% 0.55% 4.66% 0.03% 0.37% 70.91% 674200 5,712 94.24% 54.17% 3.50% 0.30% 35.77% 0.11% 0.40% 94.24%	37.88%	62.12%	0.14%	0.00%	0.38%	0.32%	20.23%	41.06%	62.12%	3,466	675800		
671602 3,702 91.63% 46.16% 8.16% 0.27% 36.22% 0.16% 0.65% 91.63% 672302 9,512 83.93% 49.16% 6.29% 0.54% 27.24% 0.22% 0.48% 83.93% 674502 17,260 80.97% 49.58% 20.56% 0.60% 9.86% 0.09% 0.28% 80.97% 673901 9,037 92.50% 50.16% 5.09% 0.41% 36.02% 0.09% 0.73% 92.50% 674603 6,228 70.91% 50.45% 14.85% 0.55% 4.66% 0.03% 0.37% 70.91% 674200 5,712 94.24% 54.17% 3.50% 0.30% 35.77% 0.11% 0.40% 94.24%	9.30%	90.70%	0.62%	0.20%	42.10%	0.67%	4.10%	43.01%	90.70%	8,180	674000		
672302 9,512 83.93% 49.16% 6.29% 0.54% 27.24% 0.22% 0.48% 83.93% 674502 17,260 80.97% 49.58% 20.56% 0.60% 9.86% 0.09% 0.28% 80.97% 673901 9,037 92.50% 50.16% 5.09% 0.41% 36.02% 0.09% 0.73% 92.50% 674603 6,228 70.91% 50.45% 14.85% 0.55% 4.66% 0.03% 0.37% 70.91% 674200 5,712 94.24% 54.17% 3.50% 0.30% 35.77% 0.11% 0.40% 94.24%	12.94%	87.06%	0.90%	0.12%	32.32%	0.58%	7.17%	45.97%	87.06%	6,865	671601		
674502 17,260 80.97% 49.58% 20.56% 0.60% 9.86% 0.09% 0.28% 80.97% 673901 9,037 92.50% 50.16% 5.09% 0.41% 36.02% 0.09% 0.73% 92.50% 674603 6,228 70.91% 50.45% 14.85% 0.55% 4.66% 0.03% 0.37% 70.91% 674200 5,712 94.24% 54.17% 3.50% 0.30% 35.77% 0.11% 0.40% 94.24%	8.37%	91.63%	0.65%	0.16%	36.22%	0.27%	8.16%	46.16%	91.63%	3,702	671602		
673901 9,037 92.50% 50.16% 5.09% 0.41% 36.02% 0.09% 0.73% 92.50% 674603 6,228 70.91% 50.45% 14.85% 0.55% 4.66% 0.03% 0.37% 70.91% 674200 5,712 94.24% 54.17% 3.50% 0.30% 35.77% 0.11% 0.40% 94.24%	16.07%	83.93%	0.48%	0.22%	27.24%	0.54%	6.29%	49.16%	83.93%	9,512	672302		
674603 6,228 70.91% 50.45% 14.85% 0.55% 4.66% 0.03% 0.37% 70.91% 674200 5,712 94.24% 54.17% 3.50% 0.30% 35.77% 0.11% 0.40% 94.24%	19.03%	80.97%	0.28%	0.09%	9.86%	0.60%	20.56%	49.58%	80.97%	17,260	674502		
674200 5,712 94.24% 54.17% 3.50% 0.30% 35.77% 0.11% 0.40% 94.24%	7.50%	92.50%	0.73%	0.09%	36.02%	0.41%	5.09%	50.16%	92.50%	9,037	673901		
57 1255 57 24 34.2770 515070 51607000 516070 516070 516070 516070 516070 516070 516070 516070 516070	29.09%	70.91%	0.37%	0.03%	4.66%	0.55%	14.85%	50.45%	70.91%	6,228	674603		
574000 4 264	5.76%	94.24%	0.40%	0.11%	35.77%	0.30%	3.50%	54.17%	94.24%	5,712	674200		
6/1900 4,204 79.57% 54.50% 9.26% 0.45% 14.68% 0.14% 0.54% /9.57%	20.43%	79.57%	0.54%	0.14%	14.68%	0.45%	9.26%	54.50%	79.57%	4,264	671900		
674100 7,146 86.90% 55.74% 6.09% 0.49% 24.04% 0.17% 0.38% 86.90%	13.10%	86.90%	0.38%	0.17%	24.04%	0.49%	6.09%	55.74%	86.90%	7,146	674100		
672100 4,481 93.71% 56.13% 4.44% 0.60% 31.47% 0.09% 0.98% 93.71%	6.29%	93.71%	0.98%	0.09%	31.47%	0.60%	4.44%	56.13%	93.71%	4,481	672100		
673002 7,860 83.28% 56.78% 7.11% 0.60% 17.85% 0.08% 0.87% 83.28%	16.72%	83.28%	0.87%	0.08%	17.85%	0.60%	7.11%	56.78%	83.28%	7,860	673002		
673101 34,242 80.24% 58.21% 7.09% 0.60% 13.76% 0.11% 0.46% 80.24%	19.76%	80.24%	0.46%	0.11%	13.76%	0.60%	7.09%	58.21%	80.24%	34,242	673101		
673102 15,774 82.12% 58.24% 4.10% 0.41% 18.65% 0.18% 0.54% 82.12%	17.88%	82.12%	0.54%	0.18%	18.65%	0.41%	4.10%	58.24%	82.12%	15,774	673102		
672200 3,130 80.03% 59.36% 11.18% 0.73% 8.08% 0.03% 0.64% 80.03%	19.97%	80.03%	0.64%	0.03%	8.08%	0.73%	11.18%	59.36%	80.03%	3,130	672200		
673400 15,343 79.42% 59:78% 12.70% 0.59% 5.96% 0.03% 0.35% 79.42%	20.58%	79.42%	0.35%	0.03%	5.96%	0.59%	12.70%	59:78%	79.42%	15,343	673400		
673003 13,236 86.78% 60.24% 3.20% 0.61% 22.16% 0.09% 0.48% 86.78%	13.22%	86.78%	0.48%	0.09%	22.16%	0.61%	3.20%	60.24%	86.78%	13,236	673003		
675700 6,969 68.75% 60.25% 7.22% 0.49% 0.67% 0.03% 0.09% 68.75%	31.25%	68.75%	0.09%	0.03%	0.67%	0.49%	7.22%	60.25%	68.75%	6,969	675700		

race and ethnicity by 2010 census tract

			e and e							
		Race a	nd Ethn	icity by	2010	Censu	s Tract			
	Total-races-tallied:	Not-Hispanic-or-Latino:	White-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or-more-other- races	Black-or-African-American-alone-or-in-combination-with- one-or-more-other-races	American-Indian-and-Alaska-Native-alone-or-in- combination-with-one-or-more-other-races	Asian-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or-more-other- races	Native-Hawaiian-and-Other-Pacific-Islander-alone-or-in- combination-with-one-or-more-other-races	Some-Other-Race-alone-or-in-combination-with-one-or- more-other-races		Hispanic-or-Latino:
									check	
671001	5,545	88.55%	62.83%	21.21%	0.49%	3.48%	0.16%	0.38%	88.55%	11.45%
674602	7,818	86.81%	65.41%	9.53%	0.36%	10.92%	0.19%	0.40%	86.81%	13.19%
675600	5,941	69.95%	66.72%	1.77%	0.29%	1.01%	0.00%	0.17%	69.95%	30.05%
671700	5,221	91.65%	68.65%	5.44%	0.33%	16.43%	0.15%	0.65%	91.65%	8.35%
673500	8,745	86.99%	70.92%	10.46%	0.58%	4.79%	0.00%	0.23%	86.99%	13.01%
673001	8,663	87.64%	72.04%	3.12%	0.52%	11.51%	0.03%	0.42%	87.64%	12.36%
674601	3,858	91.60%	72.50%	6.84%	0.62%	11.22%	0.10%	0.31%	91.60%	8.40%
673200	5,778	85.98%	72.85%	8.03%	0.78%	3.57%	0.24%	0.52%	85.98%	14.02%
673600	7,103	84.91%	78.35%	4.04%	0.34%	1.86%	0.06%	0.27%	84.91%	15.09%
673300	4,756	90.03%	78.49%	7.55%	1.26%	2.27%	0.06%	0.40%	90.03%	9.97%
Total	603,633	75.74%	36.26%	21.01%	0.52%	17.34%	0.10%	0.51%	75.74%	24.26%

NA-45 Non-Homeless Special Needs Assessment - 91.205 (b,d)

Discuss the size and characteristics of the population with HIV/AIDS and their families within the Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area:

According to the 2014 Houston Area HIV/AIDS Needs Assessment, there are 22,830 persons living with HIV or AIDS in the Houston EMA. The summary information regarding this population is shown below.

Total	22,830	100.00%
Sex:		
Male	16,922	74.1%
Female	5,908	25.9%
Race/Ethnicity		
White	5,203	22.8%
African American/Black	11,135	48.8%
Hispanic/Latino	5,744	25.2%
Other/Mixed Race	748	3.3%
Age at Diagnosis		
0-12	250	1.1%
13-24	3,549	15.5%
25-34	7,990	35.0%
35-44	6,790	29.7%
45-54	3,250	14.2%
55+	1,001	. 4.4%
Transmission Risk		
Male to male sexual activity (MSM)	12,088	52.9%
Injection drug use (IDU)	2,363	10.4%
MSM/IDU	1,059	4.6%
Heterosexual contact	7,010	30.7%
Perinatal transmission	291	1.3%
Adult other risk	21	0.1%

			Georgraphic
Responsible Entity	Responsible Entity	Role	Area Served
	Туре		
City of Arcola	Government	Neighborhood improvements	Other: jurisdiction*
City of Beasley	Government	Neighborhood improvements	Other: jurisdiction*
City of Kendleton	Government	Neighborhood improvements	Other: jurisdiction*
City of Richmond	Government	Neighborhood improvements	Other: jurisdiction*
City of Rosenberg	Government	Neighborhood improvements	Other: jurisdiction*
FBC MUD #19	Other: utility district	Neighborhood improvements	Other: utility district
Fort Bend County	Government	Affordable housing-ownership	jurisdiction
ARC	Non-profit	Non-homeless special needs	jurisdiction
Blessed Be Hope	Non-profit	Non-homeless special needs	jurisdiction
Brazos Bend Guardianship	Non-profit	Non-homeless special needs	jurisdiction
Child Advocates	Non-profit	Non-homeless special needs	jurisdiction
FB Seniors	Non-profit	Non-homeless special needs	jurisdiction
Catholic Charities	Non-profit	Non-homeless special needs	jurisdiction
Literacy Volunteers	Non-profit	Non-homeless special needs	jurisdiction
FB CORPs	Non-profit	Affordable housing-ownership	jurisdiction
FBCWC	Non-profit	Homelessness	jurisdiction
Parks Youth Ranch	Non-profit	Homelessness	jurisdiction
Salvation Army	Non-profit	Homelessness	jurisdiction
Fulton Village Redevelopment	Non-profit	Homelessness	jurisdiction
*Other: Urban County Co-op City			

APPENDIX F FAIR HOUSING

Executive Summary Analysis of Impediments FHAST Summary Goals

Fair Housing Plan Update Executive Summary

Introduction

Title I of the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990 requires that States and local governments that receive direct assistance under certain U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) programs submit a single consolidated submission for the planning and application aspects of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) formula programs, and all the community planning and development programs, as well as for housing programs. As part of the Consolidated Plan, Fort Bend County certified that it would affirmatively further fair housing and submitted a Fair Housing Plan. The County has continued to update the demographic profile included as part of the plan and also address aspects of the serious impediments to fair housing identified in the Fair Housing Plan.

The Fair Housing process in the State of Texas has been complicated by the Hurricane Ike Disaster Program. A lawsuit filed against the State of Texas regarding these funds resulted in a conciliation agreement that was required, after the fact, of all jurisdictions needing HUD disaster assistance for their communities. The subsequent implementation of this agreement, through a FHAST form, confused fair housing issues for existing entitlement jurisdictions. No guidance was provided by the State of Texas or HUD regarding the reconciliation of these two documents in the daily operation of HUD entitlement programs.

In July 2013, HUD published a proposed rule that would provide HUD program participants with a revised process to plan for fair housing outcomes that will assist participants in meeting the statutory obligation to affirmatively further fair housing. At the time of the development of Fort Bend County's FYs 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan process, a re-opening of the public comment period for this proposed fair housing rule was issued. The County has updated the demographic profile in the FY 2015 Fair Housing Update. The County is awaiting guidance from HUD regarding the implementation of the new fair housing rule before making substantial changes to the current fair housing plan

Definition of Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing

HUD defines affirmatively furthering fair housing as requiring entitlement program grantees to:

- 1. Conduct an analysis to identify impediments to fair housing choice within the jurisdiction.
- 2. Take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified through the analysis.
- 3. Maintain records reflecting the analysis and actions in this regard.

HUD interprets these broad objectives to mean:

Analyze and eliminate housing discrimination in the jurisdiction

Promote fair housing choice for all persons

Provide opportunities for racially and ethnically inclusive patterns of housing occupancy Promote housing that is physically accessible to, and usable by, all persons, particularly persons with disabilities

Foster compliance with the nondiscrimination provisions of the Fair Housing Act.

Fort Bend County Community Development Department

The Fort Bend County Community Development Department (FBCCDD) was created by Fort Bend County Commissioners Court in 1992 to administer the CDBG program for the County. The CDBG program was authorized under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974. For a county to receive CDBG program funds directly from HUD, the combined population in both the unincorporated area and incorporated areas which entered into an interlocal agreement with the county must be at least 200,000 persons. The 1990 Census indicated that Fort Bend County's population increased to more than 200,000 persons. As a result, Fort Bend County was designated as an urban county and was entitled to receive CDBG program funds directly from HUD. In 1994, Fort Bend County became a participating jurisdiction (PJ) for the HOME Program and was entitled to receive HOME Program funds directly from HUD. In 1995, Fort Bend County became an entitlement area for the ESG Program and was entitled to receive ESG Program funds directly from HUD. The Fort Bend County Community Development Department is the lead agency in the Consolidated Planning Process required by HUD.

The service area for the Fort Bend Consolidated Plan includes the unincorporated areas of the County and all the incorporated areas of the County except the Cities of Katy, Houston and Missouri City, Pearland and Sugar Land.

Summary of Fair Housing Plan Development Process

The staff of the Fort Bend County Community Development Department manages the Consolidated Plan development process and develops the five-year Consolidated Plan and annual Consolidated Action Plan documents. The department developed the Fair Housing Plan as part of the FY 1997 Consolidated Action Plan. The process consisted of task force meetings, the development of a Fair Housing Plan draft, a public meeting, a thirty (30) day comment period and a final Fair Housing Plan document.

Conclusions

The process for identifying impediments, conclusions and recommendations was structured using three categories--public sector, private sector, and the public and private sectors described in HUD's <u>Fair Housing Planning Guides Volumes 1 and 2</u>. The public sector impediment category is divided into several groups--zoning and site selection; neighborhood revitalization, municipal and other services, employment-housing-transportation linkages; PHA and other assisted/insured housing provider tenant selection procedures; sale of subsidized housing and possible displacement; property tax policies; and planning and zoning boards. The private sector impediments are discussed as one group--lending policies and practices. The public and

private sector categories are divided into the fair housing enforcement group and the information program group.

Serious Impediments

The fair housing task force identified a number of impediments to fair housing choice within Fort Bend County. The task force stressed the seriousness of some impediments over others. Only the most serious impediments identified by the task force are listed below. Section III of this report lists all the impediments and the reasons for identifying each impediment. Note that impediments were not identified in all the categories listed by HUD.

1. Public Sector

a. General

- (1) Building, occupancy, and health and safety codes that may affect the availability of housing for minorities, families with children, and persons with disabilities.
- (2) Provision of public transportation services that can improve access to jobs, training opportunities, housing and community services for minority families, families with children, and persons with disabilities.

2. Private Sector

a. Lending Policies and Practices:

- (1) Lending institutions are not aggressively marketing the availability of mortgage and home improvement loans in minority neighborhoods and encouraging minorities to apply.
- (2) There recently have been incidents of negative community attitudes resulting from moves by Blacks, Hispanics, or other minorities into nonminority White neighborhoods, or vice versa, or to the establishment of group homes or other housing for persons with disabilities (in particular mental disabilities or persons in recovery from drug abuse) in certain areas.

Recommendations

The fair housing task force also identified recommendations to address the impediments to fair housing choice within Fort Bend County. Note that recommendations were not identified for all the categories listed by HUD. Foremost, the task force identified education as the primary fair housing action that the County should implement. The section includes Fort Bend County's plan to meet the fair housing objectives required by HUD. For each objective five-year goals and one-year goals are provided.

Objective 1: Analyze and eliminate housing discrimination in Fort Bend County.

Five-Year Goal:

Continue to gather and analyze data regarding fair housing and discrimination in Fort Bend County.

One-Year Goals:

Continue to gather information regarding the number and type of persons by religion in Fort Bend County.

Continue to gather and analyze information regarding persons with disabilities.

Continue to gather information regarding lending practices and patterns of private lending institutions.

Continue to gather information on fair housing activities and providers of fair housing services in the Houston Metropolitan Area.

Identify specific actions that the jurisdiction should take regarding restrictive covenants, leases, or other restrictive provisions.

Identify specific changes that should be made in policies and procedures to promote greater variation in the location of lower-income housing in neighborhoods.

Five-Year Goal:

Disseminate information regarding fair housing and discrimination through the print, radio, and television media and through local social service providers.

One-Year Goals:

Distribute pamphlets and brochures regarding fair housing to local social service providers and local governments.

Review available fair housing public service announcements (PSA) for purchase and distribution to local radio and television stations.

Obtain fair housing materials in Spanish and other languages if needed and/or provide for the development of bilingual fair housing materials.

Five-Year Goal:

Promote the development of public and private entities that investigate discrimination complaints.

One-Year Goals:

Distribute pamphlets and brochures regarding fair housing to local social service providers and local governments.

Distribute information regarding fair housing workshops and meetings to local social service providers and local governments.

Research funding alternatives and sources for fair housing activities and providers and submit applications if applicable.

Mail request for proposals (RFPs) to providers of fair housing services in the Houston Metropolitan Area to encourage the expansion of their assistance into Fort Bend County.

Objective 2: Promote fair housing choice for all persons in Fort Bend County.

Five-Year Goal:

Disseminate information regarding fair housing and discrimination through the print, radio, and television media and through local social service providers.

One-Year Goals:

Distribute pamphlets and brochures regarding fair housing to local social service providers and local governments.

Review available fair housing public service announcements (PSA) for purchase and distribution to local radio and television stations.

Obtain fair housing materials in Spanish and other languages if needed and/or provide for the development of bilingual fair housing materials.

Identify specific steps that will strengthen the fair housing aspect of community revitalization in poorer neighborhoods.

Five-Year Goal:

Promote the development of public and private entities that investigate discrimination complaints.

One-Year Goals:

Research funding alternatives and sources for fair housing activities and providers and submit grant applications if applicable.

Mail request for proposals (RFPs) to providers of fair housing services in the Houston Metropolitan Area to encourage the expansion of their assistance into Fort Bend County.

Five-Year Goal:

Continue to provide assistance for the development of affordable housing in Fort Bend County.

One-Year Goals:

Increase the supply of affordable housing in Fort Bend County through rehabilitation, homebuyer, and construction assistance and by identifying properties that can be used for the development of affordable housing.

Research tax and other local incentives to promote private sector participation in the development of affordable housing.

Five-Year Goal:

Promote the development of public and private transportation services to increase and facilitate accessibility to standard affordable housing throughout Fort Bend County.

One-Year Goals:

Gather information regarding existing transportation alternatives within the County.

Continue to fund transportation services currently provided by the American Red Cross in Fort Bend County.

Objective 3: Provide opportunities for racially and ethnically inclusive patterns of housing occupancy.

Five-Year Goal:

Disseminate information regarding fair housing and discrimination through the print, radio, and television media and through local social service providers and financial institutions.

One-Year Goals:

Distribute pamphlets and brochures regarding fair housing to local social service providers and local governments.

Review available fair housing public service announcements (PSA) for purchase and distribution to local radio and television stations.

Obtain fair housing materials in Spanish and other languages if needed and/or provide for the development of bilingual fair housing materials.

Identify steps that the jurisdiction can take to develop and implement conventional lending and banking services in neighborhoods that appear underserved.

Five-Year Goal:

Promote the development of public and private transportation services to increase and facilitate accessibility to standard affordable housing throughout Fort Bend County.

One-Year Goals:

Gather information regarding existing transportation alternatives within the County.

Continue to fund transportation services currently provided by the American Red Cross in Fort Bend County.

Objective 4: Promote housing that is physically accessible to, and useable by, all persons particularly persons with disabilities.

Five-Year Goal:

Increase the supply of housing accessible to persons with disabilities.

One-Year Goals:

Continue to gather information on the type, location, and cost of housing accessible to the disabled.

Obtain fair housing materials that have been adapted for the handicapped or provide for the development of adaptable fair housing materials.

Five-Year Goal:

Promote the development of public and private transportation services to increase and facilitate accessibility to standard affordable housing throughout Fort Bend County.

One-Year Goals:

Gather information regarding existing transportation alternatives within the County.

Continue to fund transportation services currently provided by the American Red Cross in Fort Bend County.

Objective 5: Foster compliance with the nondiscrimination provision of the Fair Housing Act.

Five-Year Goal:

Disseminate information regarding fair housing and discrimination through the print, radio, and television media and through local social service providers.

One-Year Goals:

Distribute pamphlets and brochures regarding fair housing to local social service providers and local governments.

Review available fair housing public service announcements (PSA) for purchase and distribution to local radio and television stations.

Obtain fair housing materials in Spanish and other languages if needed and/or provide for the development of bilingual fair housing materials.

Five-Year Goal:

Promote the development of public and private entities that investigate discrimination complaints.

One-Year Goals:

Research funding alternatives and sources for fair housing activities and providers and submit grant applications if applicable.

Mail request for proposals (RFPs) to providers of fair housing services in the Houston Metropolitan Area to encourage the expansion of their assistance into Fort Bend County.

SECTION III: IDENTIFICATION OF IMPEDIMENTS TO FAIR HOUSING CHOICE

This section identifies the impediments to fair housing choice in Fort Bend County. The process for identifying impediments was structured using three (3) categories--public sector, private sector, and the public and private sectors described in HUD's Fair Housing Planning Guides Volumes 1 and 2. The public sector impediment category is divided into several groups--zoning and site selection; neighborhood revitalization, municipal and other services, employment-housing-transportation linkages; PHA and other assisted/insured housing provider tenant selection procedures; sale of subsidized housing and possible displacement; property tax policies; and planning and zoning boards. The private sector impediments are discussed as one group--lending policies and practices. The public and private sector categories are divided into the fair housing enforcement group and the information program group. Appendix B. contains the complete list of impediments and actions identified by HUD.

The fair housing task force identified a number of impediments to fair housing choice within Fort Bend County. The impediments identified by the task force are listed below. The task force also stressed the seriousness of some of these impediments over others. The reasons for identifying each impediment are included with each. Note that impediments were not identified in all the categories suggested by HUD. Some of the impediments listed are in the form of questions.

A. Serious Impediments

1. Public Sector

a. General:

(1) Building, occupancy, and health and safety codes that may affect the availability of housing for minorities, families with children, and persons with disabilities.

<u>Reason</u>: Fort Bend County does not have the authority to regulate land-use and housing within its jurisdictions. Thus, local government protections such as building code and land-use regulations do not exist in the unincorporated parts of the County. The amount of land-use and housing-related regulation varies greatly among the incorporated areas of the County. However, most of these regulations are reasonable in their scope and on their own do not limit the choice of affordable housing available in the County as much as the availability and costs of public water and sewer service.

(2) Provision of public transportation services that can improve access to jobs, training opportunities, housing and community services for minority families, families with children, and persons with disabilities.

<u>Reason</u>: Most of Fort Bend County does not have any form of public or private mass transportation. Thus, low-income persons, those persons with the least ability to pay for transportation, must have access to a private vehicle for transportation to work, school, or medical and social services.

2. Private Sector

- a. Lending Policies and Practices:
- (1) Are any lending institutions aggressively marketing the availability of mortgage and home improvement loans in minority neighborhoods and encouraging minorities to apply?

<u>Reason</u>: In general, mortgage and home improvement loan programs are not advertised on a neighborhood level, much less a minority neighborhood level. Low-income and minority persons often have very little knowledge of traditional lending institutions and their requirements. This lack of knowledge perpetuates lease-to-own and contract-for-deed agreements which cost borrowers more than traditional mortgages and offer few, if any, consumer protections. This problem is especially pronounced in some low-income communities where literacy and education levels are low and in Hispanic communities where there is a serious lack of proficiency in the English language.

(2) Have there recently been incidents of negative community attitudes resulting from moves by African-Americans, Hispanics, or other minorities into nonminority White neighborhoods, or vice versa? To the establishment of group homes or other housing for persons with disabilities (in particular, mental disabilities or persons in recovery from drug abuse) in certain areas?

<u>Reason</u>: There have been incidents of discrimination against persons with disabilities especially in group home situations. There is a general lack of knowledge about persons with disabilities. There is confusion among the public between the clientele served by group homes and half-way houses.

B. Impediments

1. Public Sector

a. General

(1) Zoning, housing lot sizes, number of persons per bedroom requirements, and other factors

<u>Reason</u>: At the County level, there are no regulations regarding zoning or occupancy requirements which constitute impediments to fair housing choice. Among the local governments, especially those with a strong real estate market, the development of affordable housing is very difficult due to high land costs and the demand for new housing.

(2) Provision of essential municipal services

<u>Reason</u>: Fort Bend County includes seventeen (17) municipal areas, over 100 water districts and numerous fire, emergency and special districts. Thus, the provisions of municipal services within the County is extremely fragmented. This fragmentation results in higher costs due to the duplication of administrative and facility costs and large differentials in the availability and the quality of services available to residents of Fort Bend County.

(3) Cost, physical access, and location of housing for persons with disabilities

<u>Reason</u>: The cost of new housing in Fort Bend County is relatively high. Thus, the improvements necessary for providing physical access for the disabled increases the costs of housing even more. As stated previously, there is no public or private mass transportation in Fort Bend County. Thus, persons with a disability must depend on private transportation. Persons with disabilities who live within some of the incorporated areas of the County may have accessible services and shopping nearby; however, persons with disabilities who live in semi-rural or rural areas are isolated from medical and social services and recreational facilities and shopping.

(4) Creation of job and training opportunities that affect, or can be affected by, the location of housing opportunities for lower-income families and persons, particularly minorities and persons with disabilities

Reason: The lack of a public or private mass transportation system limits the ability of low-income persons and persons with disabilities to work outside their neighborhoods unless they have reliable private transportation. The problem of environmental racism is apparent in some areas of the County since there are no land-use regulations to minimize the impact of pollution and the aggregation of activities incompatible with housing such as waste disposal facilities, above-ground storage tank facilities, petrochemical and industrial facilities, and abandoned quarries and oil and gas fields. Thus, employment in these neighborhood facilities may expose low-income persons to more hazardous conditions since they may often live close to their places of employment because of their lack of transportation.

(5) Promotion of coordination and cooperation among jurisdictions in surrounding metropolitan or regional areas in planning and carrying out housing and housing-related activities.

<u>Reason</u>: Most the incorporated areas of the County have few municipal employees. Thus, the smaller cities that would benefit the most from the planning and carrying-out of housing and housing-related activities have the least administrative capacity and financial resources to implement these activities. Currently, there is little or no coordination and cooperation among the municipal areas, water districts and other districts located within the County.

(6) Selecting individuals and families to receive the benefits of Federal, State, or local publicly assisted housing programs that provide rental or ownership opportunities for lower-income persons and families.

Reason: Fort Bend County does not have a public housing authority (PHA). Only the City of Rosenberg has a PHA which administers approximately 100 rental certificates. Within the County, there are several Farmer's Home projects which provide some subsidized rental housing units to low-income individuals and families. Currently, the County provides rental assistance to clients of the Riceland RMHA who have completed the required life skills program for independent living required by Riceland. Thus, there is a significant difference in the rental opportunities available to low-income residents of the County since rental programs are administered by different entities and are limited in their jurisdiction.

The County has three (3) homeownership programs that it has funded with HUD funds. The HOPE 3 program is county-wide and provides funds for downpayment and closing costs assistance. A grant also is available for the costs of rehabilitation. The Sequoia Foundation administers a program that provides downpayment and closing costs assistance to low-income individuals and families for forty (40) new homes being constructed in the Pecan Park subdivision in Rosenberg. Housing Opportunities of Houston (HOH) provides downpayment and closing costs assistance for low-income individuals and families who qualify to purchase a home in Fort Bend County. There are several opportunities for homeownership in Fort Bend County for low-income persons and families with stable employment and good credit.

(7) Advertising rental vacancies to the public and establishing and maintaining waiting lists.

<u>Reason</u>: Middle and high income individuals and families often pay for apartment locators and realtors to help them locate suitable housing. Unfortunately, these services are not affordable to most low-income individuals and families. In addition, it is not cost effective for the owners of low-income housing to market their properties through locator services or realtors since they usually have to pay for these services. Thus, low-income individuals and families are on their own in finding affordable housing and in obtaining information on the housing available for rent or purchase.

(8) Assisting certificate and voucher holders to find suitable rental units through the jurisdiction.

<u>Reason</u>: As stated previously, Fort Bend County does not have a public housing authority. Only the City of Rosenberg has a housing authority which administers a housing certificate program. Thus, subsidized housing is not available throughout the County.

- b. Zoning and Site Selection:
- (1) Are there concentrations of low- and very-low income housing in one or more localities or neighborhoods within the jurisdiction's geographic area?

Reason: There are concentrations of low- and very-low-income housing in areas of the County. The reasons for these concentrations is varied. Many of the concentrations of lower income housing are located in areas with the oldest housing in the County and reflect past segregation patterns. In the newer parts of the county, low-income housing may be located in communities in transition from a large percentage of owner-occupancy to other land-uses. Since there is no zoning in the County, increased traffic in primarily residential areas often precipitates a change to rental-occupancy, retail, commercial or industrial uses as noise and traffic make the housing less attractive for owner-occupancy and as deed restrictions, if any, are allowed to lapse by homeowner's association. Some concentrations of low-income housing are composed of large-multi-family housing projects and/or mobile home parks.

(2) Are current zoning and other policies and procedures promoting this pattern or exerting a neutral effect on the existence of such concentrations?

Reason: Because zoning does not exist in most of the County it can not be cited as a major determinant in the concentration of low-income housing. Fort Bend County is one of the fastest growing counties in the U.S. Thus, there is a great demand for housing at all income levels. Unfortunately, the private real estate market tends to gravitate to that segment of the market that maximizes financial return to the developer and/or builder. As a result, most of the new housing construction in the county is targeted to the higher priced home market. Affordable housing where the profit margin is much smaller can not compete against the construction of high-income luxury homes where the profit margin is much greater.

An indicator of the large demand for affordable housing is the increase in mobile homes in the County. Within cities there is usually some regulation, if not prohibition, of mobile homes. In rural areas, there is no regulation of mobile homes; however, there does appear to be some concentrations of low-income mobile homes in the County, especially in the incorporated areas that allow them.

(3) Is the jurisdiction aware of and has it evaluated the management policies and procedures of assisted housing providers (those providing housing to persons with disabilities and homeless persons) to determine if problems exist that have led or could lead to general public, specific neighborhood, or other types of opposition to such housing?

<u>Reason</u>: The jurisdiction has not evaluated the management policies and procedures of assisted housing providers to determine if problems with those providers has led to opposition to such housing. The Rosenberg PHA was asked by the County to participate in a fair housing survey, but the agency declined. Most people have a very negative impression of assisted housing since it is equated with public housing. Public housing

controversies in the City of Houston have negatively impacted the perception of assisted and/or subsidized housing throughout the Houston metropolitan area.

(4) Has the jurisdiction adopted policies and procedures that promote the placement of new or rehabilitated housing for lower-income households (including minorities, families with children, and persons with physical or other disabilities) in a wide spectrum of neighborhoods?

<u>Reason</u>: The County does not target any of its housing programs to any neighborhood. The main determinants in the funding of HUD housing programs are the ability of the applicant to provide the matching funds required by HUD, total project costs and the financial feasibility of the project and the availability of public water and sewer services.

(5) What is the impact of the jurisdiction's zoning ordinance(s), building codes, and other land-use or fiscal policies on the provision of lower-income housing?

<u>Reason</u>: Fort Bend County does not have the authority to regulate zoning, building codes, land-use or fiscal policies related to housing in the incorporated areas of the County. Thus, local government protections such as building code and land-use regulations do not exist in the unincorporated parts of the County. The amount of land-use and housing-related regulation varies greatly among the incorporated areas of the County.

(6) If there is vacant or other land that can be developed within the jurisdiction's geographic area, do zoning regulations permit medium- and high-density residential development for such land, or only low-density housing (and accompanying high cost)?

Reason: There is a great deal of vacant land within Fort Bend County. The main impediment to the development of housing on vacant land is the availability and costs of public water and sewer service. Vacant property within incorporated areas that have existing public water and sewer service is often too expensive for the construction of affordable housing, especially if these services are provided by Municipal Utility Districts (MUDs). The construction of affordable housing on vacant land in the unincorporated areas of County where public systems do not exist would require the construction of private water wells and septic systems on parcels which must be greater than one (1) acre according to State and local regulations, which will add to the cost of housing.

(7) Do zoning, subdivision, or occupancy regulations include provisions that permit group homes for persons with disabilities in a wide array of locations to prevent their concentration?

<u>Reason</u>: As stated previously, the County does not have any land-use or building code authority. In addition, the County does not target or restrict its HUD housing programs to any areas. In some of the incorporated areas, there are some restrictions on multi-family homes which may preclude the establishment of group homes.

(8) Should zoning, occupancy or building ordinances, or codes or regulations be changed to provide for more inclusive development of housing for lower-income people and families, including persons with disabilities?

<u>Reason</u>: As stated previously, the County does not have any land-use or building code authority. In addition, the County does not target or restrict its HUD housing programs to any areas. In some of the incorporated areas, there are some restrictions on multi-family homes which may preclude the establishment of group homes.

(9) Should the jurisdiction adopt incentives to promote mixed-income housing development, such as increasing the number of new units that can be built in a given development in exchange for dedication of a certain percent of the units for low- and very-low income households?

<u>Reason</u>: As stated previously, the County does not have any zoning or land-use authority. Thus, there no incentives the County can offer since local government protections such as building code and land-use regulations do not exist in the unincorporated parts of the County. The amount of land-use and housing-related regulation varies greatly among the incorporated areas of the County. As part of the Sequoia Foundation homeownership project, the City of Rosenberg waived water and sewer fees as an incentive.

(10) Should the jurisdiction use a transfer tax on the sale of property, or establish another dedicated revenue source or sources tied to development of higher-income housing or commercial property to raise funds for lower-income housing construction or rehabilitation?

<u>Reason</u>: The types of fees that the County can waive for housing and housing-related activities are very limited. There are local governments and water and other districts that tax property more heavily than the County government.

- c. Neighborhood Revitalization, Municipal and Other Services, and the Employment-Housing-Transportation Linkage:
- (1) Where are municipal and other services (transportation, social services, schools, health services, hospitals, banks, and other lending institutions) located in the jurisdiction?

<u>Reason</u>: The provision of municipal and other services in the County varies. As stated previously, Fort Bend County contains seventeen (17) cities, over one hundred (100) water districts and numerous fire, emergency and special districts. Thus, the provision of municipal services within the County is extremely fragmented. Moreover, parts of Fort Bend County are more developed or urban than others. As a result, the developed areas have more services than the semi-rural or rural areas of the County.

(2) Are such services equally distributed throughout the geographic area of the jurisdiction?

<u>Reason</u>: The provision of municipal and other services in the County varies. As stated previously, Fort Bend County contains seventeen (17) cities, over one hundred (100) water districts and numerous fire, emergency and special districts. Thus, the provision of municipal services within the County is extremely fragmented. Moreover, parts of Fort Bend County are more developed or urban than others. As a result, the developed areas have more services than the semi-rural or rural areas of the County.

d. PHA and Other Assisted/Insured Housing Provider Tenant Selection Procedures; Housing Choices for Certificate and Voucher Holders:

(1) Is there a pattern in one or more assisted housing developments of concentration of tenants by race or ethnicity?

Reason: Most people have a very negative impression of assisted housing since it is equated with public housing. Public housing controversies in the City of Houston have negatively impacted the perception of assisted and/or subsidized housing throughout the Houston metropolitan area. Most people believe that assisted housing developments are full of poor, minority people who will not take care of property and that the location of such projects close to single-family neighborhoods will decrease property values and increase crime.

e. Property Tax Policies:

(1) Has the jurisdiction adopted property tax relief policies and provisions in its local (or State) tax codes?

<u>Reason</u>: Fort Bend County provides standard property tax exemptions for senior citizens and nonprofit organizations. Tax abatements usually are only provided for businesses needing incentives to relocate in the County and promising employment opportunities for residents.

(2) If so, do these policies and provisions benefit lower-income homeowners, particularly minority households including children or persons with disabilities?

<u>Reason</u>: The property tax relief policies and provisions provided by the County do primarily benefit lower-income homeowners since they target senior citizens, a segment of the population assumed by HUD to be low-income.

2. Public Sector

(a) Lending Policies and Practices

(1) Are covenants that contain such restrictions recorded in deeds on file in jurisdiction's records office?

<u>Reason</u>: Restrictive covenants, trusts, and lease provisions which exclude group homes may exist in some of the master-planned and incorporated areas of the County.

(2) Has the jurisdiction reviewed written rental and sales policies of real estate brokers and other members of the housing industry, such as large landlords or management companies, to determine whether they are consistent with applicable Federal, State, and local fair housing laws?

<u>Reason</u>: The County has not reviewed written rental and sales policies of real estate brokers and other members of the housing industry to determine whether they are consistent with applicable Federal, State, and local fair housing laws. The County may not have the authority to review rental and sales policies.

3. Public and Private Sector

a. Information Programs:

(1) Has the jurisdiction implemented specific fair housing information programs for officials and employees having duties that impact on fair housing such as developing zoning policies, planning assisted housing, and community and economic development activities?

Reason: Most persons do not understand exactly what affordable housing and fair housing issues are. The general public and low-income persons and persons with disabilities need to become more aware of their rights and responsibilities as housing consumers. Since the County does not have land-use powers, the Community Development staff is the only group of County employees who have an impact on fair housing issues and in planning assisted housing and Community Development activities.

Are there areas in the jurisdiction where conflict between different racial or ethnic groups is evident? Between persons with and without a disability?

<u>Reason</u>: In some areas of the County, there are gang-related problems which coincide with differences in race and ethnicity in neighborhoods. Conflict between persons with and without disabilities has been reported in some neighborhoods, especially those with high priced housing.

(3) Are there effective outreach, education, and information programs in the jurisdiction designed to create a good understanding among civic leaders, educators, and other citizens of all ages to reduce the adverse effects and force of negative attitudes among segments of the community concerning people who are different racially, ethnically, and culturally or who are disabled?

<u>Reason</u>: Currently, the only program which provides outreach or information program in Fort Bend County to reduce the adverse effects and force of negative attitudes among segments of the community concerning people who are different racially, ethnically, and culturally is Interfaith Ministries. The Association For Retarded Citizens, the ARC maintains a community presence with its retail outlet and provides information on persons with disabilities in Fort Bend County.

Fair Housing Activity Statement (FHAST) Summary, Fort Bend County, Texas

Impediment 3: The public is not sufficiently aware of their Fair Housing rights and how to obtain the assistance necessary to protect those rights.

Action 1:

Consistent with the Fair Housing Act, the County will continue to promote and conduct events to celebrate April as Fair Housing Month, and direct subrecipients to do the same. These events can demonstrate support for fair housing and build awareness. This action will be addressed by the passage of a resolution by the County, placing posters in public buildings and placing links to HUD fair housing information and compliant form on webpage.

Action 2:

Consistent with the Fair Housing Act, the County has historically conducted fair housing activities at various times of the year and will continue to fund, depending on sufficient appropriations, or collaborate with public and private agencies, organizations and groups to plan and conduct fair housing activities. This action will be addressed by conducting/sponsoring/funding fair housing activities at various times of the year other than "April as Fair Housing Month" including providing fair housing materials to the Fort Bend County Social Service Department and providing fair housing materials to Fort Bend CORPs.

Impediment 4: "Not in my Backyard: (NIMBY) may be an impediment to fair housing in Texas communities.

Action 1:

NIMBY opposition needs to be anticipated and planning and outreach should occur on the front end of projects. To mitigate defensive and reactive responses, planning should include strategies for education, outreach and marketing that provide accurate information and promote the positive aspects and benefits of affordable housing to build support among community residents.

Action 2:

Specific examples of prior actions by communities are listed in HUD's Fair Housing Guide: Volume 2. Pages 7-106 and 7-110 and includes a number of examples that communities have used to mitigate NIMBY opposition. Generally, communities should consider:

Working with local officials, editorial boards, religious, and civic organizations and other community leaders to initiate education programs; Seeking opportunities to present information to community organizations by requesting to be placed on their meeting agendas;

Including a visit to a group home residence as part of an education program; Answering all questions;

Talking with local neighborhood leaders, including elected representative, setting up a neighborhood meeting;

Setting up a liaison committee consisting of advocates, group residents, and neighborhood residents to discuss issues;

Identifying areas that meet AFFH targets where the community supports development, has worked with community groups and potentially uses funds to assist the development of multi-family affordable housing.

The County will develop an anti-NIMBYism action plan. The Fort Bend County Community Development Department in conjunction with the County Attorney and Engineering Department will work to develop the plan.

Impediment 5:

Certain government policies and practices may not meet current HUD policy concerning affirmatively furthering fair housing. Jurisdictions should act to ensure that their policies and procedures affirmatively further fair housing, address mal-distribution of resources, and that they do not unnecessarily impact housing choice.

Action 1:

As part of certifying that a community is affirmatively furthering fair housing, jurisdictions that have long-term infrastructure plans should review them to determine if the plan promotes racial concentrations or otherwise inadvertently results in disparate treatment of members of protected classes. While not intended to direct a community to hire a consultant, it is anticipated that a community will review its long-term infrastructure plans as part of this recommended action. In reviewing the project list in Appendix F there are many projects that are listed as being of community wide benefit. The records do not indicate that actual location of projects or provide adequate discussion of how the projects benefit the entire community. Fort Bend County will use information in Appendix (X) of the AI to ensure that proposed projects do not perpetuate illegal differences in treatment.

Action 2:

As it has been determined under federal law that Fair Housing applies to all federal housing and community development funds, to reduce "siloing" the fair housing component to only housing-related programs, fair housing should be considered in all activities for all community planning staff. Fort Bend County will review and insure that Fair Housing implications are addressed in all aspects of planning in the this jurisdiction in a manner consistent with the guidelines provided by the stated at the FHAST form training and maintain documentation of the review.

Action 3:

It would be beneficial for local elected officials to require senior staff of any subrecipient such as a city or county including managers and attorneys—to receive available Fair Housing training within the first 12 months of their employment or engagement. Fort Bend County does not have such a policy and will develop and implement one. During FY 2013, the County has been in the process of drafting a policy and researching training opportunities.

Action 4:

As part of what is usually a common initial training by the associations that provide education opportunities for newly-appointed board members or newly-elected council or commissioners court members of cities and counties, the state should request that training include specific information on the Fair

Housing Act—with a discussion of affirmatively furthering fair housing obligations.

Action 5:

Local communities should consider limiting the concentration of infrastructure improvements like wastewater treatment, solid waste disposal, or similar necessary but not desirable infrastructure projects in residential areas where there are concentrations of protected classes. Fort Bend County will develop formal limits or official policies and procedures that take into account the residential location of members of protected classes.

Action 6:

Communities electing to provide publicly financed housing incentives should be requested to call for recipients to engage in affirmative marketing. Fort Bend County will develop and implement a policy.

Action 7:

If a jurisdiction is a non-entitlement community, when working in LMI areas to replace roads or other infrastructure, the jurisdiction should consider making application to additional sources of funding to provide assistance to repair substandard housing associated with the project (i.e., TDHCA or HUD)

Action 8:

Most infrastructure projects take into account items like curb cuts, sidewalks, hearing and visually impaired indicators at intersections. When approving non-federally funded projects, similar special needs construction should be required for infrastructure improvements. Projects should also address other legacy discrimination issues, such as accessibility in public areas like courthouses, community centers, and other high traffic areas. Fort Bend County will development a policy.

Action 9:

Each jurisdiction applying for Community Development Block Grant funds or other federal housing and community development funds should submit a Fair Housing Activities Statement—Texas (FHAST) with their application, reviewing their infrastructure needs and housing needs and how the proposed activity promotes fair housing or results in more equitable treatment of protected classes. Projects with community-wide benefits should be accompanied by explicit commitments on the part of the local jurisdictions to undertake additional activities to affirmatively further fair housing along with a monitoring and reporting process.

Action 10:

As part of the non-housing disaster recovery program, jurisdictions should consider low-income areas and areas populated principally by members of protected classes to determine the potential for flooding and consider making infrastructure expenditures to help protect the impacted communities—including colonias. Fort Bend County will conduct such a review and consider these infrastructure projects in the future.

Action 11:

If applicable, all policies should be reviewed regarding denying applicant's access to disaster recovery CDBG funds if their residence is located in the

flood plain. If the policy does not allow participation by restricting building in flood plains, then the policy should be assessed to see if alternative housing programs could be implemented for residents. Local jurisdictions should analyze the results and see if protected classes are more frequently harmed by flood plain restrictions. This action does not apply to the TDRA CDBG Disaster Relief Fund that limits property purchased "unless TXCDBG receives satisfactory evidence that the property to be purchased was not constructed or purchased by the current owner after the property to be purchased was not constructed or purchased by the current owner after the property site location was officially mapped and included in the designated flood plain. Fort Bend County will conduct review and analysis.

Action 12:

When an entire community is in a flood plain, the community should establish clear standards that allow for proper elevation or relocation, and that also allows for visitability/special needs considerations consistent with state and federal law. The County does not a community that entirely within a flood plain. The County will develop standards but will do so for Round 2 programs.

Action 13:

Local jurisdictions that accommodated the relocation of disaster survivors resulting in concentrations of protected class survivors in specific areas should establish Moving to Opportunity Programs and include renters in their Moving to Opportunity Programs as defined under Round 2. Fort Bend County is not participating in Round 2 funding.

Action 14:

Consistent with the process established in the conciliation agreement, local jurisdictions and state agencies should work together to determine a demographic and economic profile of victims of the natural disaster and establish goals for assisting these populations in no less than the proportions they were impacted by the disaster. These goals should be performance goals and disaster recovery funds should be extended incrementally in a manner to ensure that these populations are equitably assisted with benefits. Fort Bend County will cooperate with State agencies to carry out this action.

Action 15:

All infrastructure programs funded with disaster recovery funds should be designed so that any publicly accessible infrastructure projects and associated facilities are fully accessible to persons with disabilities. The County will develop these standards and policies.

Action 16:

Consistent with the conciliation agreement, family and elderly public housing units damaged or destroyed by the disaster should be reconstructed or repaired in a manner that affirmatively furthers fair housing utilizing disaster recovery funds within 24 months of approval of the initial application for disaster recovery assistance for the local jurisdiction. Fort Bend County does not have any public housing units.

Impediment 6:

Government entities at all levels do not appear to have been proactive in the enforcement of both the Fair Housing Act and the obligation to affirmatively further fair housing. The State and subrecipient's should implement a robust and effective structure for identifying and pursuing suspected violations.

Action 1:

Given the potential for an increase in Fair Housing enforcement action by federal and state agencies and private organizations, an ongoing fair housing testing program for areas that receive federal housing and community development funds could be beneficial to protect state agencies and subrecipients from potential repayment. Fair housing enforcement is a valid use of CDBG funding and can be used to establish testing programs by agencies trained in HUD testing procedures. The state, or local jurisdictions combining together, should consider conducting tests in areas that include the following: steering in sales and rental; the denial of and different terms and conditions based on race, national origin, familial status, and disability in sales and rental; predatory and disparate terms and conditions in lending and insurance; and foreclosure modification schemes targeting minority neighborhoods. The state should also consider education to applicable entities on self-testing and self-correction. Fort Bend County does not have a testing program. The County will work to establish one.

Action 2:

TDHCA should, as a pilot program, allocate funds to independent third parties or a combined jurisdiction team identified in point 1 of this section to provide similar testing to determine if additional enforcement is necessary.

Action 3:

Impacted agencies that provide certification that they are affirmatively furthering fair housing as required by federal law, should consider publishing a public document on enforcement that provides the public and communities with a clear description (and chart) of the state and Federal Fair Housing Act. On documents concerning housing and community development programs that are provided to the public, we will list fair housing contacts and procedures consistent with the State suggested language when it is provided.

Action 4:

Each community should place on its website (if one is available) the contact, at the local, state, and federal levels, for reporting a Fair Housing complaint, if citizens believe they were victims of housing discrimination. The County will place this information on its website.

Action 5:

Each local jurisdiction should publish on its website a clear statement, approved jointly by TDRA and TDHCA, expressing the jurisdiction's obligation to affirmatively further fair housing and providing a method for reported suspected noncompliance to the state and to HUD. The jurisdiction's contact person should be able to refer to clear local Fair Housing procedures for the complaint process, keep logs and records of all inquires, allegations, complaints and referrals. These reports should be sent to the appropriate

funding agency. Where these reports show that a jurisdiction has administered programs inconsistently with the AI and had the effect of discouraging applications from members of protected classes who are deemed eligible under the plan for assistance, affirmative marketing plans should be developed and submitted to the appropriate agency. The County will publish a policy statement consistent with the language the State provides. The County also will develop clear procedures for the Fair Housing complaint process once more guidance in given by the State in 2011 and keep the required logs and records.

Impediment 7:

Many local jurisdictions have zoning codes, land use controls, and administrative practices that may impede fair housing choice and fail to affirmatively further fair housing.

Action 1:

The law anticipates that ordinances creating disparate impact should be reviewed for change. If a disparate impact is determined to exist by the local jurisdiction, it could repeal or amend the restriction, use public funds to offset the cost through homebuyer assistance programs, or waive fees or other offsets to make the home more affordable. The County will develop a policy when information is provided by the State.

Action 2:

To help limit concentrations that could be considered impediments to affirmatively furthering fair housing, jurisdictions that have long term planning documents for housing growth or redevelopment, or revitalization plans, should consider allowing or encouraging mixed income affordable housing in the plan and provide incentives for development of this type of housing in areas that are not concentrated. The County will conduct a Fair Housing Review after the State provides suggested guidelines.,

Action 3:

Local jurisdictions seeking CDBG Disaster Recovery funds from the state should consider offering expedited permitting and review processes for affordable housing projects within high opportunity target zones. The County will review processes.

Impediment 8:

Inadequate planning for re-housing after an emergency situations creates a situation where persons who are uninsured or under-insured, low income, or special needs can be displaced for long periods of time.

Action 1:

Some legislators, the Sunset Commission, and communities acknowledge that while temporary disaster housing is a federal program, Texas should continue to provide guidance to local governments on additional planning that needs to be done as part of the emergency preparedness planning to most efficiently work with FEMA.

Action 2:

As much of what FEMA has previously offered is travel trailers or manufactured housing, local governments should review their zoning

requirements or other land use provisions that restrict temporary housing or housing on an existing lot during the building process and look at potential waivers that do not risk or negatively impact health, safety, and welfare during a period after disasters so that low income persons can move back to their existing communities with temporary housing while waiting for redevelopment. The County will review any zoning and potential waivers.

Impediment 9: There are impediments in public and private actions and private attitudes to housing choice for persons with disabilities.

Action 1: To meet federal Fair Housing requirements for zoning and neighborhood uses, jurisdictions should look to determine if there are direct or indirect limitations in codes that would prevent facilities or personal residences from providing assistance or communities of choice or service-enriched environments that directly impact special needs persons. The County will conduct a review and address any impediments identified once guidelines are provided by the State.

Action 2: Local jurisdictions should work to ensure that zoning or code requirements do not unnecessarily impose stricter commercial building requirements, such as emergency access or protection services, on group homes, thereby dramatically increasing housing costs for persons with special needs. The County will conduct a review and address any impediments identified once guidelines are provided by the State.

Action 3: Local jurisdictions should consider coordinating with the legislatively created Housing and Health Services Coordination Council for best practices on working with supportive services. The County will coordinate with the Housing and Health Services Coordination Council.

Impediment 12: Lack of financial resources for both individuals and housing providers limits Fair Housing choice. Using an effective program under Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 may help members of protected classes gain economic opportunities necessary to allow them to exercise fair housing choice.

Action 1: The state is maximizing its resources in Round 2 of the Ike/Dolly funding to affirmatively further fair housing in single family and multi-family developments. As called for in the Conciliation Agreement, the state is looking to provide more integrated housing options for persons in racially concentrated or poverty concentrated neighborhood groups. In single-family programs, the state should require subrecipients to offer the opportunity to relocate out of floodplain areas, concentrations of racial minorities, or concentrations of poverty—through the Homeowner Opportunity Program. Any relocation should be into an area that does not result in simply relocating the high-concentration from one area to another.

Action 2:

Jurisdiction receiving federal funds from HUD, directly or indirectly, should ensure they have a compliant Section 3 program to meet HUD requirements regarding notification to LMI eligible persons of potential job creations at the impacted neighborhood level with federal funds. The County will develop a Section 3 program that meets the requirements of federal law and regulations and that ensure appropriate staff receive training.

Impediment 13: Location and lack of housing accessibility and visitability standards within political jurisdictions limits fair housing choice for persons with disabilities.

Action 1:

Local jurisdictions should consider establishing incentives for affordable housing applicants to create an increased set-aside of housing units for persons with disabilities or persons who are elderly without violating the existing TDHCA integrated housing rule. The County will plan to do a review.

Action 2:

TDHCA and local jurisdictions should consider adding proximity to medical facilities as a scoring incentive for competitive program using federal funds for proximity to medical facilities. The County will plan to do a review.

Action 3:

TDHCA should require that all federally funded housing construction be built to accessibility standards found in Texas Government Code 2306.514. The County will plan to do a review.

Impediment 14: Many colonias residents live in developments that have insufficient infrastructure and protections against flooding and are impacted by flooding beyond events like Hurricane Dolly and Ike.

Action 1:

The state, COGs, and local jurisdictions should examine the infrastructure needs in colonias, in particular the use of CDBG disaster recovery funds to provide drainage improvements to correct flooding problems in the wake of Hurricane Dolly, and the historical provision of public infrastructure and housing assistance to meet those needs in border and non-border colonias. The County has not undertaken the above review, but plans to do so.

Impediment 16: Many jurisdictions do not have adequate Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing or Fair Housing Plans, and do not keep sufficient records of their activities.

Action 1:

Recipients of CDBG funds from HUD for housing should maintain records as required by the Fair Housing Act, HUD regulations, and the Conciliation Agreement in order to document that they are carrying out their commitments and affirmatively furthering fair housing. The County had not done so but will be compliance with TDRA and TDHCA.

Action 2:

As required under the Conciliation Agreement, the State will conduct a new Statewide AI after HUD approval of the Phase 1 AI. Entitlement communities should conduct new AIs or update current AIs to ensure that they address all recommended data and issues and specifically address issues related to all protected classes under the Fair Housing Act. Race and national origin, as well as the other protected classes, must be identified independent of low and moderated income categories in order to understand the impact of actions, practices, and regulations, ordinances, and other factors on them. The County is using the FHAST form process to analyze our impediments to fair housing and plan how to address them.

FHAST SUMMARY

FY 2015 appendices